

Dual, 200-mA, Low-I_Q Low-Dropout Regulator for Portable Devices

Check for Samples: TLV7103318-Q1, TLV7101828-Q1

FEATURES

- Qualified for Automotive Applications
- AEC-Q100 Qualified With the Following Results:
 - Device Temperature Grade 1: –40°C to 125°C Ambient Operating Temperature Range
 - Device HBM ESD Classification Level H2
 - Device CDM ESD Classification Level C4B
- Very Low Dropout:
 - 150 mV at I_{OUT} = 200 mA and V_{OUT} = 2.8 V
 - 75 mV at I_{OUT} = 100 mA and V_{OUT} = 2.8 V
 - 40 mV at $I_{OUT} = 50$ mA and $V_{OUT} = 2.8$ V
- 2% Accuracy Over Temperature
- Low I_O of 35 μA per Regulator
- Multiple Fixed-Output Voltage Combinations Possible from 1.2 V to 4.8 V
- High PSRR: 70 dB at 1kHz
- Stable With Effective Capacitance of 0.1 µF⁽¹⁾
- Overcurrent and Thermal Protection
- Dedicated V_{REF} for Each Output Minimizes Crosstalk
- Available in 1.5mm × 1.5mm SON-6 Package
- (1) See the *Input and Output Capacitor Requirements* in the *Application Information* section

APPLICATIONS

- Automotive Applications
- Wireless Handsets, Smart Phones, PDAs
- MP3 Players and Other Handheld Products DESCRIPTION

The TLV7103318-Q1 and TLV7101828-Q1 family of dual, low-dropout (LDO) linear regulators are low quiescent current devices with excellent line and load transient performance. These LDOs are designed for power-sensitive applications. These devices provide a typical accuracy of 2% over temperature.

The TLV7103318-Q1 and TLV7101828-Q1 family are available in a 1,5-mm × 1,5-mm SON-6 package, and are ideal for handheld applications.

TLV7103318-Q1 TLV7101828-Q1 1,5-mm × 1,5-mm SON-6 (TOP VIEW)

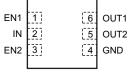
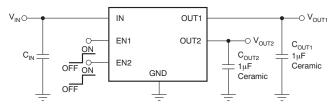


Figure 1. Typical Application Circuit









This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

DEVICE DETAILS

PRODUCT	V _{OUT} ⁽¹⁾
TLV710xxyyqwwwz	XX is nominal output voltage of channel 1 (for example 18 = 1.8 V).
	YY is nominal output voltage of channel 2 (for example 28 = 2.8V).
	Q is optional. Use "U" for devices with EN pin pull-up resistor, and "D" for devices with EN pin pull-down resistor.
	WWW is package designator.
	Z is package quantity. Use "R" for reel (3000 pieces), and "T" for tape (250 pieces).

(1) Output voltages from 1.2V to 4.8V in 50mV increments are available through the use of innovative factory OTP programming; minimum order quantities may apply. Contact factory for details and availability.

ORDERING INFORMATION(1)

ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	T _A	PACK	AGE ⁽²⁾	TOP-SIDE MARKING
TLV7103318QDSERQ1	40°C +- 40°C	WCON DCE	Daal of 2000	ZD
TLV7101828QDSERQ1	–40°C to 125°C	WSON-DSE	Reel of 3000	СР

⁽¹⁾ For the most-current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or visit the device product folder on www.ti.com.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)

At $T_A = -40$ °C to 125°C (unless otherwise noted).

		VALU	E	
		MIN	MAX	UNIT
	IN	-0.3	6	V
Voltage (2)	EN	-0.3	V _{IN} 0.3	V
	OUT	-0.3	6	V
Current	OUT	Internally I	Α	
Output short-circuit duration		Indefinite		S
	Operating ambient, T _A	-40	125	°C
Temperature	Junction, T _J		150	°C
	Storage, T _{stg}	– 55	150	°C
	Human-Body Model (HBM) AEC-Q100 Classification Level H2		2	kV
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) rating	Charged-Device Model (CDM) AEC-Q100 Classification Level C4B		750	V

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods my affect device reliability.

(2) All voltages with respect to ground.

Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging.



THERMAL INFORMATION

		TLV7103318-Q1, TLV7101828-Q1	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	DSE	UNIT
		6 PINS	
θ_{JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (2)	190.5	°C/W
θ_{JCtop}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance (3)	94.9	°C/W
θ_{JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance ⁽⁴⁾	149.3	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter (5)	6.4	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter (6)	152.8	°C/W
θ_{JCbot}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance (7)	N/A	°C/W

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.
- (2) The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance under natural convection is obtained in a simulation on a JEDEC-standard, high-K board, as specified in JESD51-7, in an environment described in JESD51-2a.
- (3) The junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance is obtained by simulating a cold plate test on the package top. No specific JEDEC-standard test exists, but a close description can be found in the ANSI SEMI standard G30-88.
- (4) The junction-to-board thermal resistance is obtained by simulating in an environment with a ring cold plate fixture to control the PCB temperature, as described in JESD51-8.
- (5) The junction-to-top characterization parameter, ψ_{JT}, estimates the junction temperature of a device in a real system and is extracted from the simulation data for obtaining θ_{JA}, using a procedure described in JESD51-2a (sections 6 and 7).
- (6) The junction-to-board characterization parameter, ψ_{JB}, estimates the junction temperature of a device in a real system and is extracted from the simulation data for obtaining θ_{JA}, using a procedure described in JESD51-2a (sections 6 and 7).
- (7) The junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance is obtained by simulating a cold plate test on the exposed (power) pad. No specific JEDEC standard test exists, but a close description can be found in the ANSI SEMI standard G30-88.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

At $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to 125°C, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(TYP)} + 0.5$ V or 2 V (whichever is greater), $I_{OUT} = 10$ mA, $V_{EN1} = V_{EN2} = 0.9$ V, and $C_{OUT1} = C_{OUT2} = 1$ μ F, unless otherwise noted.

				TLV710xxx8-Q1			
	PARAMETER	Т	EST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Input voltage range			2		5.5	V
Vo	Output voltage range			1.2		4.8	V
V _{OUT}	DC output accuracy	-40°C ≤ T _A ≤ 125	°C	-2		2	%
$\Delta V_{O}/\Delta V_{IN}$	Line regulation	V _{OUT(NOM)} + 0.5 V	≤ V _{IN} ≤		1	5	mV
$\Delta V_O / \Delta I_{OUT}$	Load regulation	0 mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 200) mA		5	15	mV
		$V_{IN} = 0.98 \text{ V} \times V_{O}$ 2V \le V_{OUT} < 2.4V	$I_{\text{OUT}(\text{NOM})}$, $I_{\text{OUT}} = 200 \text{ mA}$,		200	285	mV
V	Dropout voltage	$V_{IN} = 0.98 \text{ V} \times V_{O}$ 2.4 V \le V_{OUT} < 2.5	$V_{IN} = 0.98 \text{ V} \times V_{OUT(NOM)}, I_{OUT} = 200 \text{ mA}, $ 2.4 V \le V_{OUT} < 2.8 V			250	mV
V _{DO} Di	Dropout voltage	$V_{IN} = 0.98 \text{ V} \times V_{O}$ 2.8 V \le V_{OUT} < 3.3	$V_{IN} = 0.98 \text{ V} \times V_{OUT(NOM)}, I_{OUT} = 200 \text{ mA},$ 2.8 V $\leq V_{OUT} < 3.3 \text{ V}$			215	mV
		$V_{IN} = 0.98 \text{ V} \times V_{O}$ 3.3 V \le V_{OUT} \le 4.8		140	200	mV	
I _{CL}	Output current limit	$V_{OUT} = 0.9V \times V_{O}$	UT(NOM)	220	350	550	mA
		$V_{EN1} = high, V_{EN2}$	= low, $I_{OUT1} = 0 \text{ mA}$		35		μΑ
I_Q	Quiescent current	$V_{EN1} = Iow, V_{EN2} = V_{EN2} =$	= high, I _{OUT2} = 0 mA		35		μΑ
		$V_{EN1} = high, V_{EN2}$	= high, $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$		70	110	μΑ
I_{GND}	Ground pin current	$I_{OUT1} = I_{OUT2} = 20$	0mA		360		μΑ
I _{SHUTDOWN}	Shutdown current	$V_{EN1,2} \le 0.4 \text{ V}, 2 \text{ V}$	$V \le V_{IN} \le 4.5 \text{ V}$		2.5	4	μΑ
			f = 10 Hz		80		dB
			f = 100 Hz		75		dB
PSRR	Power-supply rejection ratio	V _{OUT} = 1.8 V	f = 1k Hz		70		dB
			f = 10 kHz		70		dB
			f = 100 kHz		50		dB
V _N	Output noise voltage	BW = 100 Hz to 1	00 kHz, V _{OUT} = 1.8 V		48		μV _{RN}
t _{STR}	Startup time ⁽¹⁾	$C_{OUT} = 1 \mu F, I_{OUT}$	= 200 mA		100		μs

(1) Startup time = time from EN assertion to 0.98 x V_{OUT(NOM)}.



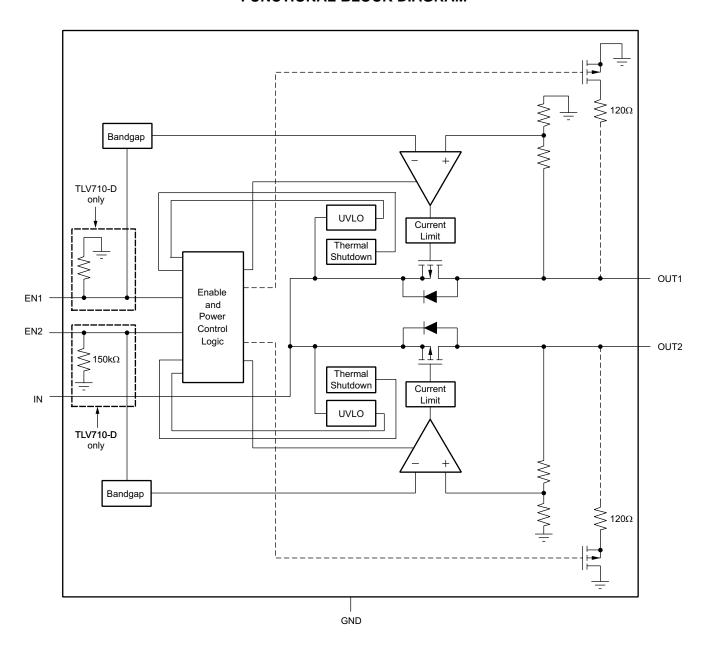
RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (continued)

At $T_A = -40$ °C to 125 °C, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(TYP)} + 0.5$ V or 2 V (whichever is greater), $I_{OUT} = 10$ mA, $V_{EN1} = V_{EN2} = 0.9$ V, and $C_{OUT1} = C_{OUT2} = 1$ μ F, unless otherwise noted.

			TLV7	TLV710xxx8-Q1			
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
V_{HI}	Enable high (enabled)		0.9		V_{IN}	V	
V_{LO}	Enable low (shutdown)		0		0.4	V	
	Enable his current enabled	TLV7103318-Q1, TLV7101828-Q1		0.04		μΑ	
I _{EN}	Enable pin current, enabled	TLV710-D		6		μΑ	
UVLO	Undervoltage lockout	V _{IN} rising		1.9		V	
T _A	Operating ambient temperature		-40		125	°C	
_	Thermal shutdown temperature	Shutdown, temperature increasing		165		°C	
T _{SD}	Thermal shutdown temperature	Reset, temperature decreasing		145		°C	



FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM





PIN CONFIGURATION

DSE PACKAGE 1.5mm x 1.5mm SON-6 (TOP VIEW)



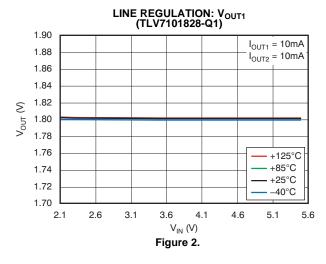
PIN DESCRIPTIONS

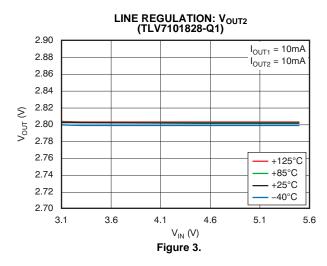
NAME	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
EN1	1	Enable pin for regulator 1. Driving EN1 over 0.9V turns on regulator 1. Driving EN below 0.4V puts regulator 1 into shutdown mode.
IN	2	Input pin. A small capacitor is needed from this pin to ground to assure stability. See <i>Input and Output Capacitor Requirements</i> in the <i>Application Information</i> section for more details.
EN2	3	Enable pin for regulator 2. Driving EN2 over 0.9V turns on regulator 2. Driving EN2 below 0.4V puts regulator2 into shutdown mode.
GND	4	Ground pin.
OUT2	5	Regulated output voltage pin. A small 1µF ceramic capacitor is needed from this pin to ground to assure stability. See <i>Input and Output Capacitor Requirements</i> in the <i>Application Information</i> section for more details.
OUT1	6	Regulated output voltage pin. A small 1µF ceramic capacitor is needed from this pin to ground to assure stability. See <i>Input and Output Capacitor Requirements</i> in the <i>Application Information</i> section for more details.

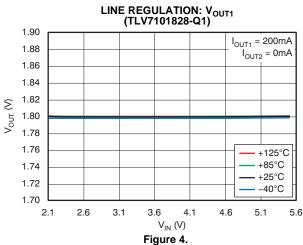


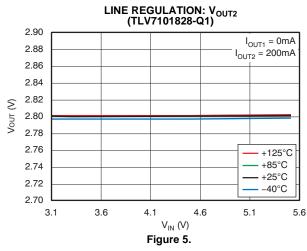
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

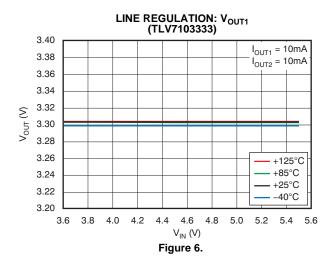
Over operating temperature range of $T_A = -40$ °C to 125°C, $V_{EN1} = V_{EN2} = V_{IN}$, $C_{IN} = 1~\mu F$, $C_{OUT1} = 1~\mu F$, and $C_{OUT2} = 1~\mu F$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = 25$ °C.

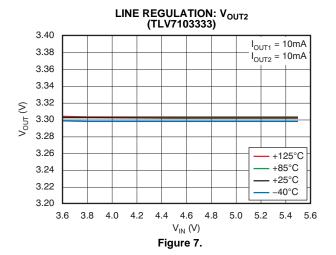






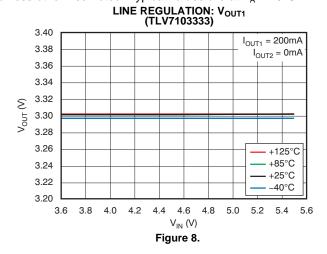


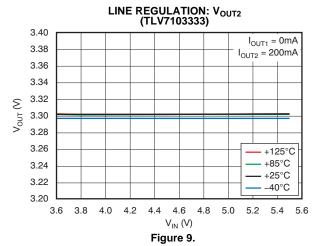


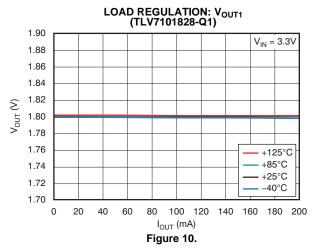


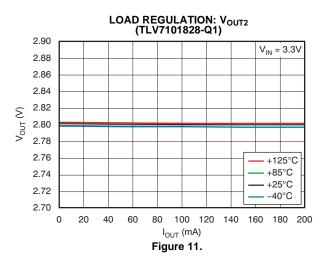


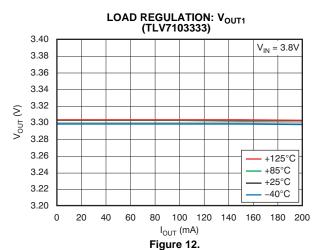
Over operating temperature range of $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C, $V_{EN1} = V_{EN2} = V_{IN}$, $C_{IN} = 1~\mu F$, $C_{OUT1} = 1~\mu F$, and $C_{OUT2} = 1~\mu F$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.

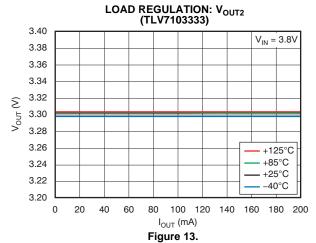






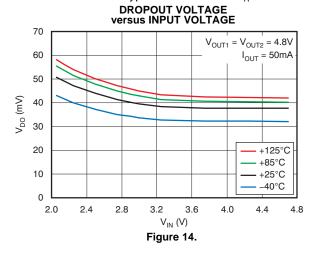


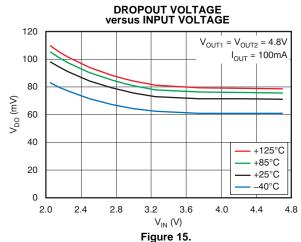


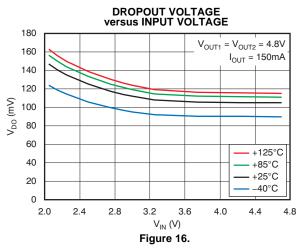


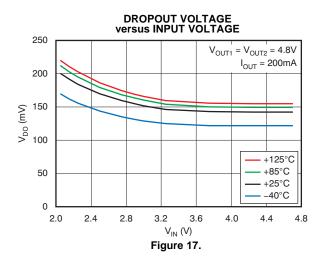


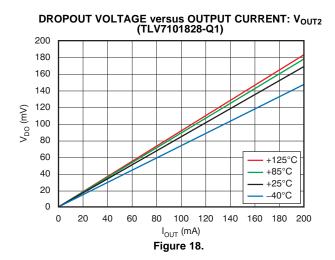
Over operating temperature range of $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C, $V_{EN1} = V_{EN2} = V_{IN}$, $C_{IN} = 1~\mu F$, $C_{OUT1} = 1~\mu F$, and $C_{OUT2} = 1~\mu F$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.

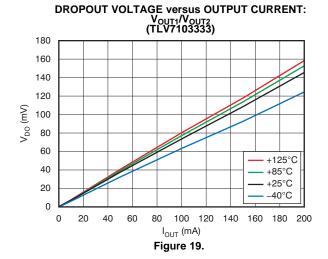






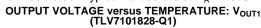








Over operating temperature range of $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C, $V_{EN1} = V_{EN2} = V_{IN}$, $C_{IN} = 1~\mu F$, $C_{OUT1} = 1~\mu F$, and $C_{OUT2} = 1~\mu F$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.



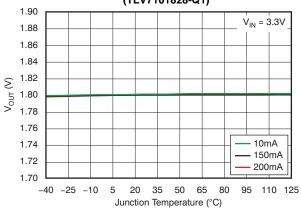


Figure 20.

OUTPUT VOLTAGE versus TEMPERATURE: V_{OUT2} (TLV7101828-Q1)

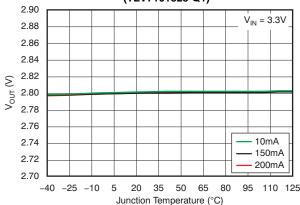


Figure 21.

OUTPUT VOLTAGE versus TEMPERATURE: V_{OUT1} (TLV7103333)

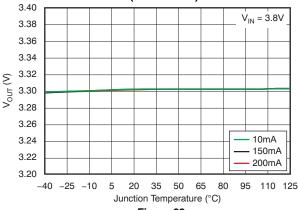


Figure 22.

OUTPUT VOLTAGE versus TEMPERATURE: V_{OUT2} (TLV7103333)

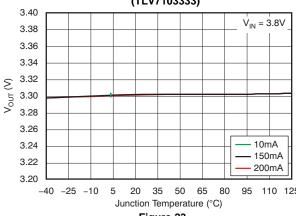
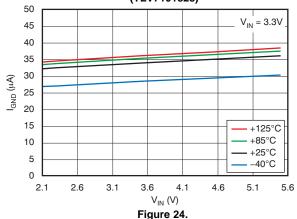


Figure 23.

GROUND PIN CURRENT versus INPUT VOLTAGE: I_{Q1} (TLV7101828)



GROUND PIN CURRENT versus INPUT VOLTAGE: I_{Q2} (TLV7101828)

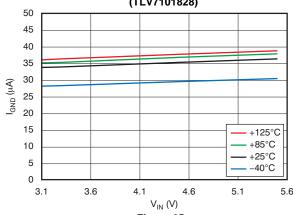
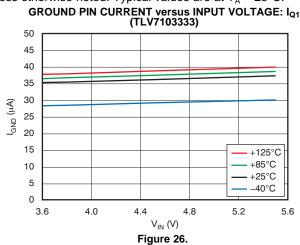


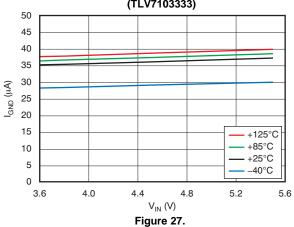
Figure 25.



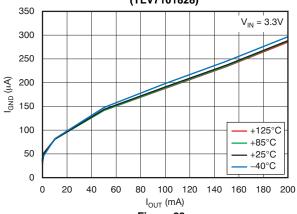
Over operating temperature range of $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C, $V_{EN1} = V_{EN2} = V_{IN}$, $C_{IN} = 1~\mu F$, $C_{OUT1} = 1~\mu F$, and $C_{OUT2} = 1~\mu F$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.



GROUND PIN CURRENT versus INPUT VOLTAGE: I_{Q2} (TLV7103333)







GROUND PIN CURRENT versus LOAD: IQ2

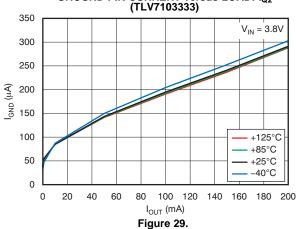
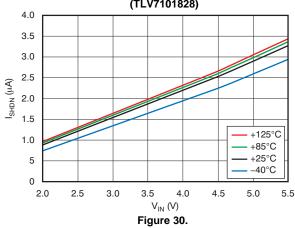


Figure 28.

SHUTDOWN CURRENT versus INPUT VOLTAGE (TLV7101828)



SHUTDOWN CURRENT versus INPUT VOLTAGE (TLV7103333)

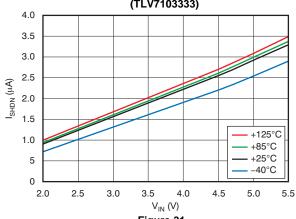
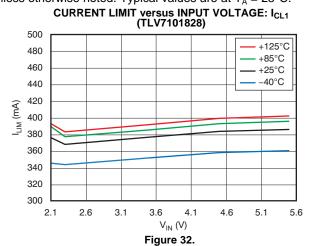
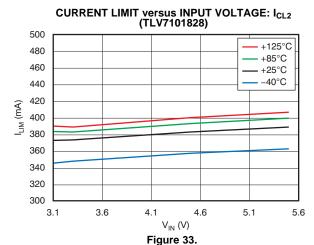


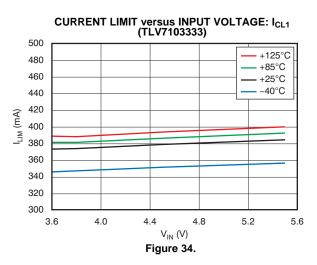
Figure 31.

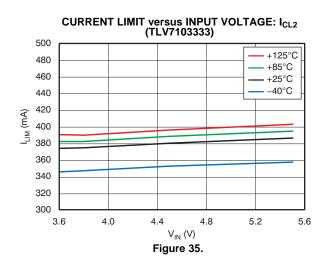


Over operating temperature range of $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C, $V_{EN1} = V_{EN2} = V_{IN}$, $C_{IN} = 1~\mu F$, $C_{OUT1} = 1~\mu F$, and $C_{OUT2} = 1~\mu F$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = 25$ °C.

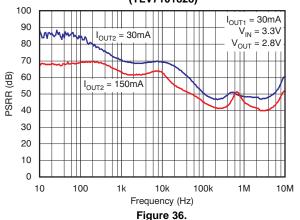


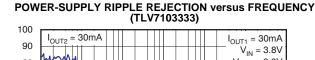












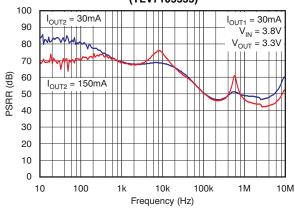


Figure 37.



Over operating temperature range of $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C, $V_{EN1} = V_{EN2} = V_{IN}$, $C_{IN} = 1~\mu F$, $C_{OUT1} = 1~\mu F$, and $C_{OUT2} = 1~\mu F$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.

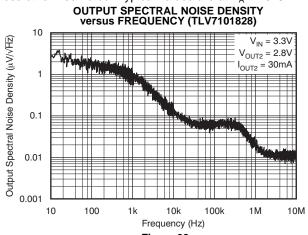


Figure 38.

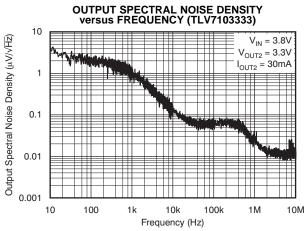
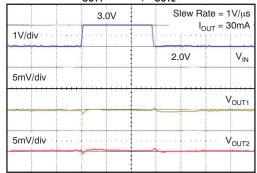


Figure 39.

LINE TRANSIENT RESPONSE V_{OUT1} = 1.2 V, V_{OUT2} = 1.2 V



Time (200 μ s/div) Figure 40.

div)



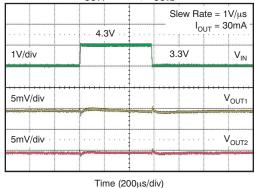
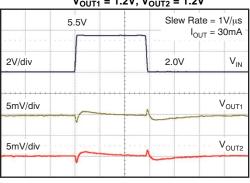


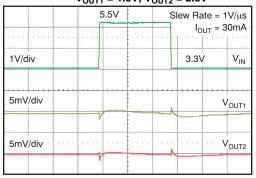
Figure 42.

LINE TRANSIENT RESPONSE $V_{OUT1} = 1.2V$, $V_{OUT2} = 1.2V$



Time (200µs/div) Figure 41.

LINE TRANSIENT RESPONSE $V_{OUT1} = 1.8V, V_{OUT2} = 2.8V$



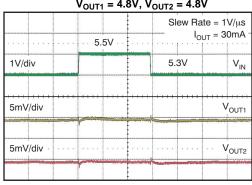
Time (200µs/div)

Figure 43.



Over operating temperature range of $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C, $V_{EN1} = V_{EN2} = V_{IN}$, $C_{IN} = 1~\mu F$, $C_{OUT1} = 1~\mu F$, and $C_{OUT2} = 1~\mu F$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.

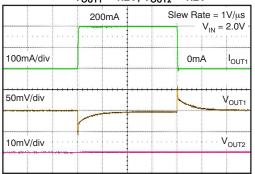
LINE TRANSIENT RESPONSE V_{OUT1} = 4.8V, V_{OUT2} = 4.8V



Time (200µs/div)

Figure 44.

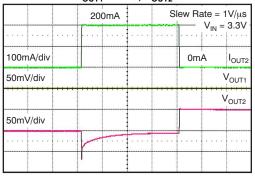
LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE AND CROSSTALK V_{OUT1} = 1.2V, V_{OUT2} = 1.2V



Time (50µs/div)

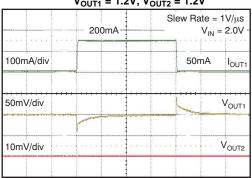
Figure 45.

LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE AND CROSSTALK V_{OUT1} = 1.8V, V_{OUT2} = 2.8V



Time (50μs/div)
Figure 47.

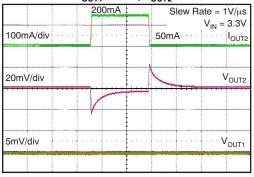
LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE AND CROSSTALK V_{OUT1} = 1.2V, V_{OUT2} = 1.2V



Time (50µs/div)

Figure 46.

LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE AND CROSSTALK $V_{OUT1} = 1.8V, \, V_{OUT2} = 2.8V$

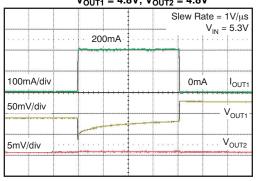


Time (50µs/div)
Figure 48.



Over operating temperature range of $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C, $V_{EN1} = V_{EN2} = V_{IN}$, $C_{IN} = 1~\mu F$, $C_{OUT1} = 1~\mu F$, and $C_{OUT2} = 1~\mu F$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.

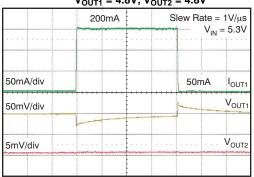
LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE AND CROSSTALK V_{OUT1} = 4.8V, V_{OUT2} = 4.8V



Time (50µs/div)

Figure 49.

LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE AND CROSSTALK V_{OUT1} = 4.8V, V_{OUT2} = 4.8V



Time (50µs/div)

Figure 50.

V_{IN} RAMP UP, RAMP DOWN RESPONSE $V_{OUT1} = 1.2V$, $V_{OUT2} = 1.2V$

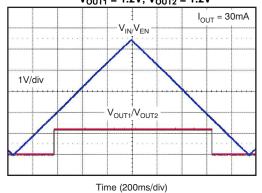
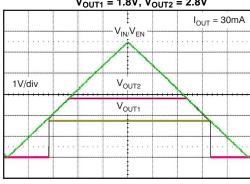


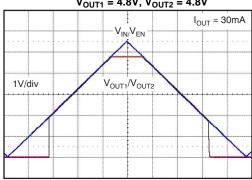
Figure 51.

V_{IN} RAMP UP, RAMP DOWN RESPONSE $V_{OUT1} = 1.8V$, $V_{OUT2} = 2.8V$



Time (200ms/div) **Figure 52.**

V_{IN} RAMP UP, RAMP DOWN RESPONSE V_{OUT1} = 4.8V, V_{OUT2} = 4.8V



Time (200ms/div)

Figure 53.



APPLICATION INFORMATION

The TLV7103318-Q1 and TLV7101828-Q1 devices belong to a new family of next-generation, value LDO regulators. These devices consume low quiescent current and deliver excellent line and load transient performance. These features, combined with low noise, very good PSRR with little ($V_{\rm IN}$ to $V_{\rm OUT}$) headroom, make these devices ideal for RF portable applications. This family of LDO regulators offers current limit and thermal protection, and is specified from -40°C to 125°C.

INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITOR REQUIREMENTS

1.0µF X5R- and X7R-type ceramic capacitors are recommended because they have minimal variation in value and equivalent series resistance (ESR) over temperature.

However, the TLV7103318-Q1 and TLV7101828-Q1 are designed to be stable with an effective capacitance of 0.1 μF or larger at the output. Thus, the device would also be stable with capacitors of other dielectrics, as long as the effective capacitance under operating bias voltage and temperature is greater than 0.1 μF . This effective capacitance refers to the capacitance that the device sees under operating bias voltage and temperature conditions (that is, the capacitance after taking bias voltage and temperature derating into consideration.)

In addition to allowing the use of cost-effective dielectrics, these devices also enable using smaller footprint capacitors that have a higher derating in size-constrained applications.

Note that using a 0.1- μ F rating capacitor at the output of the LDO regulator does not ensure stability because the effective capacitance under operating conditions would be less than 0.1 μ F. The maximum ESR should be less than 200 m Ω .

Although an input capacitor is not required for stability, it is good analog design practice to connect a 0.1 µF to 1.0 µF low ESR capacitor across the IN and GND pins of the regulator. This capacitor counteracts reactive input sources and improves transient response, noise rejection, and ripple rejection. A higher-value capacitor may be necessary if large, fast-rise-time load transients are anticipated, or if the device is not located near the power source. If source impedance is more than $2\Omega,$ a $0.1 \mu F$ input capacitor may be necessary to ensure stability.

BOARD LAYOUT RECOMMENDATIONS TO

IMPROVE PSRR AND NOISE PERFORMANCE

Input and output capacitors should be placed as close to the device pins as possible. To improve ac performance such as PSRR, output noise, and transient response, it is recommended that the board be designed with separate ground planes for V_{IN} and $V_{\text{OUT}},$ with the ground plane connected only at the GND pin of the device. In addition, the ground connection for the output capacitor should be connected directly to the GND pin of the device. High ESR capacitors may degrade PSRR.

INTERNAL CURRENT LIMIT

The TLV7103318-Q1 and TLV7101828-Q1 internal current limits help protect the regulator during fault conditions. During current limit, the output sources a fixed amount of current that is largely independent of output voltage. In such a case, the output voltage is not regulated, and is $V_{OUT} = I_{LIMIT} \times R_{LOAD}$.

The PMOS pass transistor dissipates ($V_{\rm IN}-V_{\rm OUT}$) x $I_{\rm LIMIT}$ until thermal shutdown is triggered and the device is turned off. As the device cools down, it is turned on by the internal thermal shutdown circuit. If the fault condition continues, the device cycles between current limit and thermal shutdown. See the *Thermal Information* section for more details. The PMOS pass element in the TLV7103318-Q1 and TLV7101828-Q1 has a built-in body diode that conducts current when the voltage at OUT exceeds the voltage at IN. This current is not limited, so if extended reverse voltage operation is anticipated, external limiting to 5% of rated output current is recommended.

SHUTDOWN

The enable pin (EN) is active high. The device is enabled when EN pin goes above 0.9V. This relatively lower value of voltage needed to turn the LDO regulator on can be used to enable the device with the GPIO of recent processors whose GPIO voltage is lower than traditional microcontrollers.

The device is turned off when the EN pin is held at less than 0.4 V. When shutdown capability is not required, the EN pin can be connected to the IN pin.

DROPOUT VOLTAGE

The TLV7103318-Q1 and TLV7101828-Q1 use a PMOS pass transistor to achieve low dropout. When $(V_{IN}-V_{OUT})$ is less than the dropout voltage (V_{DO}) , the PMOS pass device is in the linear region of operation and the input-to-output resistance is the $R_{DS(ON)}$ of the PMOS pass element. V_{DO} scales approximately with the output current because the PMOS device behaves as a resistor in dropout.

www.ti.com

As with any linear regulator, PSRR and transient response are degraded as $(V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{OUT}})$ approaches dropout.

TRANSIENT RESPONSE

As with any regulator, increasing the size of the output capacitor reduces over/undershoot magnitude but increases duration of the transient response.

The TLV7103318-Q1 and TLV7101828-Q1 each have a dedicated V_{REF} . Consequently, crosstalk from one channel to the other as a result of transients is close to 0V.

UNDERVOLTAGE LOCKOUT (UVLO)

The TLV7103318-Q1and TLV7101828-Q1 use an undervoltage lockout circuit to keep the output shut off until the internal circuitry is operating properly.

THERMAL INFORMATION

Thermal protection disables the output when the junction temperature rises to approximately 165°C, allowing the device to cool. When the junction temperature cools to approximately 145°C, the output circuitry is again enabled. Depending on power dissipation, thermal resistance, and ambient temperature, the thermal protection circuit may cycle on and off. This cycling limits the dissipation of the regulator, protecting it from damage as a result of overheating.

Any tendency to activate the thermal protection circuit indicates excessive power dissipation or an inadequate heatsink. For reliable operation, junction temperature should be limited to 125°C maximum. To estimate the margin of safety in a complete design (including heatsink), increase the ambient temperature until the thermal protection is triggered;

use worst-case loads and signal conditions. For good reliability, thermal protection should trigger at least 35°C above the maximum expected ambient condition of the particular application. This configuration produces a worst-case junction temperature of 125°C at the highest expected ambient temperature and worst-case load.

The internal protection circuitry of the TLV7103318-Q1 and TLV7101828-Q1 has been designed to protect against overload conditions. It was not intended to replace proper heatsinking. Continuously running the TLV710-Q1 into thermal shutdown degrades device reliability.

POWER DISSIPATION

The ability to remove heat from a die is different for each package type, presenting different considerations in the printed circuit board (PCB) layout. The PCB area around the device that is free of other components moves the heat from the device to the ambient air.

Performance data for the TLV710-Q1 evaluation module (EVM) are shown in Table 1. The EVM is a 2-layer board with 2 ounces of copper per side. The dimension and layout are shown in Figure 54 and Figure 55. Using heavier copper increases the effectiveness of removing heat from the device. The addition of plated through-holes in the heat-dissipating layer also improves the heatsink effectiveness. Power dissipation depends on input voltage and load conditions.

Power dissipation (P_D) is equal to the product of the output current and the voltage drop across the output pass element, as shown in Equation 1:

$$P_{D} = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT}$$
 (1)

PACKAGE MOUNTING

Solder pad footprint recommendations for the TLV7103318-Q1 and TLV7101828-Q1 are available from the Texas Instruments Web site at www.ti.com. The recommended land pattern for the DSE (SON-6) package is shown in .

Table 1. TLV7103318-Q1 and TLV7101828-Q1 EVM Dissipation Ratings

PACKAGE	$R_{\theta JA}$	T _A < 25°C	$T_A = 85^{\circ}C$	T _A = 125°C
DSE	170°C/W	585 mW	235 mW	mW



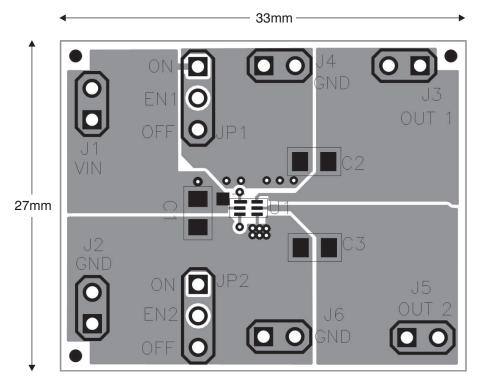


Figure 54. Top Layer

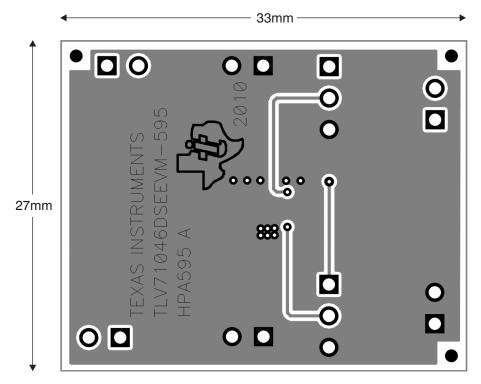


Figure 55. Bottom Layer



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

29-Jun-2017

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TLV7101828QDSERQ1	ACTIVE	WSON	DSE	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	СР	Samples
TLV7103318QDSERQ1	ACTIVE	WSON	DSE	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	ZD	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

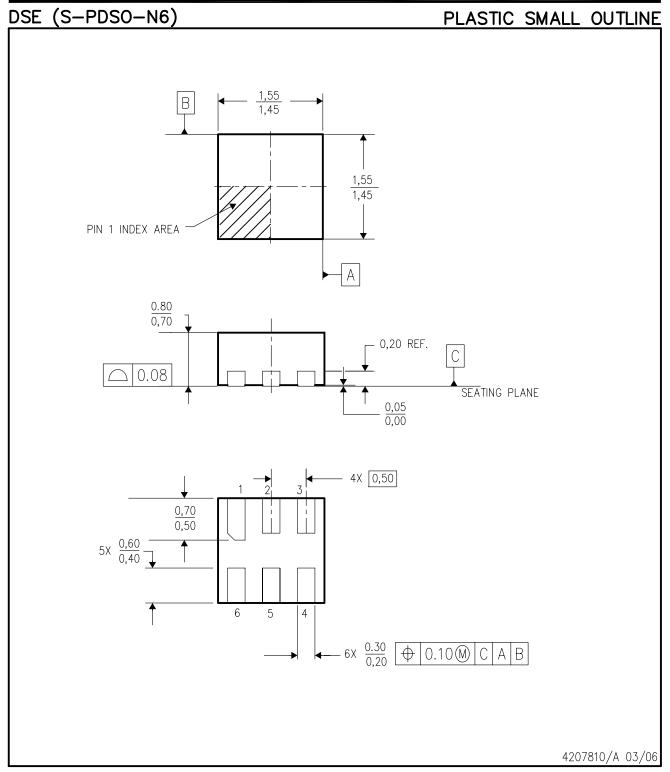
29-Jun-2017

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TLV710-Q1:

www.ti.com

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

• Catalog - TI's standard catalog product



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Small Outline No-Lead (SON) package configuration.
- D. This package is lead-free.



IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated (TI) reserves the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its semiconductor products and services per JESD46, latest issue, and to discontinue any product or service per JESD48, latest issue. Buyers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete.

TI's published terms of sale for semiconductor products (http://www.ti.com/sc/docs/stdterms.htm) apply to the sale of packaged integrated circuit products that TI has qualified and released to market. Additional terms may apply to the use or sale of other types of TI products and services.

Reproduction of significant portions of TI information in TI data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. TI is not responsible or liable for such reproduced documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions. Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Buyers and others who are developing systems that incorporate TI products (collectively, "Designers") understand and agree that Designers remain responsible for using their independent analysis, evaluation and judgment in designing their applications and that Designers have full and exclusive responsibility to assure the safety of Designers' applications and compliance of their applications (and of all TI products used in or for Designers' applications) with all applicable regulations, laws and other applicable requirements. Designer represents that, with respect to their applications, Designer has all the necessary expertise to create and implement safeguards that (1) anticipate dangerous consequences of failures, (2) monitor failures and their consequences, and (3) lessen the likelihood of failures that might cause harm and take appropriate actions. Designer agrees that prior to using or distributing any applications that include TI products, Designer will thoroughly test such applications and the functionality of such TI products as used in such applications.

TI's provision of technical, application or other design advice, quality characterization, reliability data or other services or information, including, but not limited to, reference designs and materials relating to evaluation modules, (collectively, "TI Resources") are intended to assist designers who are developing applications that incorporate TI products; by downloading, accessing or using TI Resources in any way, Designer (individually or, if Designer is acting on behalf of a company, Designer's company) agrees to use any particular TI Resource solely for this purpose and subject to the terms of this Notice.

TI's provision of TI Resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable published warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products, and no additional obligations or liabilities arise from TI providing such TI Resources. TI reserves the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its TI Resources. TI has not conducted any testing other than that specifically described in the published documentation for a particular TI Resource.

Designer is authorized to use, copy and modify any individual TI Resource only in connection with the development of applications that include the TI product(s) identified in such TI Resource. NO OTHER LICENSE, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, BY ESTOPPEL OR OTHERWISE TO ANY OTHER TI INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT, AND NO LICENSE TO ANY TECHNOLOGY OR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT OF TI OR ANY THIRD PARTY IS GRANTED HEREIN, including but not limited to any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information regarding or referencing third-party products or services does not constitute a license to use such products or services, or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of TI Resources may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

TI RESOURCES ARE PROVIDED "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS. TI DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES OR REPRESENTATIONS, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING RESOURCES OR USE THEREOF, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS, TITLE, ANY EPIDEMIC FAILURE WARRANTY AND ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, AND NON-INFRINGEMENT OF ANY THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS. TI SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR AND SHALL NOT DEFEND OR INDEMNIFY DESIGNER AGAINST ANY CLAIM, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY INFRINGEMENT CLAIM THAT RELATES TO OR IS BASED ON ANY COMBINATION OF PRODUCTS EVEN IF DESCRIBED IN TI RESOURCES OR OTHERWISE. IN NO EVENT SHALL TI BE LIABLE FOR ANY ACTUAL, DIRECT, SPECIAL, COLLATERAL, INDIRECT, PUNITIVE, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR EXEMPLARY DAMAGES IN CONNECTION WITH OR ARISING OUT OF TI RESOURCES OR USE THEREOF, AND REGARDLESS OF WHETHER TI HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

Unless TI has explicitly designated an individual product as meeting the requirements of a particular industry standard (e.g., ISO/TS 16949 and ISO 26262), TI is not responsible for any failure to meet such industry standard requirements.

Where TI specifically promotes products as facilitating functional safety or as compliant with industry functional safety standards, such products are intended to help enable customers to design and create their own applications that meet applicable functional safety standards and requirements. Using products in an application does not by itself establish any safety features in the application. Designers must ensure compliance with safety-related requirements and standards applicable to their applications. Designer may not use any TI products in life-critical medical equipment unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special contract specifically governing such use. Life-critical medical equipment is medical equipment where failure of such equipment would cause serious bodily injury or death (e.g., life support, pacemakers, defibrillators, heart pumps, neurostimulators, and implantables). Such equipment includes, without limitation, all medical devices identified by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration as Class III devices and equivalent classifications outside the U.S.

TI may expressly designate certain products as completing a particular qualification (e.g., Q100, Military Grade, or Enhanced Product). Designers agree that it has the necessary expertise to select the product with the appropriate qualification designation for their applications and that proper product selection is at Designers' own risk. Designers are solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such selection.

Designer will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages, costs, losses, and/or liabilities arising out of Designer's non-compliance with the terms and provisions of this Notice.