



TLV3201

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SBOS561A - MARCH 2012 - REVISED JUNE 2012

40-ns, microPOWER, Push-Pull Output Comparators

Check for Samples: TLV3201, TLV3202

FEATURES

- Low Propagation Delay: 40 ns
- Low Quiescent Current: 40 µA per Channel
- Input Common-Mode Range Extends 200 mV • **Beyond Either Rail**
- Low Input Offset Voltage: 1 mV
- **Push-Pull Outputs**
- Supply Range: +2.7 V to +5.5 V
- **Industrial Temperature Range:** -40°C to +125°C
- **Small Packages:** SC70-5, SOT23-5, SOIC-8, MSOP-8

APPLICATIONS

- **Inspection Equipment**
- **Test and Measurement**
- **High-Speed Sampling Systems**
- Telecom
- **Portable Communications**

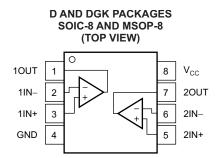
DESCRIPTION

The TLV3201 and TLV3202 are single- and dualchannel comparators that offer the ultimate combination of high-speed (40 ns) and low-power consumption (40 µÅ), all in extremely small packages with features such as rail-to-rail inputs, low offset voltage (1 mV), and large output drive current. The devices are also very easy to implement in a wide variety of applications where response time is critical.

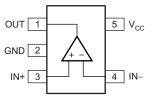
The TLV320x family is available in single (TLV3201) and dual (TLV3202) channel versions, both with push-pull outputs. The TLV3201 is available in SOT23-5 and SC70-5 packages. The TLV3202 is available in SOIC-8 and MSOP-8 packages. All devices are specified for operation across the expanded industrial temperature range of -40°C to +125°C.

RELATED PRODUCTS

DEVICE	DESCRIPTION
TLV3011	5-µA (max) open-drain, 1.8-V to 5.5-V with integrated voltage reference in 1.5-mm × 1.5-mm micro-sized packages
TLV3012	5-µA (max) push-pull, 1.8-V to 5.5-V with integrated voltage reference in micro-sized packages
TLV3501	4.5-ns, rail-to-rail, push-pull comparator in micro- sized packages
LMV7235	75-ns, 65-µA, 2.7-V to 5.5-V, rail-to-rail input comparator with open-drain output
REF3333	30-ppm/°C drift, 3.9-µA, SOT23-3, SC70-3 voltage reference



DCK AND DBV PACKAGES SC70-5 AND SOT23-5 (TOP VIEW)



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TLV3201 TLV3202



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This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

	PACKAGE ORDERING INFORMATION **									
PRODUCT	PACKAGE-LEAD ⁽²⁾	PACKAGE DESIGNATOR	PACKAGE MARKING	ORDERING NUMBER						
TI \/2004	SOT23-5	DBV	RAI	TLV3201AIDBV						
TLV3201	SC70-5	DCK	SDP	TLV3201AIDCK						
TI \/2202	SOIC-8	D	TL3202	TLV3202AID						
TLV3202	MSOP-8	DGK	VUDC	TLV3202AIDGK						

PACKAGE ORDERING INFORMATION⁽¹⁾

(1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or visit the device product folder at www.ti.com.

(2) Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and printed circuit board (PCB) design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS⁽¹⁾

Over operating free-air temperature range, unless otherwise noted.

		VALUE	UNIT
Supply voltage		7	V
	Voltage ⁽²⁾	-0.5 to (V _{CC}) + 0.5	V
Signal input terminals	Current ⁽²⁾	±10	mA
Output short circuit ⁽³⁾		100	mA
Operating temperature range		-55 to +125	°C
Storage temperature range, Tst	g	-65 to +150	°C
Junction temperature, T_J		+150	°C
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) ratings TLV3201	Human body model (HBM)	2000	V
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) ratings TLV3202	Human body model (HBM)	1000	V

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltage values are with respect to the network ground terminal.

(3) Short-circuit to ground.



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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $V_{cc} = 5.0 V$

At T_{A} = +25°C and V_{CC} = 5.0 V, unless otherwise noted.

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
OFFSET V	OLTAGE			1			
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage		$V_{CM} = V_{CC} / 2$		1	5	mV
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			6	mV
dV _{OS} /dT	Input offset voltage drift		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$		1	10	µV/°C
PSRR	Power-supply rejection ra	atio	$V_{CM} = V_{CC} / 2$, $V_{CC} = 2.5$ V to 5.5 V	65	85		dB
	Input hysteresis				1.2		mV
INPUT BIA	S CURRENT						
	Innut biog gurrant		$V_{CM} = V_{CC} / 2$		1	50	pА
I _{IB}	Input bias current		$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			5	nA
			$V_{CM} = V_{CC} / 2$		1	50	pА
I _{IO}	Input offset current		$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			2.5	nA
INPUT VOI	LTAGE RANGE		+	1			
V _{CM}	Common-mode voltage r	ange	$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	(V _{EE}) – 0.2		(V _{CC}) + 0.2	V
CMRR	Common-mode rejection	-	$-0.2 V < V_{CM} < 5.2 V$	60	70	(00,	dB
INPUT IMP							-
	Common-mode				10 ¹³ 2		Ω pF
	Differential				10 ⁻¹ 2		Ω pF
					10.0 4		Ω∥рг
SWITCHIN	G CHARACTERISTICS						
			Input overdrive = 20 mV, C_L = 15 pF		47	50	ns
		Low to high	Input overdrive = 100 mV, C_L = 15 pF		43	50	ns
t _{pd}	Propagation delay time		$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			55	ns
-pu			Input overdrive = 20 mV, C_L = 15 pF		45	50	ns
		High to low	Input overdrive = 100 mV, C_L = 15 pF		42	50	ns
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$			55	ns
	Propagation delay skew		Input overdrive = 20mV, C_L = 15 pF		2		ns
	Propagation delay matching (TLV3202)	High to low, Low to High	Input overdrive = 20 mV, C_L = 15 pF			5	ns
t _r	Rise time		10% to 90%		2.9		ns
t _f	Fall time		10% to 90%		3.7		ns
OUTPUT			-				
			I _{SINK} = 4 mA		175	190	mV
V _{OL}		From lower rail	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			225	mV
	 Voltage output swing 		I _{SOURCE} = 4 mA		120	140	mV
V _{OH}		From upper rail	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			170	mV
			I _{SC} sinking	40	48		mA
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	-	See Typical Curve		mA
I _{SC}	Short-circuit current (per	comparator)	I _{SC} sourcing	52	60		mA
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$		See Typical Curve		mA
POWER SI	UPPLY		1	1			
V _{CC}	Specified voltage			2.7		5.5	V
00					40	50	μA
lQ	Quiescent current		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$		10	65	μA
TEMPERA	TURE						
	Specified range			-40		+125	°C
	Storage range			-65		+150	°C

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $V_{cc} = 2.7 V$

At T_{A} = +25°C and V_{CC} = 2.7 V, unless otherwise noted.

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
OFFSET V	OLTAGE						
V	Input offect veltage		$V_{CM} = V_{CC} / 2$		1	5	mV
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$			6	mV
dV _{OS} /dT	Input offset voltage drift		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$		1	10	µV/°C
PSRR	Power-supply rejection ra	atio	$V_{CM} = V_{CC} / 2$, $V_{CC} = 2.5$ V to 5.5 V	65	85		dB
	Input hysteresis				1.2		mV
INPUT BIA	AS CURRENT						
			$V_{CM} = V_{CC} / 2$		1	50	pА
I _{IB}	Input bias current		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			5	nA
			$V_{CM} = V_{CC} / 2$		1	50	pА
I _{IO}	Input offset current		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to +125°C			2.5	nA
INPUT VO	LTAGE RANGE					2.0	
V _{CM}	Common-mode voltage r	ande	T _A = -40°C to +125°C	(V _{EE}) – 0.2		(V _{CC}) + 0.2	V
CMRR	Common-mode rejection		$-0.2 V < V_{CM} < 2.9 V$	(VEE) 0.2 56	68	(*(() + 0.2	dB
		1000	0.2 V V VCM V 2.0 V	50	00		uр
	Common-mode				10 ¹³ 2		Ω pF
	Differential				10 ¹³ 4		Ω pF
SWITCHIN	IG CHARACTERISTICS						
			Input overdrive = 20 mV, C_L = 15 pF		47	50	ns
		Low to high	Input overdrive = 100 mV, C_L = 15 pF		42	50	ns
t _{pd} Propa	Propagation delay time		$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			55	ns
-pu	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Input overdrive = 20 mV, C_L = 15 pF		40	50	ns
		High to low	Input overdrive = 100 mV, C_L = 15 pF		38	50	ns
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$			55	ns
	Propagation delay skew	-	Input overdrive = 20mV, C_L = 15 pF		2		ns
	Propagation delay matching (TLV3202)	High to low, Low to High	Input overdrive = 20 mV, C_L = 15 pF			5	ns
t _r	Rise time		10% to 90%		4.8		ns
t _f	Fall time		10% to 90%		5.2		ns
OUTPUT							
V		From lower rail	I _{SINK} = 4 mA		230	260	mV
V _{OL}		From lower rall	$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			325	mV
	 Voltage output swing 	From una ca as?	I _{SOURCE} = 4 mA		210	250	mV
V _{OH}		From upper rail	$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			350	mV
	· ·	•	I _{SC} sinking	13	19		mA
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$		See Typical Curve		mA
I _{SC}	Short-circuit current (per	comparator)	I _{SC} sourcing	15	21		mA
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to +125°C		See Typical Curve		mA
POWER S	UPPLY						
V _{CC}	Specified voltage			2.7		5.5	V
					36	46	μA
Ι _Q	Quiescent current		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$			60	μA
TEMPERA	TURE		1	ļ			•
	Specified range			-40		+125	°C
	Storage range			-65		+150	°C



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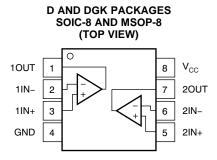
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THERMAL INFORMATION

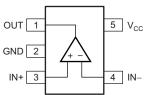
		TLV	3201	TLV	3202	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	DBV (SOT23)	DCK (SC70)	D (SOIC)	DGK (MSOP)	UNITS
		5 PINS	5 PINS	8 PINS	8 PINS	
θ_{JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	237.8	281.9	146.3	201.9	
θ _{JCtop}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	108.7	97.6	97.2	92.5	
θ_{JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	64.1	68.3	84.2	123.3	°C/W
Ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	12.1	2.6	45.5	23.0	°C/vv
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	63.3	67.3	83.7	121.6	
θ_{JCbot}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

PIN CONFIGURATIONS



DCK AND DBV PACKAGES SC70-5 AND SOT23-5 (TOP VIEW)



PIN DESCRIPTIONS: D, DGK

NAME	NO.	DESCRIPTION
1IN-	2	Negative input, comparator 1
1IN+	3	Positive input, comparator 1
10UT	1	Output, comparator 1
2IN-	6	Negative input, comparator 2
2IN+	5	Positive input, comparator 2
20UT	7	Output, comparator 2
GND	4	Negative supply, ground
V _{CC}	8	Positive supply

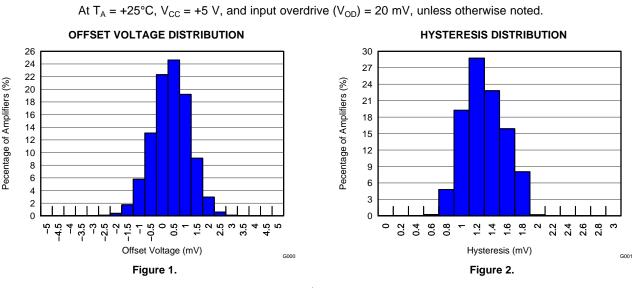
PIN DESCRIPTIONS: DCK, DBV

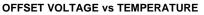
NAME	NO.	DESCRIPTION
OUT	1	Output
GND	2	Negative supply, ground
IN+	3	Positive input
V _{CC}	5	Positive supply
IN–	4	Negative input

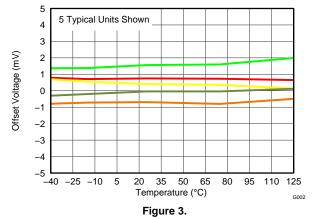
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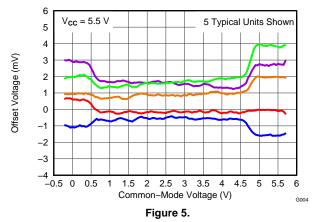
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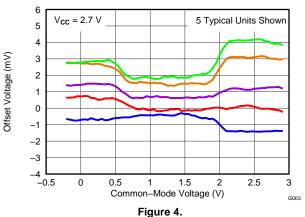


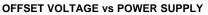


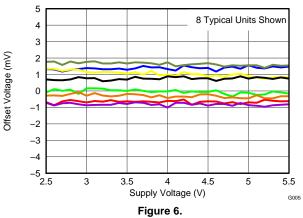
OFFSET VOLTAGE vs COMMON-MODE VOLTAGE



OFFSET VOLTAGE vs COMMON-MODE VOLTAGE







TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

6



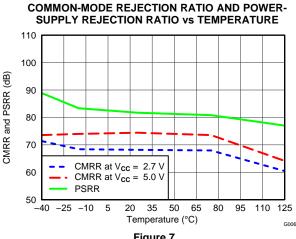
TLV3201

TLV3202



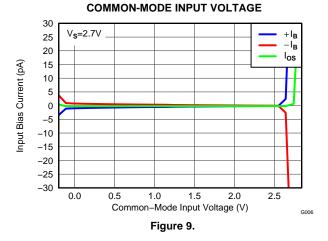
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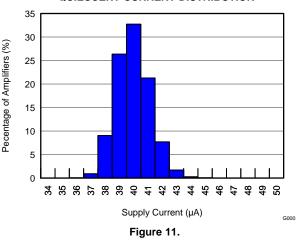
At $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CC} = +5$ V, and input overdrive (V_{OD}) = 20 mV, unless otherwise noted.



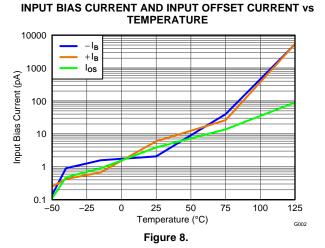




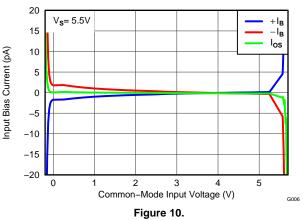




QUIESCENT CURRENT DISTRIBUTION



INPUT BIAS CURRENT AND INPUT OFFSET CURRENT vs **COMMON-MODE INPUT VOLTAGE**



QUIESCENT CURRENT vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE

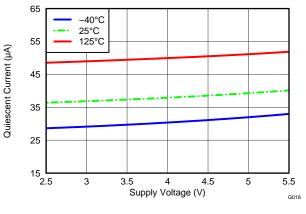


Figure 12.

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TLV3201 TLV3202

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At $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CC} = +5$ V, and input overdrive (V_{OD}) = 20 mV, unless otherwise noted. QUIESCENT CURRENT vs SWITCHING FREQUENCY 10000 C_{LOAD}=10pF CLOAD=20pF CLOAD=50pF Quiescent Current (JuA) 000 U 1-TIL Quiescent Current Per Channel 10 ° 0.1 1 10 100 1000 10000 Frequency (kHz) Figure 13.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

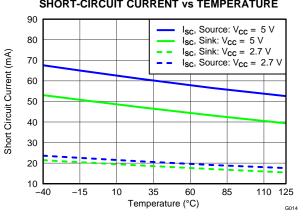
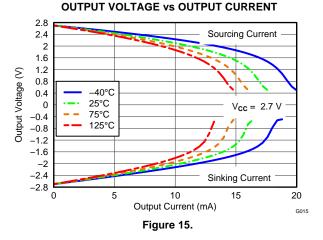
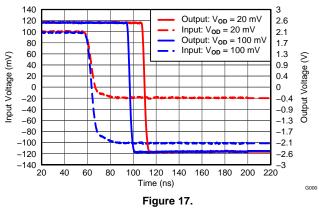


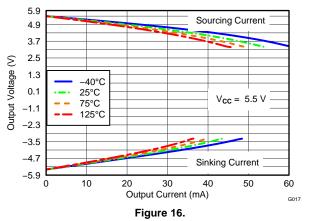
Figure 14.



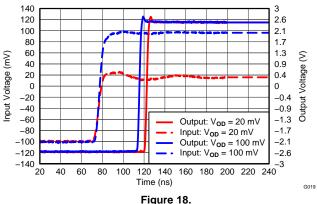




OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs OUTPUT CURRENT







SHORT-CIRCUIT CURRENT vs TEMPERATURE

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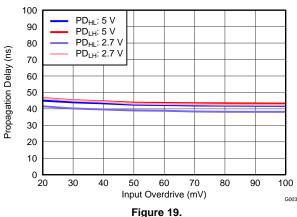
TLV3202

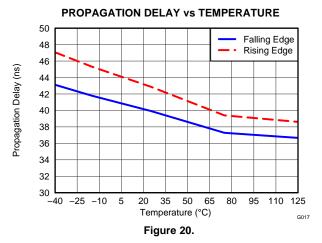
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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

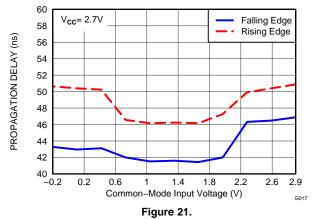
At $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CC} = +5$ V, and input overdrive (V_{OD}) = 20 mV, unless otherwise noted.

PROPAGATION DELAY vs INPUT OVERDRIVE

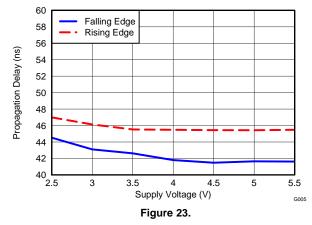




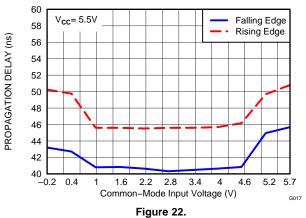
PROPAGATION DELAY vs COMMON-MODE VOLTAGE



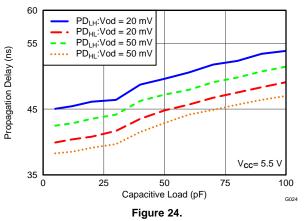




PROPAGATION DELAY vs COMMON-MODE VOLTAGE



PROPAGATION DELAY vs CAPACITIVE LOAD





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APPLICATION INFORMATION

The TLV3201 and TLV3202 are single- and dual-supply (respectively), push-pull comparators featuring 40 ns of propagation delay on only 40 μ A of supply current. This combination of fast response time and minimal power consumption make the TLV3201 and TLV3202 excellent comparators for portable, battery-powered applications as well as fast-switching threshold detection such as pulse-width modulation (PWM) output monitors and zero-cross detection.

COMPARATOR INPUTS

The TLV3201 and TLV3202 are rail-to-rail input comparators, with an input common-mode range that exceeds the supply rails by 200 mV for both positive and negative supplies. The devices are specified from 2.7 V to 5.5 V, with room temperature operation from 2.5 V to 5.5 V. The TLV3201 and TLV3202 are designed to prevent phase inversion when the input pins exceed the supply voltage. Figure 25 shows the TLV320x response when input voltages exceed the supply, resulting in no phase inversion.

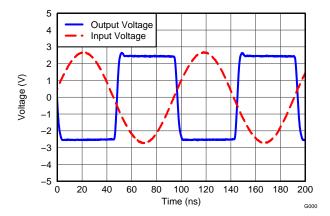


Figure 25. No Phase Inversion: Comparator Response to Input Voltage (Prop Delay Included)

The electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection input structure of two back-to-back diodes and 1-k Ω series resistors are used to limit the differential input voltage applied to the precision input of the comparator by clamping input voltages that exceed V_{CC} beyond the specified operating conditions. If potential overvoltage conditions that exceed absolute maximum ratings are present, the addition of external bypass diodes and resistors is recommended, as shown in Figure 26. Large differential voltages greater than the supply voltage should be avoided to prevent damage to the input stage.

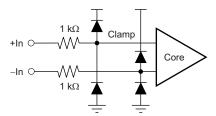


Figure 26. TLV3201 equivalent input structure



TLV3201

TI V3202

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EXTERNAL HYSTERESIS

The TLV3201 and TLV3202 have a hysteresis transfer curve (shown in Figure 27) that is a function of the following three components:

- V_{TH}: the actual set voltage or threshold trip voltage
- V_{OS}: the internal offset voltage between V_{IN+} and V_{IN-}. This voltage is added to V_{TH} to form the actual trip
 point at which the comparator must respond in order to change output states.
- V_{HYST}: internal hysteresis (or trip window) that is designed to reduce comparator sensitivity to noise.

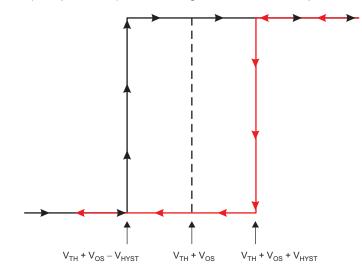


Figure 27. TLV3201 Hysteresis Transfer Curve



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(3)

Inverting Comparator With Hysteresis

The inverting comparator with hysteresis requires a three-resistor network that is referenced to the comparator supply voltage (V_{CC}), as shown in Figure 28. When V_{IN} at the inverting input is less than V_A , the output voltage is high (for simplicity assume V_O switches as high as V_{CC}). The three network resistors can be represented as R1 || R3 in series with R2. The lower input trip voltage (V_{A1}) is defined by Equation 1:

$$V_{A1} = V_{CC} \times \frac{R2}{(R1 \parallel R3) + R2}$$
(1)

When V_{IN} is greater than $[V_A \times (V_{IN} > V_A)]$, the output voltage is low, very close to ground. In this case, the three network resistors can be presented as R2 || R3 in series with R1. The upper trip voltage (V_{A2}) is defined by Equation 2:

$$V_{A2} = V_{CC} \times \frac{R2 \parallel R3}{R1 + (R2 \parallel R3)}$$
(2)

The total hysteresis provided by the network is defined by Equation 3:

$$\Delta V_A = V_{A1} - V_{A2}$$

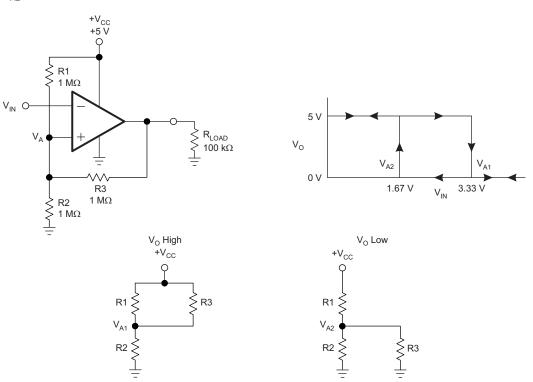


Figure 28. TLV3201 in Inverting Configuration with Hysteresis



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Noninverting Comparator with Hysteresis

A noninverting comparator with hysteresis requires a two-resistor network, as shown in Figure 29, and a voltage reference (V_{REF}) at the inverting input. When V_{IN} is low, the output is also low. For the output to switch from low to high, V_{IN} must rise up to V_{IN1} . V_{IN1} is calculated by Equation 4:

$$V_{\rm IN1} = R1 \times \frac{V_{\rm REF}}{R2} \times V_{\rm REF}$$
(4)

When V_{IN} is high, the output is also high. In order for the comparator to switch back to a low state, V_{IN} must equal V_{REF} before V_A is again equal to V_{REF} . V_{IN} can be calculated by Equation 5:

$$V_{\rm IN2} = \frac{V_{\rm REF} \left({\rm R1 + R2} \right) - V_{\rm CC} \times {\rm R1}}{{\rm R2}}$$
(5)

The hysteresis of this circuit is the difference between V_{IN1} and V_{IN2} , as defined by Equation 6.

$$\Delta V_{\rm IN} = V_{\rm CC} \times \frac{\rm R1}{\rm R2}$$
(6)

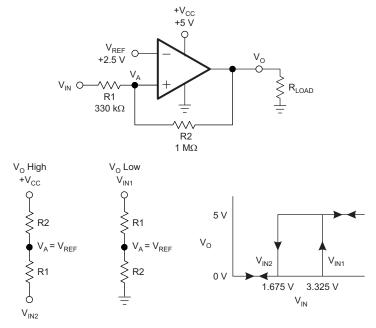


Figure 29. TLV3201 in Noninverting Configuration with Hysteresis

CAPACITIVE LOADS

The TLV3201 and TLV3202 feature a push-pull output. When the output switches, there is a direct path between V_{CC} and ground, causing increased output sinking or sourcing current during the transition. Following the transition the output current decreases and supply current returns to 40 μ A, thus maintaining low power consumption. Under reasonable capacitive loads, the TLV3201 and TLV3202 maintain specified propagation delay (see the Typical Characteristics), but excessive capacitive loading under high switching frequencies may increase supply current, propagation delay, or induce decreased slew rate.

TLV3201 TLV3202



CIRCUIT LAYOUT

The TLV3201 and TLV3202 are fast-switching, high-speed comparators and require high-speed layout considerations. For best results, the following layout guidelines should be maintained:

- 1. Use a printed circuit board (PCB) with a good, unbroken low-inductance ground plane.
- 2. Place a decoupling capacitor (0.1-µF ceramic, surface-mount capacitor) as close as possible to V_{CC}.
- 3. On the inputs and the output, keep lead lengths as short as possible to avoid unwanted parasitic feedback around the comparator. Keep inputs away from the output.
- 4. Solder the device directly to the PCB rather than using a socket.
- 5. For slow-moving input signals, take care to prevent parasitic feedback. A small capacitor (1000 pF or less) placed between the inputs can help eliminate oscillations in the transition region. This capacitor causes some degradation to propagation delay when the impedance is low. The topside ground plane runs between the output and inputs.
- 6. The ground pin ground trace runs under the device up to the bypass capacitor, shielding the inputs from the outputs.

APPLICATIONS CIRCUITS

One of the benefits of ac coupling a single-supply comparator circuit is that it can block dc offsets induced by ground-loop offsets that could potentially produce either a false trip or a common-mode input violation. Figure 30 shows the TLV3201 configured as an ac-coupled comparator.

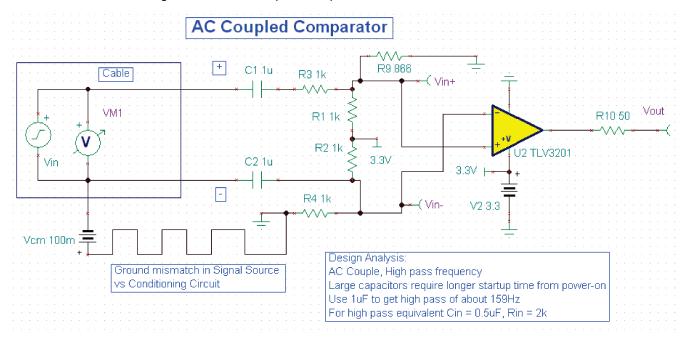


Figure 30. TLV3201 Configured as an AC-Coupled Comparator



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Figure 31 shows a single-supply current monitor configured as a difference amplifier with a gain of 50. The OPA320 was chosen for this circuit because of its gain bandwidth (20 MHz), which allows higher speed triggering and monitoring of the current across the shunt resistor followed by the fast response of the TLV3201.

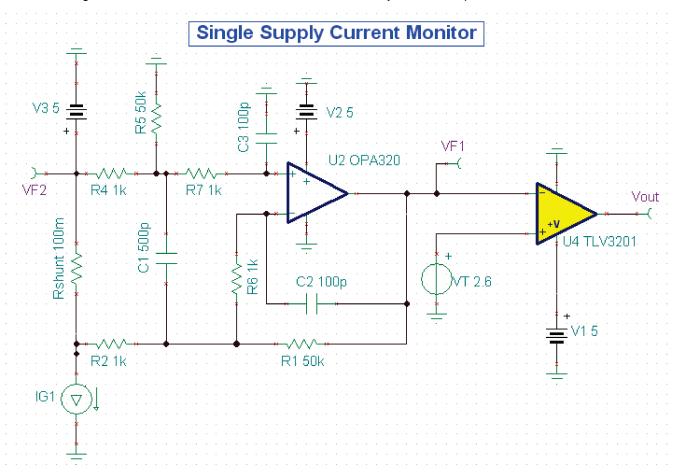


Figure 31. TLV3201 and OPA320 Configured as a Fast-Response Output Current Monitor



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Figure 32 shows the TMP20 and TLV3201 designed as a high-speed temperature switch. The TMP20 is an analog output temperature sensor where output voltage decreases with temperature. The comparator output is tripped when the output reaches a critical trip threshold.

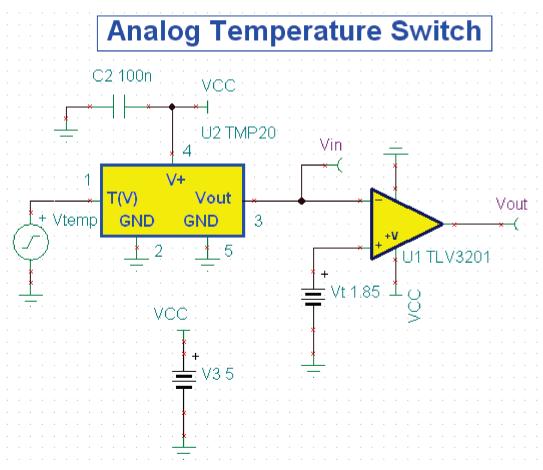


Figure 32. TLV3201 and TMP20 Configured as a Precision Analog Temperature Switch



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REVISION HISTORY

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

CI	hanges from Original (March 2012) to Revision A Pa	ge
•	Changed product status from Production Data to Mixed Status	1
•	Added dual channel device	1



11-Apr-2013

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Top-Side Markings	Samples
TLV3201AIDBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	RAI	Samples
TLV3201AIDBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	RAI	Samples
TLV3201AIDCKR	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	SDP	Samples
TLV3201AIDCKT	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	SDP	Samples
TLV3202AID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	TL3202	Samples
TLV3202AIDGK	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	VUDC	Samples
TLV3202AIDGKR	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	VUDC	Samples
TLV3202AIDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	TL3202	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

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Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.



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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

11-Apr-2013

⁽⁴⁾ Multiple Top-Side Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Top-Side Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Top-Side Marking for that device.

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TLV3201AIDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV3201AIDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	178.0	8.4	3.3	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV3202AIDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV3202AIDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

15-Feb-2014



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TLV3201AIDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
TLV3201AIDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
TLV3202AIDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	364.0	364.0	27.0
TLV3202AIDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	367.0	367.0	35.0

DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice. Β.
 - Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side. C.
 - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AA.



DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



DCK (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-203 variation AA.



LAND PATTERN DATA



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



DGK (S-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 per end.

- D Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.50 per side.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation AA, except interlead flash.



DGK (S-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



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