













Software

DRV5021-Q1

SBAS914-FEBRUARY 2019

DRV5021-Q1 Automotive, low-voltage, unipolar, digital-switch hall effect sensor

Features

- Qualified for automotive applications
- AEC-Q100 qualified with the following results:
 - Device temperature grade 0: -40°C to 150°C ambient operating temperature range
 - Device HBM ESD classification level 3A
 - Device CDM ESD classification level C6
- Digital unipolar-switch hall sensor
- 2.5-V to 5.5-V operating V_{CC} range
- Magnetic sensitivity options (B_{OP}, B_{RP}):
 - DRV5021A1-Q1: 2.9 mT, 1.8 mT
 - DRV5021A2-Q1: 9.2 mT, 7.0 mT
 - DRV5021A3-Q1: 17.9 mT, 14.1 mT
- Fast 30-kHz sensing bandwidth
- Open-drain output capable of 20 mA
- Optimized low-voltage architecture
- Integrated hysteresis to enhance noise immunity
- Standard industry package:
 - Surface-mount SOT-23

Applications

- Automotive gear shifters, body closure
- Limit switches
- General proximity sensing
- Brushed dc motor feedback
- Door open and close detection
- Valve positioning
- Pulse counting

3 Description

The DRV5021-Q1 device is a low-voltage, digitalswitch, Hall effect sensor for high-speed automotive applications. Operating from a 2.5-V to 5.5-V power supply, the device senses magnetic flux density, and gives a digital output based on predefined magnetic thresholds.

This device senses magnetic fields perpendicular to the face of the package. When the applied magnetic flux density exceeds the magnetic operate point (B_{OP}) threshold, the open-drain output of the device drives a low voltage. When the flux density decreases to less than the magnetic release point (B_{RP}) threshold, the output goes to high impedance. The hysteresis resulting from the separation of B_{OP} and B_{RP} helps prevent output errors caused by input noise. This configuration makes system designs more robust against noise interference.

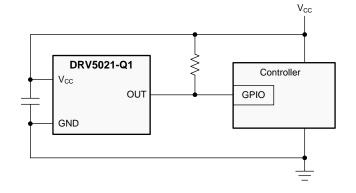
The device operates consistently across a wide ambient temperature range of -40°C to +150°C.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

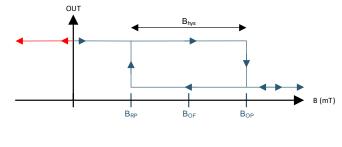
PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
DRV5021-Q1	SOT-23 (3)	2.90 mm × 1.30 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the package option addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Typical Application Schematic



Magnetic Response



SBAS914 – FEBRUARY 2019 www.ti.com



Table of Contents

1	Features	7.4 Device Functional Modes
2 3	Applications 1 Description 1	8.1 Application Information
4	Revision History2	8.2 Typical Applications 14
5	Pin Configuration and Functions 3	9 Power Supply Recommendations 17
6	Specifications3	10 Layout 17
-	6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings	10.1 Layout Guidelines 17
	6.2 ESD Ratings	10.2 Layout Example 17
	6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions 4	11 Device and Documentation Support 18
	6.4 Thermal Information	11.1 Documentation Support
	6.5 Electrical Characteristics	11.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates 18
	6.6 Magnetic Characteristics 4	11.3 Community Resources
	6.7 Typical Characteristics 5	11.4 Trademarks18
7	Detailed Description 7	11.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution
	7.1 Overview 7	11.6 Glossary18
	7.2 Functional Block Diagram 7	12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable
	7.3 Feature Description 7	Information 18

4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

DATE	REVISION	NOTES
February 2019	*	Initial release.

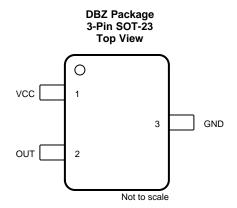
Submit Documentation Feedback

Copyright © 2019, Texas Instruments Incorporated



www.ti.com

5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

PIN		TYPE	DESCRIPTION
NAME	DBZ	ITPE	DESCRIPTION
GND	3	GND	Ground pin
OUT	2	Output	Hall sensor open-drain output. The open drain requires a pullup resistor.
V _{CC}	1	Power	2.5-V to 5.5-V power supply. Bypass this pin to the GND pin with a 0.1- μ F (minimum) ceramic capacitor rated for V _{CC} .

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Power supply voltage (VCC)	-0.3	6.0	V
Output voltage (OUT)	-0.3	6.0	V
Output current (OUT)		30	mA
Magnetic flux density, B _{MAX}		Unlimited	Т
Operating junction temperature, T _J	-40	170	°C
Storage temperature, T _{stg}	– 65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			VALUE	UNIT
V	Electroptotic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 ⁽¹⁾	±6000	V
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011	±1000	V

(1) AEC Q100-002 indicates that HBM stressing shall be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

Product Folder Links: DRV5021-Q1



6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Power supply voltage range	2.5	5.5	V
Vo	Output pin voltage	0	5.5	V
I _{OUT}	Output sinking current	0	20	mA
T _A	Operating ambient temperature	-40	150	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		SOT-23 (DBZ)	UNIT
		3 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	356	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	128	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	94	°C/W
Y_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	11.4	°C/W
Y_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	92	°C/W

For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

at V_{CC} = 2.5 V to 5.5 V, over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I _{CC}	Operating supply current			2.3	2.8	mA
t _{ON}	Power-on time			40	70	μs
t _d	Propagation delay time ⁽¹⁾	$B = B_{RP} - 10 \text{ mT to } B_{OP} + 10 \text{ mT in}$ 1 μ s		13	25	μs
l _{OZ}	High-impedance output leakage current	5.5 V applied to OUT, while OUT is high-impedance			100	nA
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	I _{OUT} = 20 mA		0.15	0.4	V
R _{DS(on)}	Output FET resistance	$I_{OUT} = 5$ mA, $V_{CC} = 3.3$ V		8		Ω

⁽¹⁾ See the *Propagation Delay* section for more information.

6.6 Magnetic Characteristics

at $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V, over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
DRV5021A1-0	Q1, DRV5021A2-Q1, DRV5021A3-Q1		•		*	
f _{BW}	Sensing bandwidth			30		kHz
DRV5021A1-0	21					
D	Manager to the sale of Occasion Bailet	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	1.3	2.9	4.4	mT
B _{OP}	Magnetic threshold Operate Point	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +150^{\circ}C$	1.1	2.9	4.7	mT
D	Manualia thuashahi Bahasaa Baist	TA = -40°C to +125°C	0.2	1.8	3.0	mT
B _{RP}	Magnetic threshold Release Point	$T_A = -40$ °C to +150°C	0.1	1.8	3.3	mT
B _{HYS}	Magnetic hysteresis: B _{OP} – B _{RP}	TA = -40°C to +125°C	0.1	1.1	2.5	mT
B _{HYS}	Magnetic hysteresis: B _{OP} – B _{RP}	$T_A = -40$ °C to +150°C	0.1	1.1	2.8	mT
DRV5021A2-0	21					
D.	Manager to the sale of Occasion Balan	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	5.0	9.2	13.0	mT
B _{OP}	Magnetic threshold Operate Point	$T_A = -40$ °C to +150°C	4.5	9.2	14.0	mT
B _{RP}		$T_A = -40$ °C to +125°C	3.2	7.0	10.0	mT
	Magnetic threshold Release Point	$T_A = -40$ °C to +150°C	2.7	7.0	11.0	mT

Product Folder Links: DRV5021-Q1

DOMIN DOCUMENTATION FEEDDACK



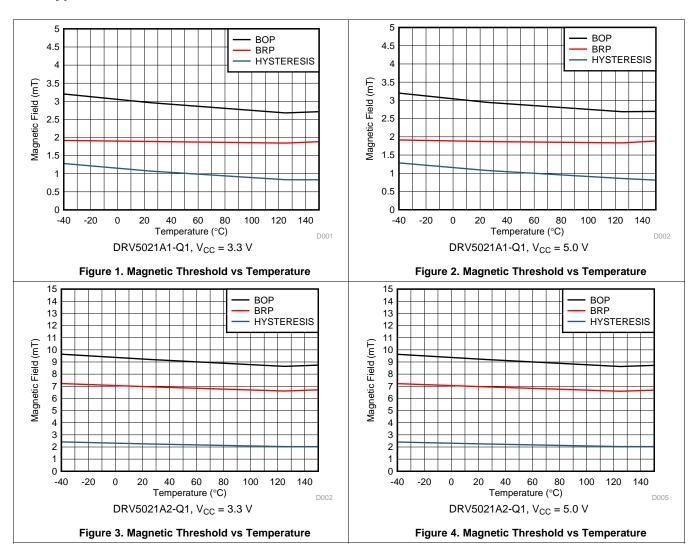
www.ti.com

Magnetic Characteristics (continued)

at $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V, over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

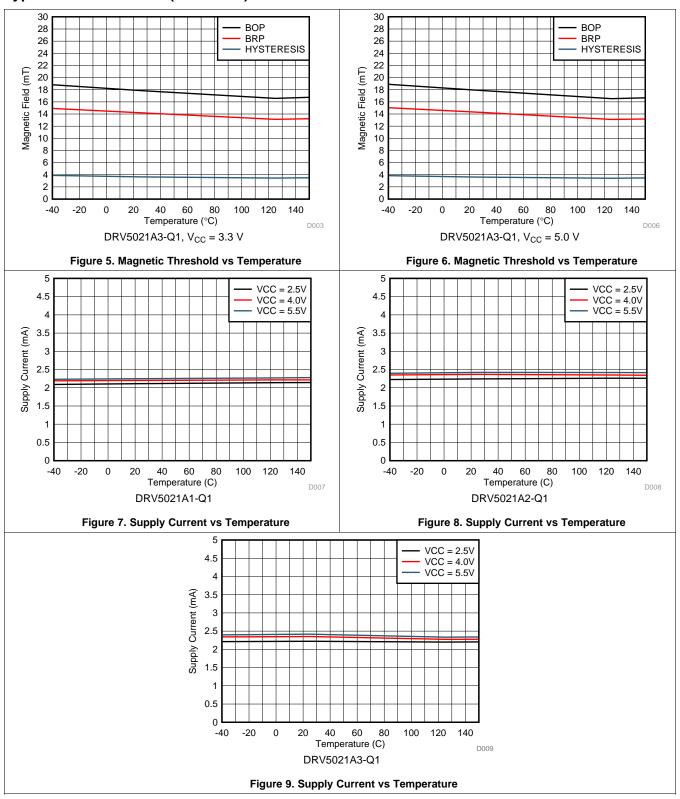
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
B _{HYS}	Magnetic hysteresis: B _{OP} – B _{RP}	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	0.9	2.2	4.5	mT
B _{HYS}	Magnetic hysteresis: B _{OP} - B _{RP}	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +150^{\circ}C$	0.9	2.2	5.0	mT
DRV5021A3-Q1						
D	Magnetic threshold Operate Point	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	8.8	17.9	23.4	mT
B _{OP}		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +150^{\circ}C$	7.7	17.9	25.4	mT
D	Magnetic threshold Release Point	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	6.2	14.1	18.8	mT
B _{RP}	Magnetic threshold Release Point	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +150^{\circ}C$	5.1	14.1	20.8	mT
B _{HYS}	Magnetic hysteresis: B _{OP} – B _{RP}	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	1.5	3.8	6.2	mT
B _{HYS}	Magnetic hysteresis: B _{OP} – B _{RP}	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +150^{\circ}C$	1.3	3.8	6.7	mT

6.7 Typical Characteristics



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

Typical Characteristics (continued)



7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

www.ti.com

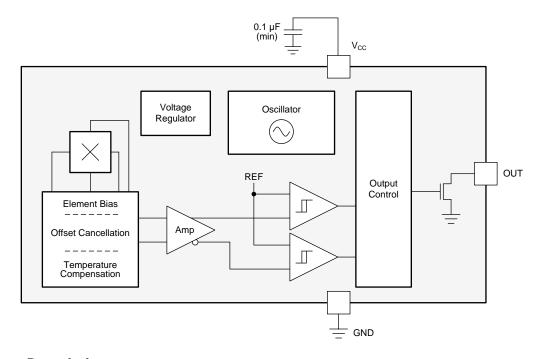
The DRV5021-Q1 device is a spinning-current Hall sensor with a digital output for magnetic-sensing applications. The DRV5021-Q1 can be powered with a supply voltage between 2.5 V and 5.5 V.

The field polarity is defined as follows: a south pole near the marked side of the package is a positive magnetic field. A north pole near the marked side of the package is a negative magnetic field. The output state depends on the magnetic field perpendicular to the package.

A strong south pole near the marked side of the package causes the output to pull low. A weak south pole, the absence of a field, or any north pole makes the output high impedance. Hysteresis is included in between the operate point and the release point to prevent toggling near the magnetic threshold.

An external pullup resistor is required on the OUT pin. The OUT pin can be pulled up to V_{CC} , or to a different voltage supply. This feature allows for easier interfacing with controller circuits.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Field Direction Definition

As shown in Figure 10, the DRV5021-Q1 is sensitive to the magnetic field component that is perpendicular to the top of the package.

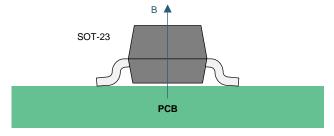


Figure 10. Direction of Sensitivity

Copyright © 2019, Texas Instruments Incorporated

Feature Description (continued)

Figure 11 shows that a positive magnetic field is defined as a south pole near the marked side of the package.

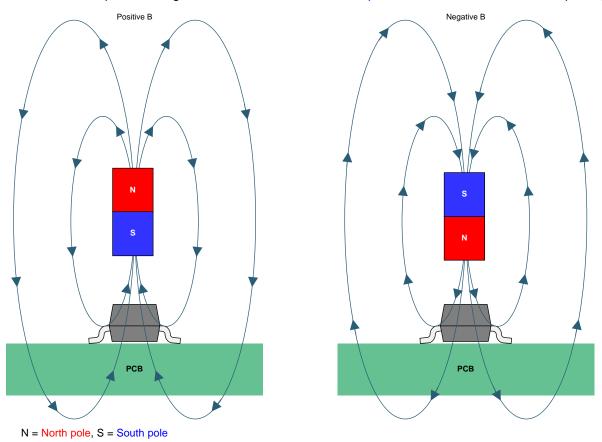


Figure 11. Field Direction Definition

7.3.2 Device Output

If the device is powered on with a magnetic field strength between B_{RP} and B_{OP} , then the device output is indeterminate. If the field strength is greater than B_{OP} , then the output is pulled low. If the field strength is less than B_{RP} , then the output is released.

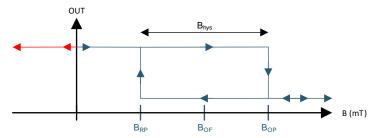


Figure 12. Output State

Submit Documentation Feedback



www.ti.com

Feature Description (continued)

7.3.3 Power-On Time

After applying V_{CC} to the DRV5021-Q1, t_{on} must elapse before the OUT pin is valid. In case 1 (Figure 13) and case 2 (Figure 14), the output is defined assuming that magnetic field $B_{APPLIED} > B_{OP}$, and $B_{APPLIED} < B_{RP}$, respectively.

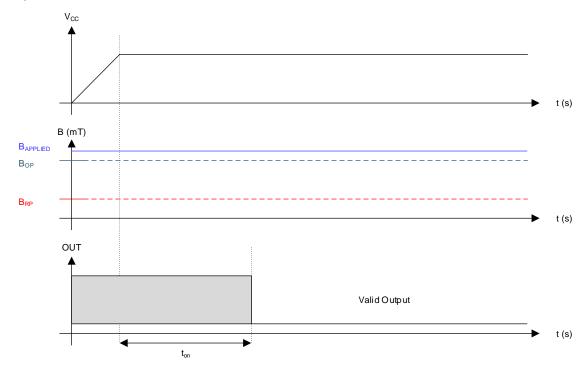


Figure 13. Case 1: Power On When $B > B_{OP}$

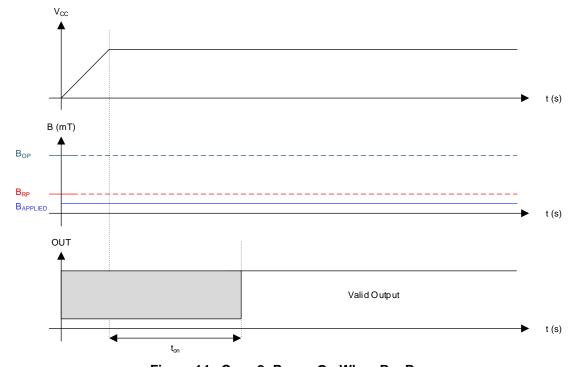


Figure 14. Case 2: Power On When $B < B_{RP}$

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

Feature Description (continued)

If the device is powered on with $B_{RP} < B_{APPLIED} < B_{OP}$, then the device output remains in indeterminate state until the magnetic field changes. After the change in magnetic field results in a condition that meets either $B_{OP} < B_{APPLIED}$ or $B_{RP} > B_{APPLIED}$, the output turns to valid state after t_d time elapses. Case 3 (Figure 15) and case 4 (Figure 16) show examples of this behavior.

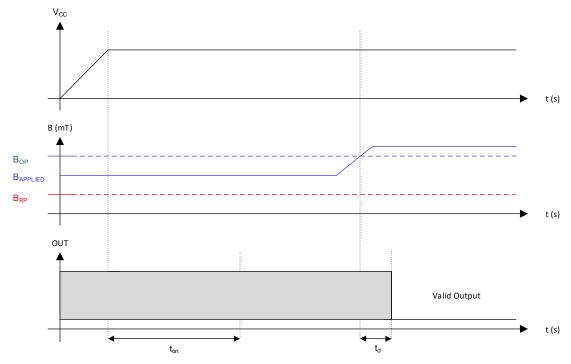


Figure 15. Case 3: Power On When $B_{RP} < B < B_{OP}$, Followed by $B > B_{OP}$

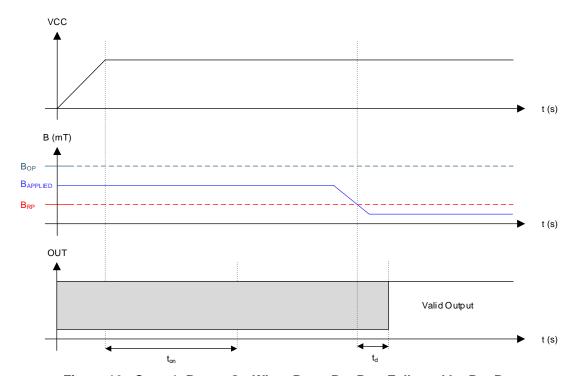


Figure 16. Case 4: Power On When $B_{RP} < B < B_{OP}$, Followed by $B < B_{RP}$

10

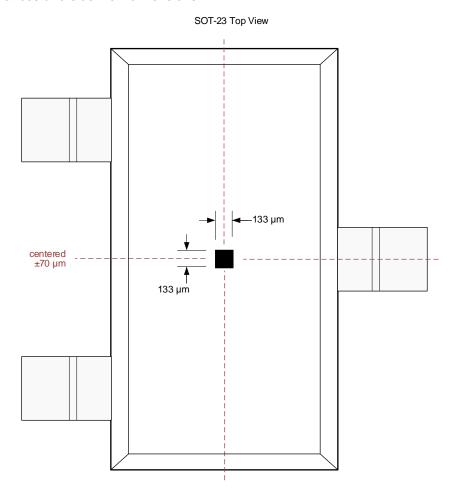


www.ti.com

Feature Description (continued)

7.3.4 Hall Element Location

The sensing element inside the device is in the center of both packages when viewed from the top. Figure 17 shows the tolerances and side-view dimensions.



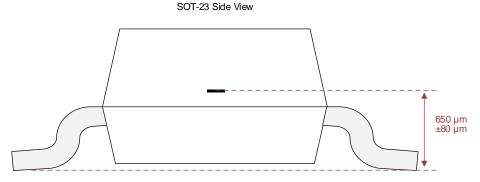


Figure 17. Hall Element Location

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

Feature Description (continued)

7.3.5 Propagation Delay

The DRV5021-Q1 samples the Hall element at a nominal sampling period of 16.67 μ s to detect the presence of a magnetic north or south pole. At each sampling point, the device takes the average of the current sampled value and immediately preceding sampled value of the magnetic field. If this average value crosses the B_{OP} or B_{RP} threshold, the device output changes according to the transfer function.

Figure 18 shows the DRV5021-Q1 propagation delay analysis in the proximity of a magnetic south pole. The Hall element of the DRV5021-Q1 experiences an increasing magnetic field as the magnetic south pole approaches near the device. At time t_2 , the average magnetic field is $(B_2 + B_1)$ / 2, which is less than the B_{OP} threshold of the device. At time t_3 , the actual magnetic field has crossed the B_{OP} threshold. However, the average $(B_3 + B_2)$ / 2 is still less than the B_{OP} threshold. Thus, the device waits for next sample time, t_4 , to start the output transition through the analog signal chain. The propagation delay, t_d , is measured as the delay from the time the magnetic field crosses the B_{OP} threshold to the time output transitions.

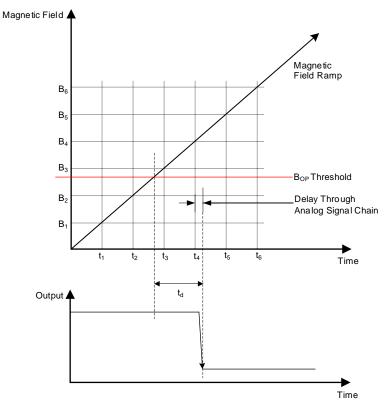


Figure 18. Propagation Delay

12

Facture Decemention (continued

Feature Description (continued)

7.3.6 Output Stage

The DRV5021-Q1 output stage uses an open-drain NMOS transistor that is rated to sink up to 20 mA of current. For proper operation, calculate the value of pullup resistor R1 using Equation 1.

$$\frac{V_{\text{ref}} \text{ max}}{20 \text{ mA}} \le R1 \le \frac{V_{\text{ref}} \text{ min}}{100 \text{ }\mu\text{A}} \tag{1}$$

The size of R1 is a tradeoff between the OUT rise time and the current when OUT is pulled low. A lower current is generally better; however, faster transitions and bandwidth require a smaller resistor for faster switching.

In addition, the value of R1 must be > 500 Ω in order to make sure that the output driver can pull the OUT pin close to GND.

NOTE

V_{ref} is not restricted to V_{CC}. The allowable voltage range of this pin is specified in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*.

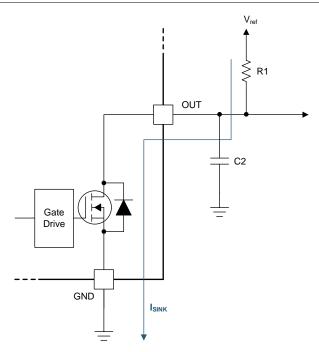


Figure 19. Open-Drain Output

Select a value for C2 based on the system bandwidth specifications shown in Equation 2.

$$2 \times f_{\text{BW}} \text{ (Hz)} < \frac{1}{2\pi \times \text{R1} \times \text{C2}}$$
 (2)

Most applications do not require this C2 filtering capacitor.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

The DRV5021-Q1 device is active only when V_{CC} is between 2.5 V and 5.5 V.

Copyright © 2019, Texas Instruments Incorporated

8 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The DRV5021-Q1 device is used in magnetic-field sensing applications.

8.2 Typical Applications

8.2.1 Proximity Sensing Circuit

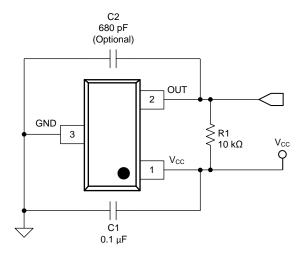


Figure 20. Proximity Sensing Circuit

8.2.1.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 1 as the input parameters.

Table 1. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETER	REFERENCE	EXAMPLE VALUE
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	3.2 V to 3.4 V
System bandwidth	f_{BW}	10 kHz

8.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

Table 2 shows the external components needed to create this design example.

Table 2. External Components

COMPONENT	CONNECTED BETWEEN		RECOMMENDED
C1	V_{CC}	GND	A 0.1-μF ceramic capacitor rated for V _{CC}
C2	OUT	GND	Optional: Place a ceramic capacitor to GND
R1	OUT	V _{CC} ⁽¹⁾	Requires a pullup resistor

(1) Pullup resistor may be connected to a voltage source other than V_{CC}; see the *Recommended Operating Conditions* for the valid range of the output pin voltage.

Product Folder Links: DRV5021-Q1



8.2.1.2.1 Configuration Example

In a 3.3-V system, 3.2 V ≤ V_{ref} ≤ 3.4 V. Use Equation 3 to calculate the allowable range for R1.

$$\frac{V_{\text{ref}} \text{ max}}{20 \text{ mA}} \le R1 \le \frac{V_{\text{ref}} \text{ min}}{100 \text{ } \mu \text{A}} \tag{3}$$

For this design example, use Equation 4 to calculate the allowable range of R1.

$$\frac{3.4 \text{ V}}{20 \text{ mA}} \le \text{R1} \le \frac{3.2 \text{ V}}{100 \text{ }\mu\text{A}}$$
 (4)

Therefore:

www.ti.com

$$170 \Omega \le R1 \le 32 \text{ k}\Omega \tag{5}$$

After finding the allowable range of R1 (Equation 5), select a value between 500 Ω and 32 k Ω for R1.

Assuming a system bandwidth of 10 kHz, use Equation 6 to calculate the value of C2.

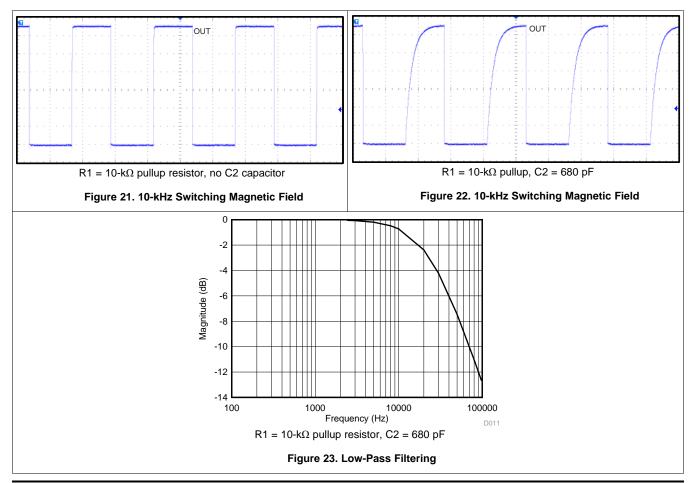
$$2 \times f_{\text{BW}} \text{ (Hz)} < \frac{1}{2\pi \times \text{R1} \times \text{C2}}$$
 (6)

For this design example, use Equation 7 to calculate the value of C2.

$$2 \times 10 \text{ kHz} < \frac{1}{2\pi \times R1 \times C2} \tag{7}$$

An R1 value of 10 k Ω and a C2 value less than 820 pF satisfy the requirement for a 10-kHz system bandwidth. For R1 = 10 k Ω and C2 = 680 pF, the corner frequency for the low-pass filter is 23.4 kHz.

8.2.1.3 Application Curves



Copyright © 2019, Texas Instruments Incorporated

Submit Documentation Feedback

SBAS914 – FEBRUARY 2019 www.ti.com

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

8.2.2 Alternative Two-Wire Application

For systems that require a minimal wire count, connect the device output to V_{CC} through a resistor, and sense the total supplied current near the controller. Use a shunt resistor or other circuitry to sense the current.

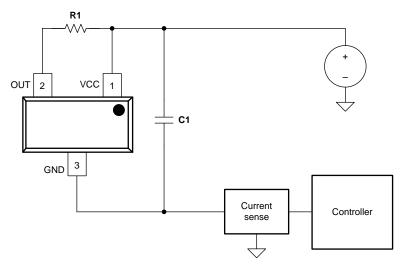


Figure 24. 2-Wire Application

8.2.2.1 Design Requirements

Table 3 lists the related design parameters.

DESIGN PARAMETER REFERENCE **EXAMPLE VALUE** Supply voltage 5 V V_{CC} **OUT** resistor R1 $1 k\Omega$ C1 0.1 µF Bypass capacitor Current when B < B_{RP} About 2.3 mA IRELEASE Current when B > B_{OP} About 7.3 mA **IOPERATE**

Table 3. Design Parameters

8.2.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

When the open-drain output of the device is high-impedance, current through the path equals the I_{CC} of the device (approximately 2.3 mA).

When the output pulls low, a parallel current path is added, equal to V_{CC} / (R1 + $r_{DS(on)}$). Using 5 V and 1 k Ω , the parallel current is approximately 5 mA, making the total current approximately 7.3 mA.

Local bypass capacitor C1 must be at least 0.1 μ F. Use a larger value capacitor if there is high inductance in the power line interconnect.

Submit Documentation Feedback

9 Power Supply Recommendations

The DRV5021-Q1 device is designed to operate from an input voltage supply (VM) range between 2.5 V and 5.5 V. A 0.1- μ F (minimum) ceramic capacitor rated for V_{CC} must be placed as close to the DRV5021-Q1 device as possible.

10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

Place the bypass capacitor near the DRV5021-Q1 device for efficient power delivery with minimal inductance. Place the external pullup resistor near the microcontroller input to provide the most stable voltage at the input. Alternatively, an integrated pullup resistor within the GPIO of the microcontroller can be used.

Generally, PCB copper planes underneath the DRV5021-Q1 have no effect on magnetic flux, and do not interfere with device performance because copper is not a ferromagnetic material. However, If nearby system components contain iron or nickel, they may redirect magnetic flux in unpredictable ways.

10.2 Layout Example

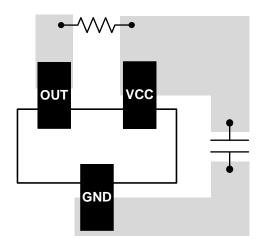


Figure 25. DRV5021-Q1 Layout Example

Copyright © 2019, Texas Instruments Incorporated

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Documentation Support

11.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- Texas Instrument, HALL-ADAPTER-EVM user's guide
- Texas Instrument, Understanding and applying hall effect sensor data sheets application report

11.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

11.3 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E™ Online Community TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

11.4 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

11.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

11.6 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

Submit Documentation Feedback



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

22-Feb-2019

PACKAGING INFORMATION

www.ti.com

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package	Pins	Package	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
DRV5021A1EDBZRQ1	PREVIEW	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 150	211Z	
DRV5021A2EDBZRQ1	PREVIEW	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 150	212Z	
DRV5021A3EDBZRQ1	PREVIEW	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 150	213Z	

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

22-Feb-2019

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 26-Feb-2019

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
DRV5021A1EDBZRQ1	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	178.0	9.0	3.15	2.77	1.22	4.0	8.0	Q3
DRV5021A2EDBZRQ1	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	178.0	9.0	3.15	2.77	1.22	4.0	8.0	Q3
DRV5021A3EDBZRQ1	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	178.0	9.0	3.15	2.77	1.22	4.0	8.0	Q3

www.ti.com 26-Feb-2019



*All dimensions are nominal

7 III GITTIOTIOTOTIO GITO TIOTITICA								
Device	Device Package Type		Drawing Pins		Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	
DRV5021A1EDBZRQ1	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0	
DRV5021A2EDBZRQ1	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0	
DRV5021A3EDBZRQ1	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0	



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.

4203227/C





SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 Reference JEDEC registration TO-236, except minimum foot length.



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

- 4. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.5. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

- 6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 7. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATASHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, or other requirements. These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI's products are provided subject to TI's Terms of Sale (www.ti.com/legal/termsofsale.html) or other applicable terms available either on ti.com or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2019, Texas Instruments Incorporated