

32-Mbit (2 M × 16) Static RAM

Features

- High speed

 □ t_{AA} = 12 ns
- Low active power
 □ I_{CC} = 250 mA at 12 ns
- Low Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor (CMOS) standby power
 - $\Box I_{SB2} = 50 \text{ mA}$
- Operating voltages of 3.3 ± 0.3 V
- 2.0 V data retention
- Automatic power down when deselected
- TTL compatible inputs and outputs
- Available in Pb-free 48-ball FBGA package

Functional Description

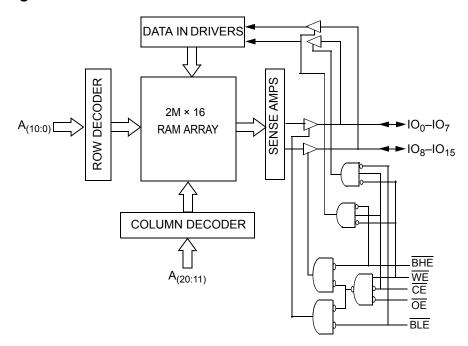
The CY7C1071DV33 is a high performance CMOS Static RAM organized as 2,097,152 words by 16 bits. The input and output pins (I/O_0 through I/O_{15}) are placed in a high impedance state when:

- Deselected (CE HIGH)
- Outputs are disabled (OE HIGH)
- <u>Both</u> byte high enable and byte low enable are disabled (BHE, BLE HIGH)
- The write operation is active (CE LOW and WE LOW)

To write to the device, take Chip Enable (\overline{CE}) and Write Enable (\overline{WE}) inputs LOW. If Byte Low Enable (\overline{BLE}) is LOW, then data from I/O pins $(I/O_0$ through $I/O_7)$ is written into the location specified on the address pins $(A_0$ through A_{20}). If Byte High Enable (\overline{BHE}) is LOW, then data from I/O pins $(I/O_8$ through I/O_{15}) is written into the location specified on the address pins $(A_0$ through $A_{20})$.

To read from the device, take Chip Enable ($\overline{\text{CE}}$) and Output Enable ($\overline{\text{OE}}$) LOW while forcing the Write Enable (WE) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable ($\overline{\text{BLE}}$) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins appears on I/O₀ to I/O₇. If Byte High Enable ($\overline{\text{BHE}}$) is LOW, then data from memory appears on I/O₈ to I/O₁₅. See the Truth Table on page 10 for a complete description of read and write modes.

Logic Block Diagram



CY7C1071DV33



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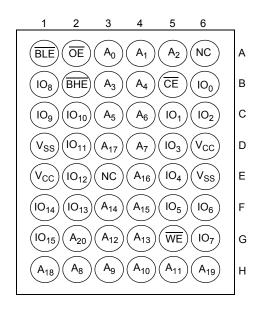


Selection Guide

Description	-12	Unit
Maximum Access Time	12	ns
Maximum Operating Current	250	mA
Maximum CMOS Standby Current	50	mA

Pin Configuration

Figure 1. 48-ball FBGA [1]



Note

^{1.} NC pins are not connected to the die.



Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested. Storage Temperature-65 °C to +150 °C Ambient Temperature with Power Applied55 °C to +125 °C Supply Voltage on V CC Relative to GND $^{[2]}$ -0.3 V to +4.6 V

DC Input Voltage ^[2]	–0.5 V to V _{CC} + 0.5 V
Current into Outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage	> 2001 V
(MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	
Latch up Current	> 200 mA

Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature	V _{CC}	
Industrial	–40 °C to +85 °C	$3.3~V\pm0.3~V$	

DC Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Doromotor	Description	Test Conditions	_	12	l lmi4
Parameter	Description	rest Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OH} = -4.0 mA	2.4	-	V
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OL} = 8.0 mA	_	0.4	V
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0	V _{CC} + 0.3	V
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage ^[2]		-0.3	0.8	V
I _{IX}	Input Leakage Current	$GND \le V_I \le V_{CC}$	– 1	+1	μА
I _{OZ}	Output Leakage Current	$GND \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$, Output Disabled	-1	+1	μΑ
I _{CC}	V _{CC} Operating Supply Current	V _{CC} = Max, f = f _{max} = 1/t _{RC} , I _{OUT} = 0 mA CMOS levels	_	250	mA
I _{SB1}	Automatic CE Power Down Current – TTL Inputs	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Max V}_{CC}, \overline{CE} \geq V_{IH}, V_{IN} \geq V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IN} \leq V_{IL}, \\ &f = f_{max} \end{aligned}$	-	60	mA
I _{SB2}	Automatic CE Power Down Current – CMOS Inputs	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Max V}_{CC}, \ \overline{\text{CE}} \geq \text{V}_{CC} - 0.3 \text{ V}, \\ &\text{V}_{\text{IN}} \geq \text{V}_{CC} - 0.3 \text{ V}, \text{ or V}_{\text{IN}} \leq 0.3 \text{ V}, \text{ f} = 0, \\ &\text{V}_{CC} = \text{V}_{CC(\text{max})} \end{aligned}$	-	50	mA

Capacitance

Parameter ^[3]	Description Test Conditions		Max	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}, f = 1 \text{MHz}, V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{V}$	16	pF
C _{OUT}	I/O Capacitance		20	pF

Thermal Resistance

Parameter ^[3]	Description	Test Conditions	48-ball FBGA	Unit
Θ_{JA}		Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, four-layer printed circuit board	24.72	°C/W
$\Theta_{\sf JC}$	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)		5.79	°C/W

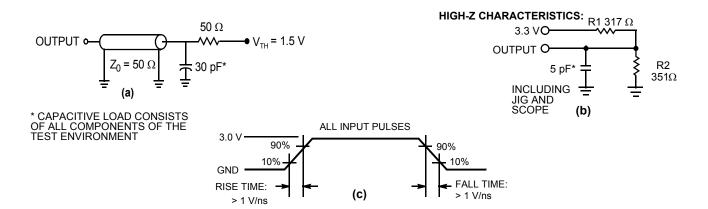
Notes

- 2. V_{IL} (min) = -2.0 V and V_{IH} (max) = V_{CC} + 1 V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns. 3. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

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Figure 2. AC Test Loads and Waveforms^[4]

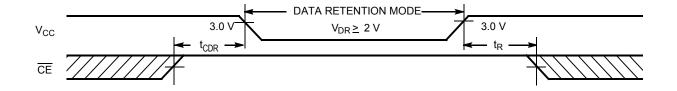


Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V_{DR}	V _{CC} for Data Retention		2	_	_	V
I _{CCDR}	Data Retention Current	$V_{CC} = 2 \text{ V}, \overline{CE} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V},$ $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V or } V_{IN} \le 0.2 \text{ V}$	_	_	50	mA
t _{CDR} ^[5]	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time		0	_	_	ns
t _R ^[6]	Operation Recovery Time		t _{RC}	_	_	ns

Figure 3. Data Retention Waveform



Notes

- Valid SRAM operation does not occur until the power supplies reach the minimum operating V_{DD} (3.0 V). 100 μ s (t_{power}) after reaching the minimum operating V_{DD} , normal SRAM operation begins to include reduction in V_{DD} to the data retention (V_{CCDR} , 2.0 V) voltage.

 Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
- Full device operation requires linear V_{CC} ramp from V_{DR} to V_{CC} (min) \geq 50 μs or stable at V_{CC} (min) \geq 50 μs .



AC Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range [7]

Parameter	Description	-1	12	Unit
Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Unit
Read Cycle				•
t _{power}	V _{CC} (typ) to the first access ^[8]	100	-	μS
t _{RC}	Read Cycle Time	12	-	ns
t _{AA}	Address to Data Valid	-	12	ns
t _{OHA}	Data Hold from Address Change	3	-	ns
t _{ACE}	CE LOW to Data Valid	-	12	ns
t _{DOE}	OE LOW to Data Valid	-	7	ns
t _{LZOE}	OE LOW to Low Z ^[9]	1	_	ns
t _{HZOE}	OE HIGH to High Z ^[9]	-	7	ns
t _{LZCE}	CE LOW to Low Z ^[9]	3	-	ns
t _{HZCE}	CE HIGH to High Z ^[9]	-	7	ns
t _{PU}	CE LOW to Power Up ^[10]	0	_	ns
t _{PD}	CE HIGH to Power Down ^[10]	-	12	ns
t _{DBE}	Byte Enable to Data Valid	-	7	ns
t _{LZBE}	Byte Enable to Low Z ^[9]	1	_	ns
t _{HZBE}	Byte Disable to High Z ^[9]	-	7	ns
Write Cycle ^{[1}	1, 12]	•		
t _{WC}	Write Cycle Time	12	_	ns
t _{SCE}	CE LOW to Write End	9	_	ns
t _{AW}	Address Setup to Write End	9	-	ns
t _{HA}	Address Hold from Write End	0	_	ns
t _{SA}	Address Setup to Write Start	0	-	ns
t _{PWE}	WE Pulse Width	9	_	ns
t _{SD}	Data Setup to Write End	7	_	ns
t _{HD}	Data Hold from Write End	0	_	ns
t _{LZWE}	WE HIGH to Low Z ^[9]	3	_	ns
t _{HZWE}	WE LOW to High Z ^[9]	_	7	ns
t _{BW}	Byte Enable to End of Write	9	_	ns

Notes

- Test conditions are based on signal transition time of 3 ns or less and timing reference levels of 1.5 V and input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0 V. Test conditions for the read cycle use output loading shown in part (a) of Figure 2 on page 5, unless specified otherwise.
 t_{power} is the minimum amount of time that the power supply must be at typical V_{CC} values until the first memory access can be performed.
 t_{HZOE}, t_{HZVE}, t_{HZWE}, t_{HZWE}, and t_{LZOE}, t_{LZWE}, t_{LZBE} are specified with a load capacitance of 5 pF as in (b) of Figure 2 on page 5. Transition is measured at ± 200 mV from steady-state voltage.

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- 10. These parameters are guaranteed by design and are not tested.
 11. The internal memory write time is defined by the overlap of CE, WE = V_{IL}. Chip enables must be active and WE and byte enables must be LOW to initiate a write, and the transition of any of these signals can terminate the write. The input data setup and hold timing must be referenced to the leading edge of the signal that
- 12. The minimum write cycle time for Write Cycle 2 ($\overline{\text{WE}}$ controlled, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ LOW) is the sum of t_{HZWE} and t_{SD} .



Switching Waveforms

Figure 4. Read Cycle 1 (Address Transition Controlled)^[13, 14]

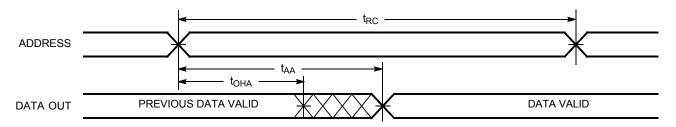
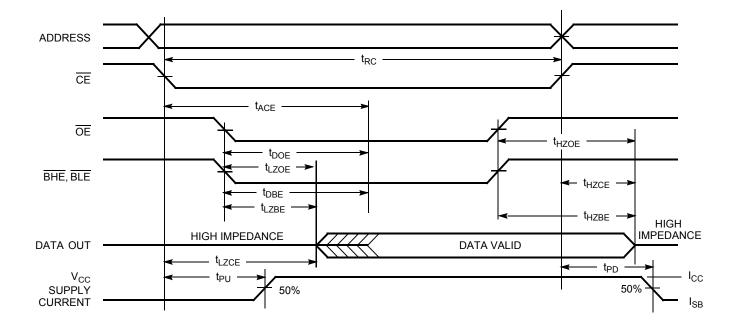


Figure 5. Read Cycle 2 (OE Controlled)[14, 15]



^{13. &}lt;u>Device</u> is continuously selected. <u>OE</u>, <u>CE</u>, <u>BHE</u> or <u>BHE</u> or both = V_{IL}. 14. <u>WE</u> is HIGH for read cycle. 15. Address valid before or similar to <u>CE</u> transition LOW.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 6. Write Cycle 1 (CE Controlled)[16, 17]

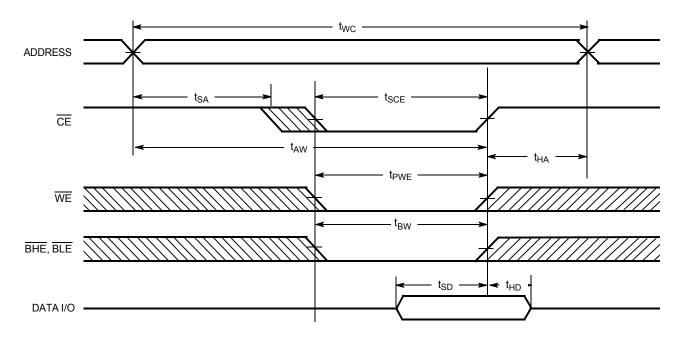
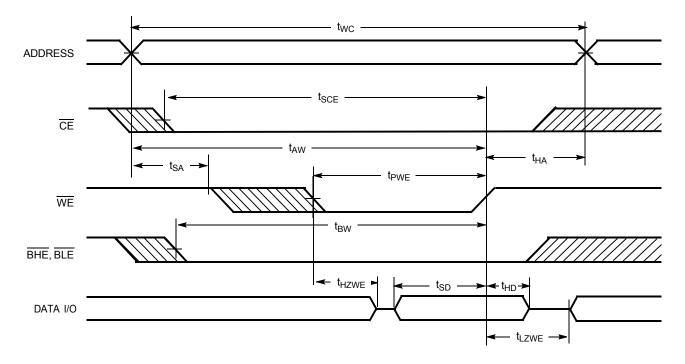


Figure 7. Write Cycle 2 (WE Controlled, OE LOW)[16, 17]



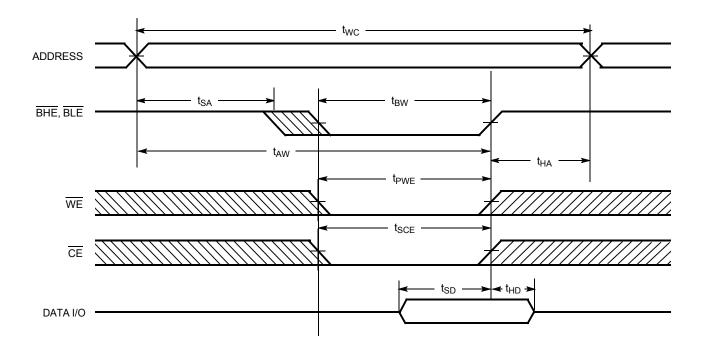
^{16.} Data I/O is high impedance if \overline{OE} or \overline{BHE} , \overline{BLE} or both = V_{IH} .

17. If \overline{CE} goes HIGH simultaneously with WE going HIGH, the output remains in a high impedance state.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 8. Write Cycle 3 (BLE or BHE Controlled)





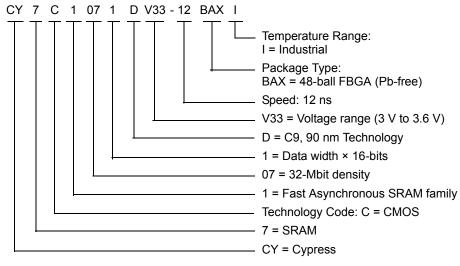
Truth Table

CE	OE	WE	BLE	BHE	I/O ₀ –IO ₇	I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅	Mode	Power
Н	Х	Х	Χ	Х	High Z	High Z	Power-down	Standby (I _{SB})
L	L	Н	L	L	Data Out	Data Out	Read All Bits	Active (I _{CC})
L	L	Н	L	Н	Data Out	High Z	Read Lower Bits Only	Active (I _{CC})
L	L	Н	Н	L	High Z	Data Out	Read Upper Bits Only	Active (I _{CC})
L	Х	L	L	L	Data In	Data In	Write All Bits	Active (I _{CC})
L	Х	L	L	Н	Data In	High Z	Write Lower Bits Only	Active (I _{CC})
L	Х	L	Н	L	High Z	Data In	Write Upper Bits Only	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	Н	Х	Х	High Z	High Z	Selected, Outputs Disabled	Active (I _{CC})

Ordering Information

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
12	CY7C1071DV33-12BAXI	51-85191	48-ball FBGA (8 × 9.5 × 1.2 mm) (Pb-free)	Industrial

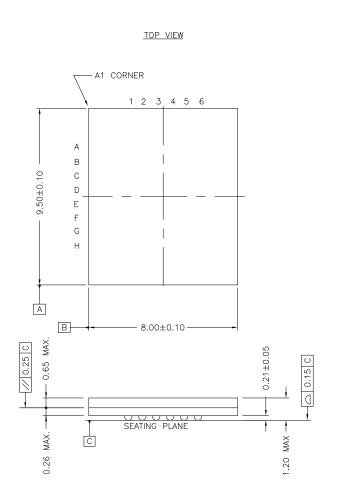
Ordering Code Definitions

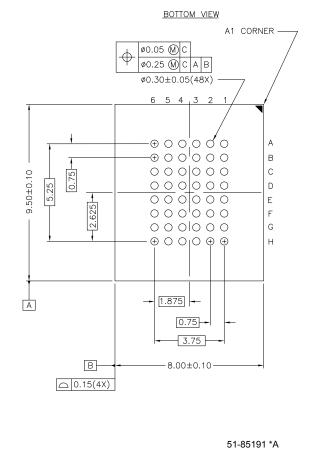




Package Diagram

Figure 9. 48-ball FBGA (8 × 9.5 × 1.2 mm) BA48J, 51-85191







Acronyms

Acronym	Description		
CE	chip enable		
CMOS	complementary metal oxide semiconductor		
FPBGA	fine-pitch ball grid array		
I/O	input/output		
OE	output enable		
SRAM	static random access memory		
TTL	transistor transistor logic		
WE	write enable		

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure		
°C	degree Celcius		
MHz	Mega Hertz		
μΑ	micro Amperes		
μs	micro seconds		
mA	milli Amperes		
mm	milli meter		
ms	milli seconds		
mV	milli Volts		
ns	nano seconds		
Ω	ohms		
%	percent		
pF	pico Farad		
V	Volts		
W	Watts		



Document History Page

Document Title: CY7C1071DV33, 32-Mbit (2 M × 16) Static RAM Document Number: 001-12063						
REV.	ECN NO.	Submission Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change		
**	605460	See ECN	VKN	New Data sheet		
*A	1192183	See ECN	VKN/KKVTMP	Removed CE_2 feature Updated block diagram Changed I_{CC} spec from 160 mA to 225 mA Changed C_{IN} spec from 8 pF to 10 pF Changed C_{OUT} spec from 10 pF to 12 pF Changed C_{BW} spec from 8 ns to 9 ns		
*B	2711136	05/29/2009	VKN/PYRS	Added 10 ns speed bin In 12 ns speed bin, changed I _{SB1} from 70 to 60 mA and I _{SB2} from 60 to 50 mA Changed C _{IN} from 8 pF to 16 pF and C _{OUT} from 10 pF to 20 pF Changed $\Theta_{\rm JA}$ from 28.37 °C/W to 24.72 °C/W Removed 119-Ball PBGA package Added 48-Ball FBGA package		
*C	2759408	09/03/2009	VKN/AESA	Removed 10ns speed Marked thermal specs as "TBD" Changed t _{DOE} , t _{HZOE} , t _{HZCE} , t _{DBE} , t _{HZBE} , t _{HZWE} specs from 6 ns to 7ns Added -12B2XI part (Dual CE option)		
*D	2813370	11/23/2009	VKN	Changed I _{CC} spec from 225 mA to 250 mA.		
*E	2925803	04/30/2010	VKN/AESA	Converted from Preliminary to Final Removed Dual CE option from the data sheet Updated links in Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information		
*F	3109063	12/13/2010	AJU	Added Ordering Code Definitions.		
*G	3132969	01/11/2011	AJU	Added Acronyms and Units of Measure. Changed all instances of IO to I/O. Updated in new template.		
*H	3268861	05/28/2011	AJU	Updated Functional Description (Removed "For best practice recommendations, refer to the Cypress application note AN1064, SRAM System Guidelines.").		



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