

TS3V713EL

# 7-CHANNEL, 1:2 VIDEO SWITCH WITH INTEGRATED LEVEL SHIFTERS

Check for Samples: TS3V713EL

### FEATURES

- Supports 7-channel VGA Signals (R, G, B, H<sub>SYNC</sub>, V<sub>SYNC</sub>, DDC CLK, and DDC DAT)
- Operating Voltage
  - V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V ±10%
  - $-V_{DD 5} = 5V \pm 10\%$
- High Bandwidth of 1.3 GHz (-3 dB)
- R, G, B Switches
  - $R_{ON} = 4 \Omega$  (Typ.)
  - C<sub>ON</sub> = 8 pF (Typ.)
- Integrated Level Shifting Buffers for H<sub>SYNC</sub> and V<sub>SYNC</sub> Channels
- Voltage Clamping NMOS Switches for SCL and SDA Channels
- ESD Performance (Pins 12–15, 17–22, 24–27)
  - ±2-kV Contact Discharge (IEC61000-4-2)
  - 8 kV Human Body Model (JESD22-A114E)
- ESD Performance (All Pins)
  - 4 kV Human Body Model (JESD22-A114E)
- 32-Pin Quad Flat Pack No-Lead (QFN) Package

### **APPLICATIONS**

- Notebook Computers
- Docking Stations
- KVM Switches

## **DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION**

The TS3V713EL is a high bandwidth, 7-channel video multiplexer/demultiplexer for switching between a single VGA source and one of two end points. The device is designed for ensuring video signal integrity and minimizing video signal attenuation by providing high bandwidth of 1.3 GHz.

The TS3V713EL has integrated level shifting buffers for the  $H_{SYNC}$  and  $V_{SYNC}$  signals which provide voltage level translation between 3.3V and 5V logic. The SCL and SDA lines use NMOS switches which clamp the output voltage to 1 V below  $V_{DD}$ .

The video signals are protected against ESD with integrated diodes to  $V_{DD}$  and GND that support levels up to ±2 kV Contact Discharge (IEC61000-4-2) and 8 kV Human Body Model (JESD22-A114E).

T <sub>A</sub>	PACKA	GE <sup>(2)</sup>	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING							
–40°C to 85°C	QFN – RTG	Tape and reel	TS3V713ELRTGR	TF713EL							

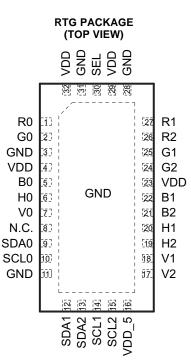
ODDEDING INFORMATION(1)

(1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.

(2) Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging.



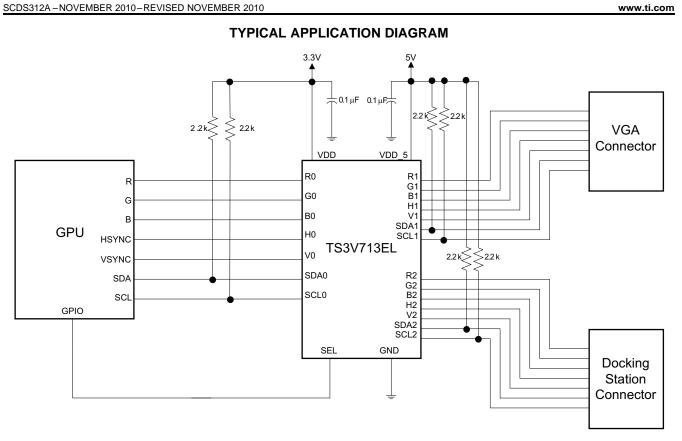
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The exposed center pad must be connected to GND.

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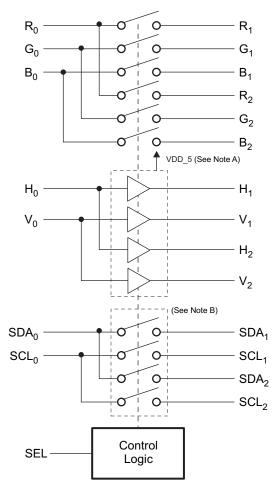
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#### LOGIC DIAGRAM

- A. Supply for  $H_{SYNC}$  and  $V_{SYNC}$  translators
- B. Output clamped to  $V_{DD} 1 V$

#### **FUNCTION TABLE**

	FUNCTION						
SEL	Hi-Z						
L		$\begin{array}{c} {\sf R}_2,{\sf G}_2,{\sf B}_2,{\sf H}_2,{\sf V}_2,{\sf SCL}_2,\\ {\sf SDA}_2 \end{array}$					
Н	$\begin{array}{c} {\sf R}_2,{\sf G}_2,{\sf B}_2,{\sf H}_2,{\sf V}_2,{\sf SCL}_2,\\ {\sf SDA}_2 \end{array}$	R <sub>1</sub> , G <sub>1</sub> , B <sub>1</sub> , H <sub>1</sub> , V <sub>1</sub> , SCL <sub>1</sub> , SDA <sub>1</sub>					



#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>(1)</sup>**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>DD</sub>			-0.5	4.6	V
$V_{DD_5}$	Supply voltage range		-0.5	6.5	v
V <sub>I/O</sub>	Analog voltage range <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	R, G, B, SCL, SDA	-0.5	V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.5	V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Digital input voltage range <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	SEL, H, V	-0.5	6.5	V
I <sub>I/OK</sub>	Analog port diode current	V <sub>I/O</sub> < 0 V		-50	mA
I <sub>IK</sub>	Digital input clamp current	V <sub>IN</sub> < 0 V		-50	mA
I <sub>I/O</sub>	ON-state switch current	R, G, B, SCL, SDA	-128	128	mA
I <sub>DD</sub>	Continuous current through V <sub>DD</sub> or GND		-100	100	mA
I <sub>GND</sub>			-100	100	ША
$\theta_{JA}$	Package thermal impedance <sup>(4)</sup>	RTG package <sup>(4)</sup>		39.2	°C/W
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.

(3) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

(4) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-1.

### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**<sup>(1)</sup>

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply voltage		3	3.6	V
$V_{DD_5}$	Supply voltage for H and V channels		4.5	5.5	V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Digital control input voltage	SEL, H, V	0	5.5	V
VIH	High-level control input voltage	SEL, H, V	2		V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level control input voltage	SEL, H, V		0.8	V
I <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output current	H, V		-8	mA
I <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output current	H, V		8	mA
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		-40	85	°C

 All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>DD</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

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### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>(1)</sup>

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V ±0.3 V, V<sub>DD 5</sub> = 5 V ±0.5 V (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER			TEST CONDITION	IS		MIN	TYP <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>IK</sub>	Digital input clamp voltage	SEL, H, V	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.6 V, V <sub>DD_5</sub> = 5.5 V,	I <sub>IN</sub> = -18 mA				-0.8	-1.2	V
r <sub>ON</sub>	ON-state resistance	R, G, B SCL, SDA	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.6 V, V <sub>DD_5</sub> = 5.5 V,	$\begin{array}{l} 0 \hspace{0.1cm} V \leq V_{I/O} \leq \\ V_{DD}, \end{array}$	$I_{I/O} = -40$	0 mA		3	6 8	Ω
r <sub>ON(fl</sub> at)	ON-state resistance flatness <sup>(3)</sup>	R, G, B	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.6 V, V <sub>DD_5</sub> = 5.5 V,	$V_{I/O}$ = 1.5 V and $V_{DD}$ ,	$I_{I/O} = -40$	0 mA		0.2	1	Ω
∆r <sub>ON</sub>	ON-state resistance match between channels <sup>(4)</sup>	R, G, B	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.6 V, V <sub>DD_5</sub> = 5.5 V,	$\begin{array}{l} 0 \hspace{0.1cm} V \leq V_{I/O} \leq \\ V_{DD}, \end{array}$	$I_{I/O} = -40$	0 mA		0.2	1	Ω
I <sub>IH</sub>	Digital input high leakage current	SEL, H, V	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.6 V, V <sub>DD_5</sub> = 5.5 V,	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$					±1	μΑ
IIL	Digital input low leakage current	SEL, H, V	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.6 V, V <sub>DD_5</sub> = 5.5 V,	$V_{IN} = GND$					±1	μA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	Leakage under power off conditions	All outputs	$V_{DD} = 0 V,$ $V_{DD_5} = 0 V,$	$V_{I/O} = 0$ to 3.6 V,	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 t	to 5.5 V			±1	μΑ
C <sub>IN</sub>	Digital input capacitance	SEL, H, V	f = 10 MHz	$V_{IN} = 0,$				4		pF
C <sub>OFF</sub>	Switch OFF capacitance	R, G, B SCL, SDA	f = 10 MHz	$V_{I/O} = 0 V,$	Output open,	Switch OFF		2.5 2.3		pF
C <sub>ON</sub>	Switch ON capacitance	R, G, B SCL, SDA	f = 10 MHz	V <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 V,	Output open,	Switch ON		8 8.2		pF
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	H, V	$V_{IN} = V_{IH},$	I <sub>OH</sub> = -8 mA			3.8			V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	H, V	$V_{IN} = V_{IH},$	I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA					0.5	V
V <sub>HYS</sub> T	Voltage hysteresis	H, V						200	300	mV
I <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> supply current		$V_{DD} = 3.6 V,$ $V_{DD_5} = 5.5 V,$	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> or GND,	l <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 mA,			200	500	μA
I <sub>DD_5</sub>	$V_{DD_5}$ supply current		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.6 V, V <sub>DD_5</sub> = 5.5 V,	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> or GND,	l <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 mA,				50	μΑ

(1) V<sub>I</sub>, V<sub>O</sub>, I<sub>I</sub>, and I<sub>O</sub> refer to I/O pins. V<sub>IN</sub> refers to the control inputs. (2) All typical values are at V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V, V<sub>DD\_5</sub> = 5V (unless otherwise noted), T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C. (3)  $r_{ON(flat)}$  is the difference of  $r_{ON}$  in a given channel at specified voltages. (4)  $\Delta r_{ON}$  is the difference of  $r_{ON}$  from center port to any other ports.

#### SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V ±0.3 V, V<sub>DD 5</sub> = 5 V ±0.5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNIT
	R <sub>0</sub> ,G <sub>0</sub> , B <sub>0</sub>	R <sub>1</sub> , G <sub>1</sub> , B <sub>1</sub> or R <sub>2</sub> , G <sub>2</sub> , B <sub>2</sub>		0.25		
t <sub>pd</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	SCL <sub>0</sub> , SDA <sub>0</sub>	SCL <sub>1</sub> , SDA <sub>1</sub> or SCL <sub>2</sub> , SDA <sub>2</sub>		0.25		ns
	H0,V0	H1, V1 or H2, V2		3	7	
t <sub>PHZ</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	SEL	R <sub>1</sub> , G <sub>1</sub> , B <sub>1</sub> , SCL <sub>1</sub> , SDA <sub>1</sub> or R <sub>2</sub> , G <sub>2</sub> , B <sub>2</sub> , SCL <sub>2</sub> , SDA <sub>2</sub>	0.5		11	11 ns
	SEL	$H_1$ , $V_1$ or $H_2$ , $V_2$	0.5		13	
t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PZL</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>	SEL	R <sub>1</sub> , G <sub>1</sub> , B <sub>1</sub> , SCL <sub>1</sub> , SDA <sub>1</sub> or R <sub>2</sub> , G <sub>2</sub> , B <sub>2</sub> , SCL <sub>2</sub> , SDA <sub>2</sub>	0.5		11	ns
	SEL	$H_1$ , $V_1$ or $H_2$ , $V_2$	0.5		13	ns
t <sub>sk(o)</sub> <sup>(4)</sup>	R	, G, B		0.05	0.1	ns
t <sub>sk(p)</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	R	, G, B		0.05	0.1	ns

(1) The propagation delay is the calculated RC time constant of the typical ON-state resistance of the switch and the specified load capacitance when driven by an ideal voltage source (zero output impedance).

(2) Line disable time: SEL to input and output; also called "SEL to Switch Turn Off Time."

(3) Line enable time: SEL to input and output; also called "SEL to Switch Turn On Time."

(4) Output skew between center channel to any other channel.

(5) Skew between opposite transitions of the same output.  $|t_{PHL} - t_{PLH}|$ 

## **DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V ±0.3 V, V<sub>DD 5</sub> = 5 V ±0.5 V (unless otherwise noted)

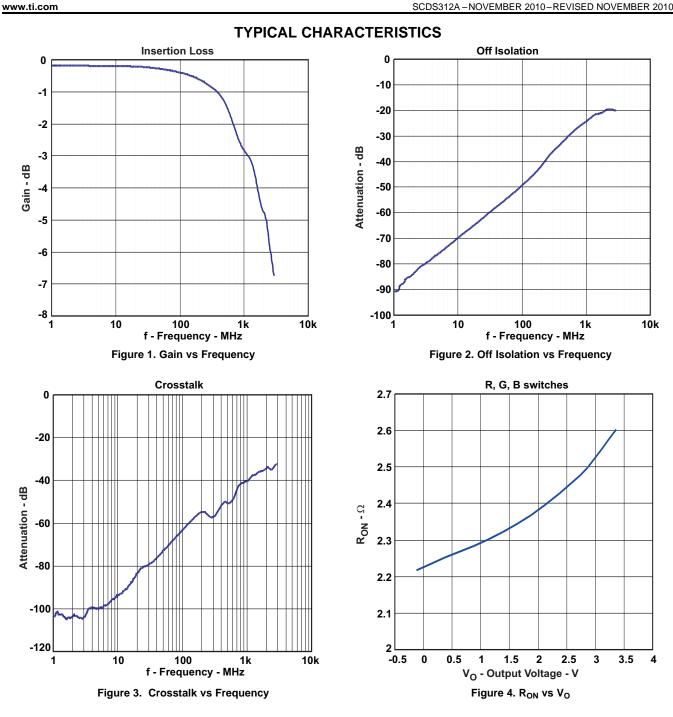
PARA	METER		TEST CONDITIONS			
X <sub>TALK</sub>	R, G, B	$R_L = 50 \ \Omega$	f = 250 MHz	-50	dB	
O <sub>IRR</sub>	R, G, B	$R_L = 50 \ \Omega$	f = 250 MHz	-40	dB	
BW	R, G, B	$R_L = 50 \ \Omega$	Switch ON	1.3	GHz	

(1) All typical values are at  $V_{DD}$  = 3.3 V,  $V_{DD_{-5}}$  = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

## **TS3V713EL**

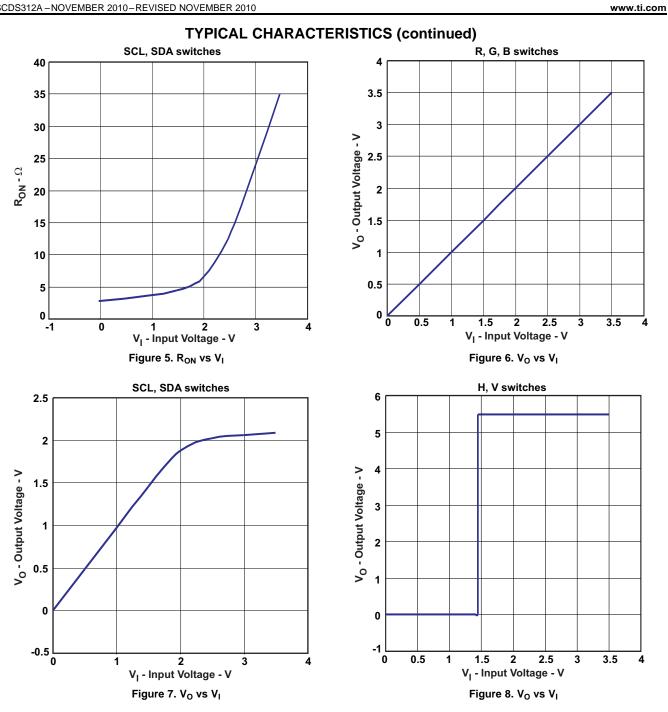


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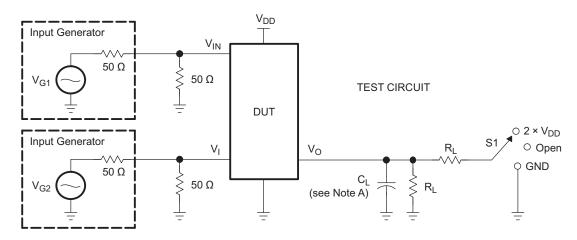
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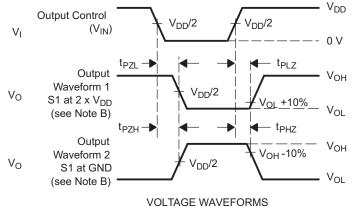
#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (Enable and Disable Times)



TEST	V <sub>DD_5</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	S1	RL	V <sub>in</sub>	CL	$V_{\Delta}$
t <sub>PLZ</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub>	5 V± 0.5 V	3.3 V± 0.3 V	$2 \times V_{DD}$	200 Ω	GND	10 pF	0.3 V
t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PZH</sub>	5 V± 0.5 V	3.3 V± 0.3 V	GND	or 1 kΩ*	V <sub>DD</sub>	10 pF	0.3 V

 ${}^{*}R_{I} = 200 \Omega$  applies to all switch outputs

 $R_{L}$  = 1 k $\Omega$  applies to all buffer outputs



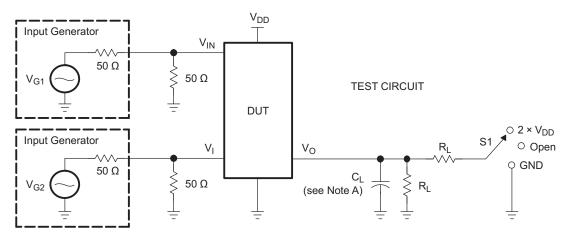
ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES

- NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is lowexcept when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRIs 10 MHz,  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_r \le 2.5$  ns.  $t_f \le 2.5$  ns.
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
  - E.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
  - F.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .

#### Figure 9. Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



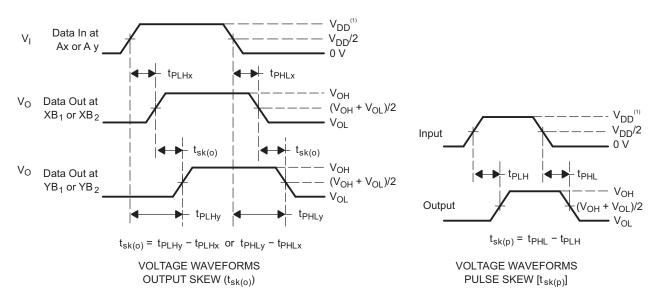
### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (Propagation Delay and Skew)



TEST	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD_5</sub>	S1	RL	V <sub>in</sub>	CL
t <sub>sk(o)</sub>	3.3 V ± 0.3 V	5 V ± 0.5 V	Open	200 Ω*	$V_{DD}$ or GND	10 pF
t <sub>sk(p)</sub>	3.3 V ± 0.3 V	5 V ± 0.5 V	Open	or 1 kΩ	V <sub>DD</sub> or GND	10 pF

 ${}^{*}R_{L}$  = 200  $\Omega$  applies to all switch outputs

 $R_L$  = 1 k $\Omega$  applies to all buffer outputs



- NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is lowexcept when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$ 10 MHz, Z<sub>0</sub> = 50  $\Omega$ , t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  2.5 ns. t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  2.5 ns.
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
  - (1)  $2 V \pm 0.2 V$  for SCL, SDA

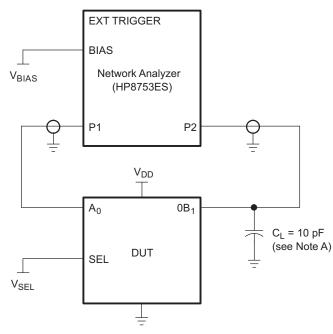
#### Figure 10. Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

#### Figure 11. Test Circuit for Frequency Response (BW)

Frequency response is measured at the output of the ON channel. For example, when  $V_{SEL} = 0$  and  $A_0$  is the input, the output is measured at  $0B_1$ . All unused analog I/O ports are left open.

#### HP8753ES Setup

Average = 4 RBW = 3 kHz  $V_{BIAS}$  = 0.35 V ST = 2 s P1 = 0 dBM

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EXT TRIGGER BIAS Network Analyzer VBIAS (HP8753ES) P1 P2  $V_{DD}$ 0B<sub>1</sub>  $A_0$ ≶ R<sub>L</sub> = 50 Ω 1B<sub>1</sub>  $A_1$ 0B<sub>2</sub>  $1B_2$ DUT 2B₁  $A_2$ R<sub>L</sub> = 50 Ω  $A_3$ 3B1  $2B_2$ 3B<sub>2</sub> SEL VSEL +

### **PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)**

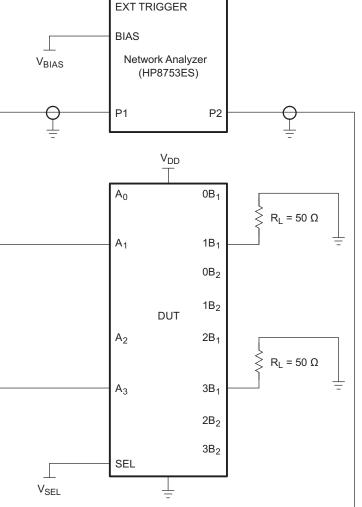
- A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- В. A 50- $\Omega$  termination resistor is needed to match the loading of the network analyzer.

### Figure 12. Test Circuit for Crosstalk (X<sub>TALK</sub>)

Crosstalk is measured at the output of the nonadjacent ON channel. For example, when  $V_{SEL} = 0$  and  $A_1$  is the input, the output is measured at A<sub>3</sub>. All unused analog input (A) ports are connected to GND, and the output (B) ports are left open.

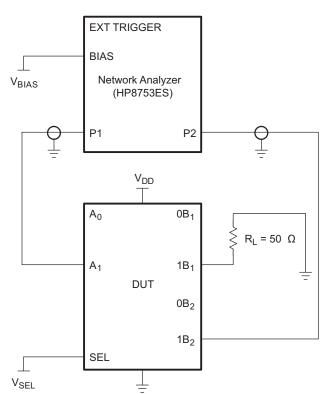
#### HP8753ES Setup

Average = 4RBW = 3 kHz $V_{BIAS} = 0.35 V$ ST = 2 sP1 = 0 dBM





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#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)

A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. A 50- $\Omega$  termination resistor is needed to match the loading of the network analyzer.

#### Figure 13. Test Circuit for Off Isolation (O<sub>IRR</sub>)

Off isolation is measured at the output of the OFF channel. For example, when  $V_{SEL} = GND$  and  $A_s$  is the input, the output is measured at  $1B_2$ . All unused analog input (A) ports are connected to GND, and the output (B) ports are left open.

#### HP8753ES Setup

Average = 4 RBW = 3 kHz  $V_{BIAS} = 0.35 V$ ST = 2 s P1 = 0 dBM



### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/ Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>	Samples (Requires Login)
TS3V713ELRTGR	ACTIVE	WQFN	RTG	32	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	Purchase Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND**: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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## PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

#### REEL DIMENSIONS

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#### TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TS3V713ELRTGR	WQFN	RTG	32	3000	330.0	16.4	3.3	6.3	1.0	8.0	16.0	Q1

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## PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

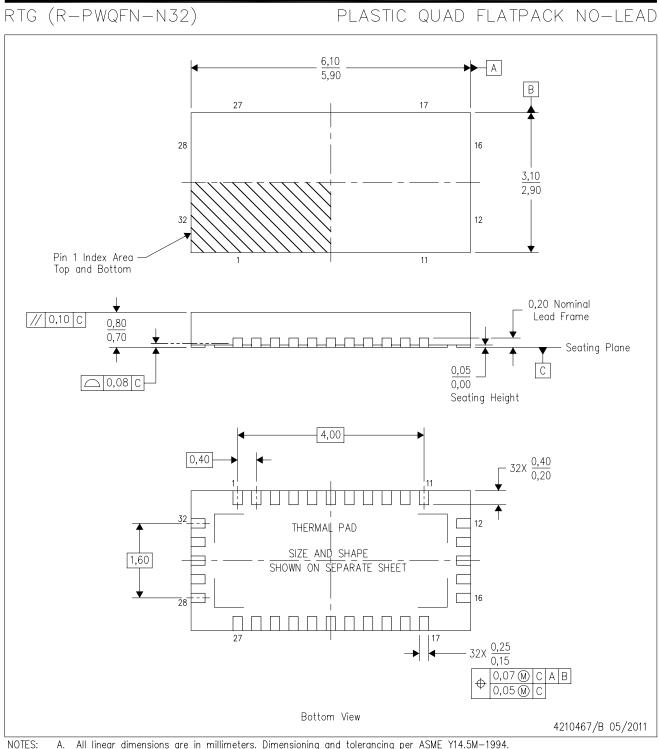
14-Jul-2012



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TS3V713ELRTGR	WQFN	RTG	32	3000	367.0	367.0	38.0

## **MECHANICAL DATA**



All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994. Α.

- Β. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. QFN (Quad Flatpack No-Lead) package configuration.

D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.

E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.

F. Reference JEDEC MO-220.



# RTG (R-PWQFN-N32)

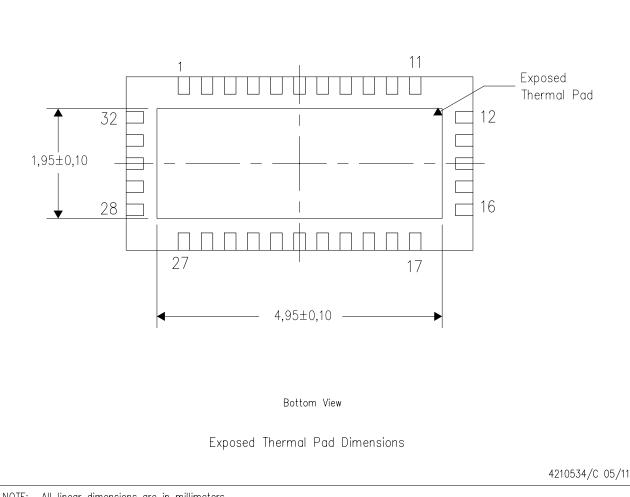
## PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD

#### THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.

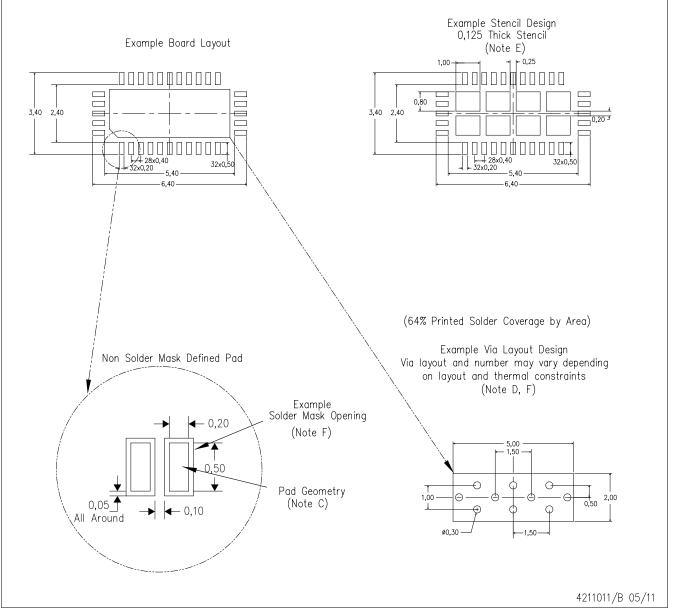


NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters



# RTG (R-PWQFN-N32)

## PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat-Pack Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SCBA017, SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <http://www.ti.com>.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for recommended solder mask tolerances and via tenting recommendations for vias placed in the thermal pad.



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