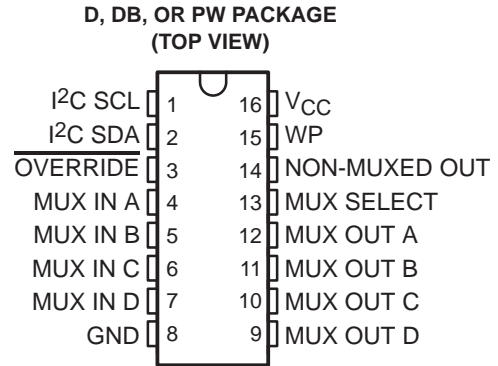


PCA8550 NONVOLATILE 5-BIT REGISTER WITH I²C INTERFACE

SCPS050A – MARCH 1999 – REVISED APRIL 1999

- **EPIC™ (Enhanced-Performance Implanted CMOS) Submicron Process**
- **Useful for Jumperless Configuration of PC Motherboard**
- **Inputs Accept Voltages to 5.5 V**
- **MUX OUT Signals are 2.5-V Outputs**
- **NON-MUXED OUT Signal is a 3.3-V Output**
- **Minimum of 1000 Write Cycles**
- **Minimum of 10 Years Data Retention**
- **Package Options Include Plastic Small-Outline (D), Shrink Small-Outline (DB), and Thin Shrink Small-Outline (PW) Packages**



description

This 4-bit 1-of-2 multiplexer with I²C input interface is designed for 3-V to 3.6-V V_{CC} operation.

The PCA8550 is designed to multiplex four bits of data from parallel inputs or from I²C input data stored in a nonvolatile register. An additional bit of register output also is provided, which is latched to prevent changes in the output value during the write cycle. The factory default for the contents of the register is all low. These stored values can be read from, or written to, using the I²C bus. The ability to control writing to the register is provided by the write protect (WP) input. The override ($\overline{\text{OVERRIDE}}$) input forces all the register outputs to a low.

This device provides a fast-mode (400 kbit/s) or standard-mode (100 kbit/s) I²C serial interface for data input and output. The implementation is as a slave. The device address is specified in the I²C interface definition table. Both of the I²C Schmitt-trigger inputs (SCL and SDA) provide integrated pullup resistors and are 5-V tolerant.

The PCA8550 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

FUNCTION TABLE

| INPUTS | | OUTPUTS | |
|------------|------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| MUX SELECT | $\overline{\text{OVERRIDE}}$ | MUX OUT | NON-MUXED OUT |
| L | L | L | L |
| L | H | Nonvolatile register | Nonvolatile register |
| H | X | MUX IN | Latched NON-MUXED OUT† |

† The latched NON-MUXED OUT state is the value present on the NON-MUXED OUT output at the time the MUX SELECT input transitions from the low to the high state.



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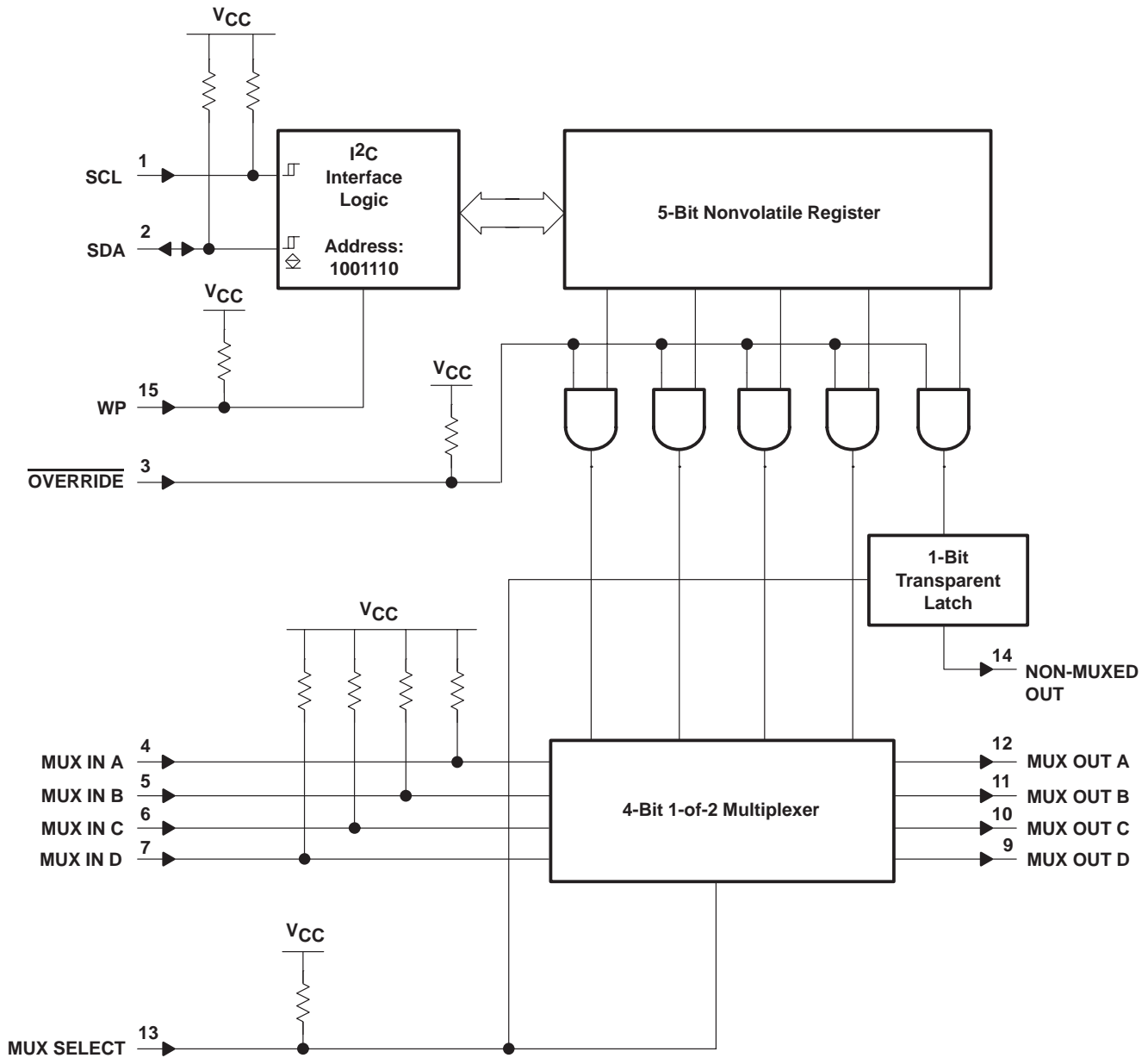
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logic diagram (positive logic)



I²C interface

I²C communication with this device is initiated by a master sending a start condition, a high-to-low transition on the serial data (SDA) input/output while the serial clock (SCL) input is high. After the start condition, the device address byte is sent, MSB first, including the data-direction bit ($\overline{R/W}$). This device does not respond to the general call address. After receiving the valid address byte, this device responds with an acknowledge, a low on the SDA input/output during the high of the acknowledge-related clock pulse.

The data byte follows the address acknowledge. If the $\overline{R/W}$ bit is high, the data from this device are the values read from the nonvolatile register. If the $\overline{R/W}$ bit is low, the data are from the master, to be written into the register. A valid data byte is one in which the three high-order bits are low. The first valid data byte that is received is written into the register, following the stop condition. If an invalid data byte is received, it is acknowledged, but is not written into the register. The data byte is followed by an acknowledge sent from this device. If other data bytes are sent from the master following the acknowledge, they are ignored by this device.

A stop condition, a low-to-high transition on the SDA input/output while the SCL input is high, is sent by the master. If the WP input is low during the falling edge of the first valid data byte acknowledge on the SCL input and the $\overline{R/W}$ bit is low, the stop condition causes the I²C interface logic to write the data byte value into the nonvolatile register. Data are written only if complete bytes are received and acknowledged. Writing to the register takes time (t_{wr}), during which the device does not respond to its slave address. If the WP input is high, the I²C interface logic does not write to the register.

I²C INTERFACE DEFINITION TABLE

| BYTE | BIT | | | | | | | |
|---------|---------|---|---|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------------|
| | 7 (MSB) | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 (LSB) |
| Address | H | L | L | H | H | H | L | $\overline{R/W}$ |
| Data | L | L | L | NON-MUXED OUT | MUX OUT D | MUX OUT C | MUX OUT B | MUX OUT A |

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

| | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Supply voltage range, V_{CC} | –0.5 V to 6.5 V |
| Input voltage range, V_I (see Note 1) | –0.5 V to 6.5 V |
| Output voltage range, V_O (SDA) (see Note 1) | –0.5 V to 6.5 V |
| Output voltage range, V_O (MUX OUT outputs) (see Note 1) | –0.5 V to 2.9 V |
| Output voltage range, V_O (NON-MUXED OUT output) (see Notes 1 and 2) | –0.5 V to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ V |
| Input clamp current, I_{IK} ($V_I < 0$) | –50 mA |
| Output clamp current, I_{OK} ($V_O < 0$ or $V_O > V_{CC}$) (see Note 2) | –50 mA, +10 mA |
| Input/output clamp current, I_{OK} ($V_O < 0$) | –50 mA |
| Continuous output current, I_O ($V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}) (see Note 2) | ±15 mA |
| Continuous current through V_{CC} or GND | ±30 mA |
| Package thermal impedance, θ_{JA} (see Note 3): D package | 113°C/W |
| DB package | 131°C/W |
| PW package | 149°C/W |
| Storage temperature range, T_{stg} | –65°C to 85°C |

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
 2. The value of V_{CC} is provided in the recommended operating conditions table.
 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

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recommended operating conditions

| | | MIN | MAX | UNIT | |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------|------|----|
| V _{CC} | Supply voltage | 3 | 3.6 | V | |
| V _{IH} | High-level input voltage | SCL, SDA | 2.7 | 4 | V |
| | | OVERVERRIDE, MUX IN, MUX SELECT, WP | 2 | 4 | |
| V _{IL} | Low-level input voltage | SCL, SDA | -0.5 | 0.9 | V |
| | | OVERVERRIDE, MUX IN, MUX SELECT, WP | -0.5 | 0.8 | |
| I _{OH} | High-level output current | | -2 | mA | |
| I _{OL} | Low-level output current | SDA | | 6 | mA |
| | | MUX OUT, NON-MUXED OUT | | 2 | |
| Δt/Δv | Input transition rise or fall rate | | 10 | ns/V | |
| T _A | Operating free-air temperature | 0 | 70 | °C | |

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|------|
| V _{IK} | Input diode clamp voltage | I _I = -18 mA | -1.5 | | V |
| V _{hys} [†] | SCL, SDA | | 0.19 | | V |
| V _{OH} | MUX OUT | I _{OH} = -100 μA | 2 | 2.625 | V |
| | | I _{OH} = -1 mA | 1.7 | 2.625 | |
| | NON-MUXED OUT | I _{OH} = -100 μA | 2.4 | 3.6 | |
| | | I _{OH} = -2 mA | 2 | 3.6 | |
| V _{OL} | MUX OUT | I _{OL} = 100 μA | -0.3 | 0.4 | V |
| | | I _{OL} = 2 mA | -0.3 | 0.7 | |
| | NON-MUXED OUT | I _{OL} = 100 μA | -0.5 | 0.4 | |
| | | I _{OL} = 2 mA | -0.5 | 0.7 | |
| | SDA | I _{OL} = 3 mA | | 0.4 | |
| | | I _{OL} = 6 mA | | 0.6 | |
| I _{IH} | SCL, SDA | V _{IH} = 2.4 V | -1.5 | -12 | μA |
| | OVERVERRIDE, MUX SELECT, WP | | -20 | -100 | |
| | MUX IN | | -0.166 | -0.75 | mA |
| I _{IL} | SCL, SDA | V _{IL} = 0.4 V | -7 | -32 | μA |
| | OVERVERRIDE, MUX SELECT, WP | | -86 | -267 | |
| | MUX IN | | -0.72 | -2 | mA |
| I _{CC} | During read or write cycle | V _I = 0 to V _{CC} , I _O = 0, V _{CC} = 3.3 V | | 10 | mA |
| | Not during read or write cycle | V _I = V _{CC} , I _O = 0 | | 500 | μA |
| C _i | | V _I = V _{CC} or GND | | 10 | pF |

[†] V_{hys} is the hysteresis of Schmitt-trigger inputs.



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nonvolatile storage specifications

| PARAMETER | SPECIFICATIONS |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Write time (t_{wr}) | 10 ms, typical |
| Memory-cell data retention | 10 years, minimum |
| Maximum number of memory-cell write cycles | 1000 cycles, minimum |

I²C interface timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

| | | $V_{CC} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$ | | UNIT |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----|---------|
| | | MIN | MAX | |
| f_{scl} | I ² C clock frequency | 10 | 400 | kHz |
| T_{sch} | I ² C clock high time | 600 | | ns |
| T_{scl} | I ² C clock low time | 1.3 | | μ s |
| T_{sp} | I ² C spike time | 0 | 50 | ns |
| T_{sds} | I ² C serial data setup time | 100 | | ns |
| T_{sdh} | I ² C serial data hold time | 0 | 900 | ns |
| T_{icr} | I ² C input rise time | 20 | 300 | ns |
| T_{icf} | I ² C input fall time | 20 | 300 | ns |
| T_{ocf} | I ² C output fall time (10-pF to 400-pF bus) | $20 + 0.1 C_b^\dagger$ | 250 | ns |
| T_{buf} | I ² C bus free time between stop and start | 1.3 | | μ s |
| T_{sts} | I ² C start or repeated start condition setup | 600 | | ns |
| T_{sth} | I ² C start or repeated start condition hold | 600 | | ns |
| T_{sps} | I ² C stop condition setup | 600 | | ns |
| C_b^\dagger | I ² C bus capacitive load | | 400 | pF |

$^\dagger C_b$ = capacitance of one bus line in pF.

switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)

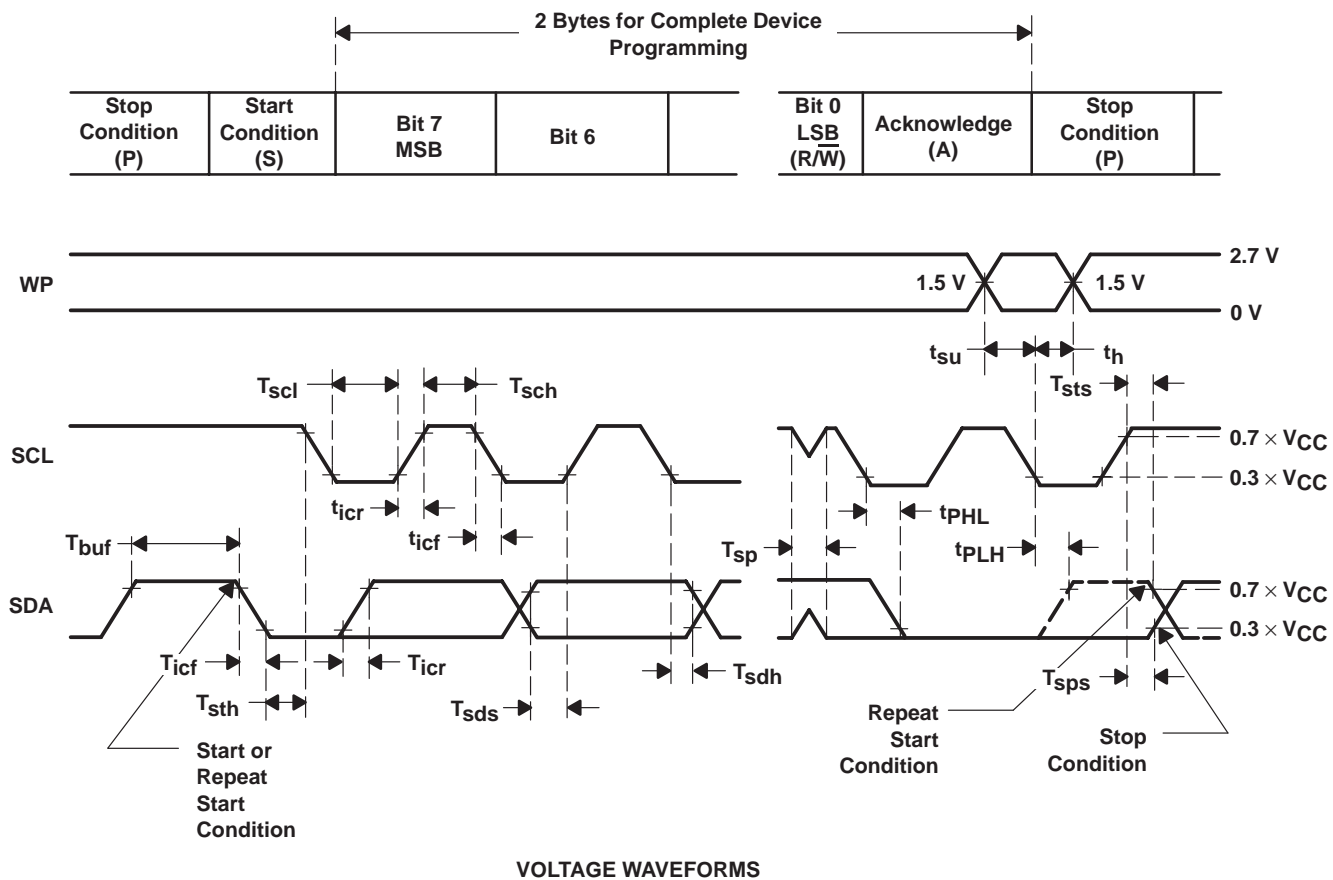
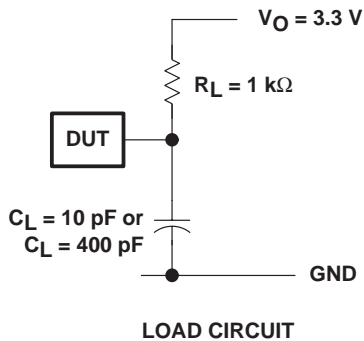
| PARAMETER | FROM (INPUT) | TO (OUTPUT) | $V_{CC} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$ | | UNIT |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----|------|
| | | | MIN | MAX | |
| t_{mpd} | Mux input to output propagation delay | MUX IN | | 20 | ns |
| t_{sov} | MUX SELECT to output valid | MUX SELECT | | 22 | ns |
| t_{ovn} | $\overline{\text{OVERRIDE}}$ to NON-MUXED OUT output delay | $\overline{\text{OVERRIDE}}$ | | 15 | ns |
| t_{ovm} | $\overline{\text{OVERRIDE}}$ to MUX OUT output delay | $\overline{\text{OVERRIDE}}$ | | 25 | ns |
| t_{su} | Setup time | WP | | 30 | ns |
| t_h | Hold time | WP | | 120 | ns |
| t_r | Output rise time | | 1 | 3 | ns/V |
| t_f | Output fall time | | 1 | 3 | ns/V |



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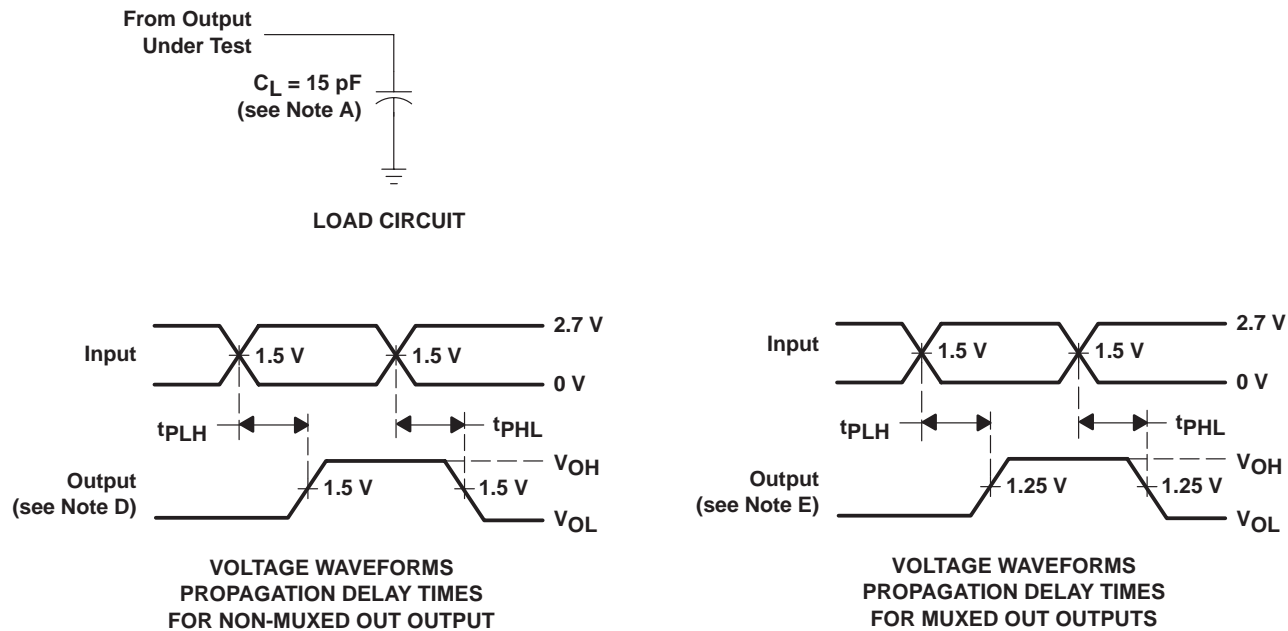
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



| BYTE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---------------------------|
| 1 | I ² C address |
| 2 | Nonvolatile register data |

Figure 1. I²C Interface Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



- NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
 B. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 10$ MHz, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_r \leq 2.5$ ns, $t_f \leq 2.5$ ns.
 C. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
 D. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{sov} and t_{ovn} .
 E. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{mpd} , t_{sov} , and t_{ovm} .

Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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