

150 mA capless ultra low drop linear regulator ICs

Datasheet - production data



Description

The LDCL015 provides 150 mA of maximum current from an input voltage ranging from 1.8 V to 5.5 V, with a typical dropout voltage of 50 mV. It is stable with no input or output capacitor. Low quiescent current, low noise and capless operation make it suitable for low power battery-powered applications and allows the reduction of board size. Typical power supply rejection ratio is 52 dB at low frequencies, and starts to roll off at 10 kHz. The Enable logic control function puts the LDCL015 in shutdown mode, reducing the total current consumption to less than 1 μ A. The device also includes short-circuit constant current limit and thermal protection. Typical applications are mobile phones, personal digital assistants and similar battery-powered systems.

Features

- No input or output capacitor required
- Input voltage from 1.8 V to 5.5 V
- Very low drop: 50 mV at 100 mA load
- $\pm 2\%$ output voltage accuracy
- Output voltage tolerance over temperature: $\pm 3\%$
- Low noise
- 150 mA guaranteed output current
- Available in fixed and adjustable output voltages, from 0.8 V in 100 mV steps
- Internal current and thermal limit
- Operating temperature range: - 40 °C to 125 °C
- SOT23 5-lead package

Applications

- Space-sensitive applications
- Battery-powered equipment
- Cordless and mobile phones
- Industrial and medical equipment
- Portable equipment

Table 1. Device summary

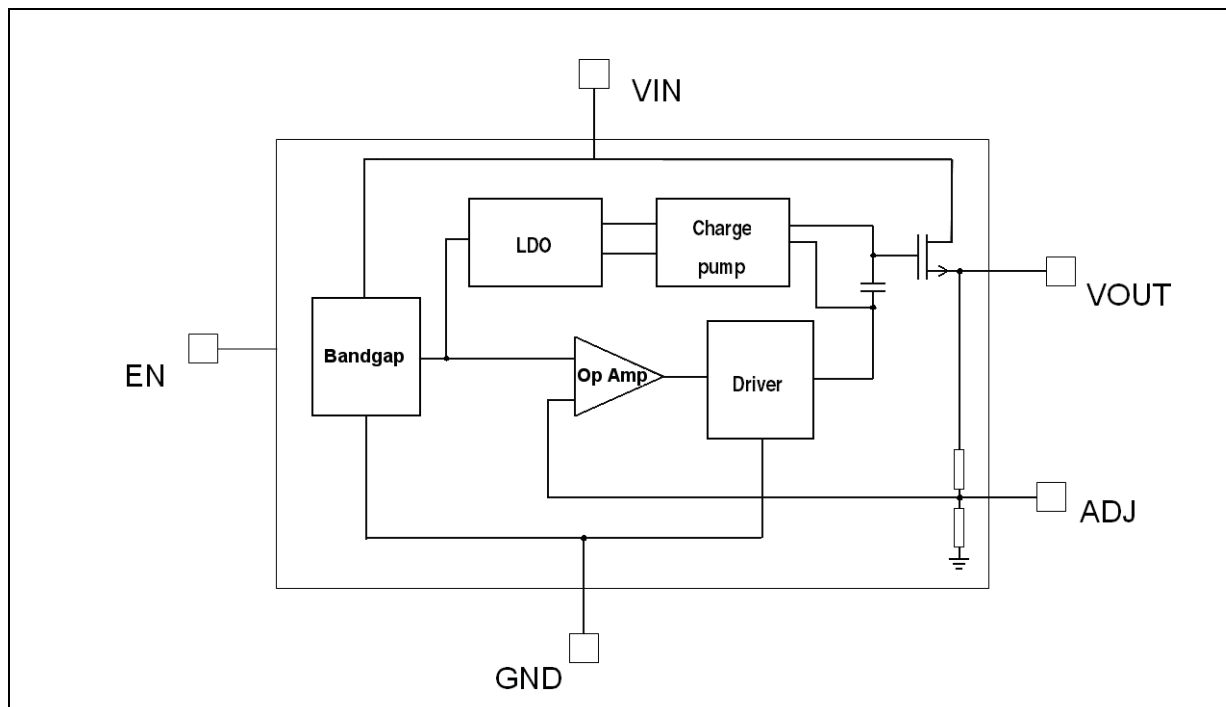
Markings	Order codes	Output voltages
CL33	LDCL015M33R	3.3 V
CLAD	LDCL015MR	Adjustable from 0.8

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1 Block diagram

Figure 1. LDCL015 block diagram



2 Pin configuration

Figure 2. Pin connections (top view)

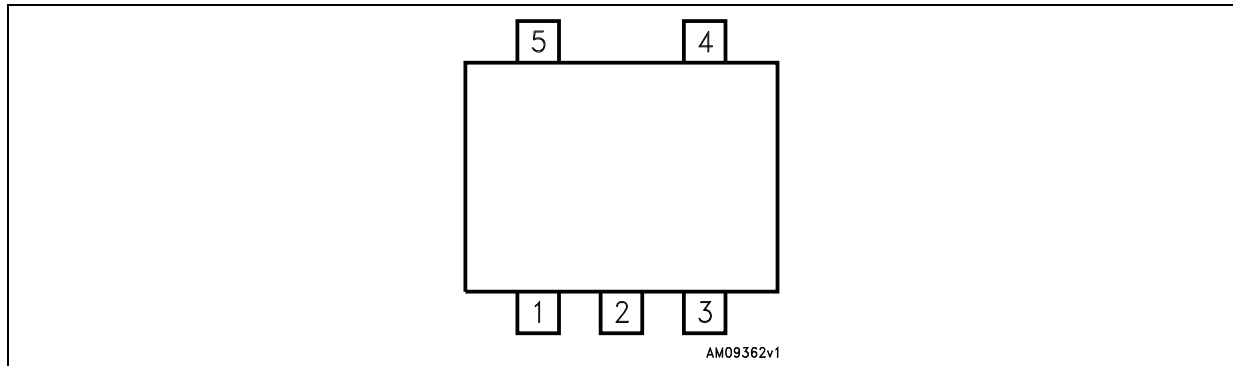


Table 2. Pin description

Pin n°	Symbol	Name and function
1	V_{IN}	Input voltage
2	GND	Ground
3	EN	Enable pin. The device is in OFF state when this pin is pulled low
4	ADJ/NC	Feedback pin for adjustable version. Not connected on fixed version
5	V_{OUT}	Output voltage

3 Typical application

Figure 3. Typical application schematic - adjustable version

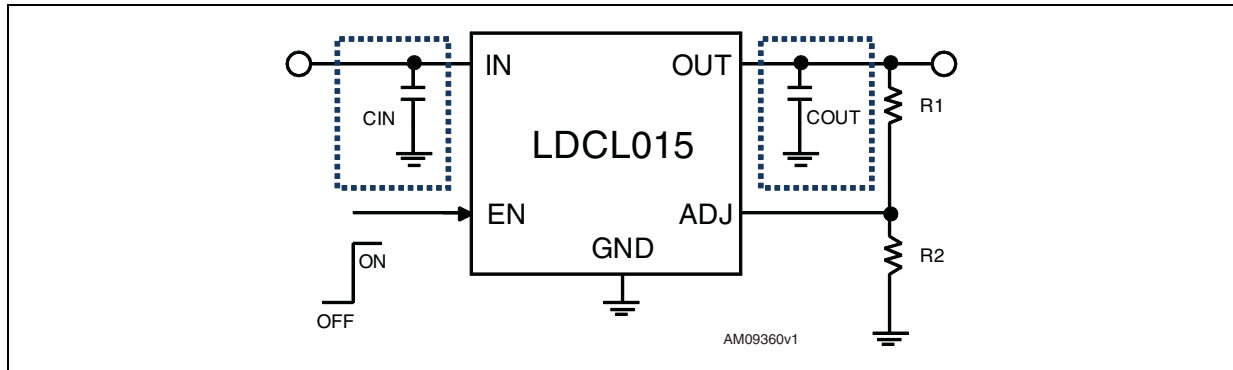
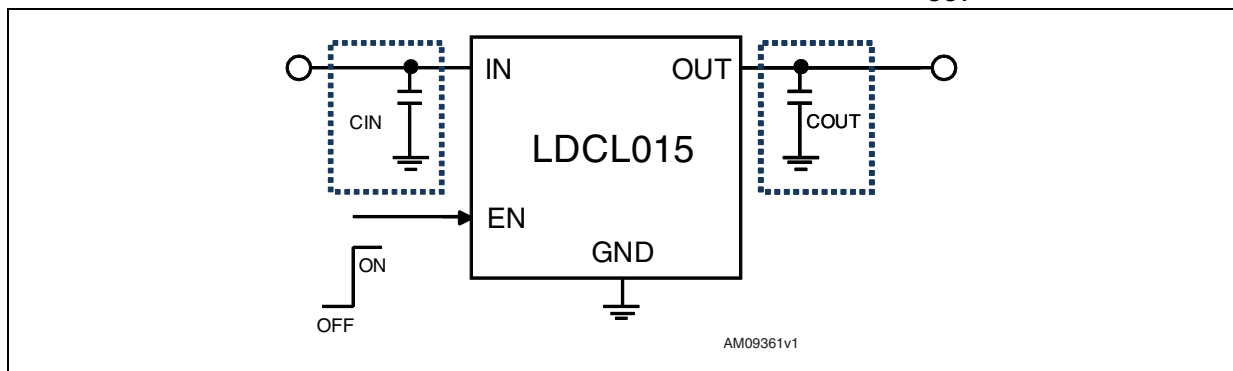


Figure 4. Typical application schematic - fixed V_{OUT} version



- Note:
- 1 $R1$ and $R2$ are calculated according to the following formula: $R1 = R2 \times (V_{OUT}/V_{ADJ} - 1)$.
 - 2 C_{IN} and C_{OUT} are optional.

4 Maximum ratings

Table 3. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{IN}	Input supply voltage	-0.3 to +7	V
V_{OUT}	Output voltage	-0.3 to $V_{IN} + 0.3$	V
I_{OUT}	Output current	Internally limited	A
EN, ADJ	Enable and feedback pin voltage	-0.3 to $+V_{IN} + 0.3$	V
P_D	Power dissipation	Internally limited	W
ESD	Machine model	± 300	V
	Human body model	± 3000	
T_{J-OP}	Operating junction temperature	-40 to 125	°C
T_{J-MAX}	Maximum junction temperature	150	°C
T_{STG}	Storage temperature	-65 to 150	°C

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these condition is not implied.

Table 4. Thermal data

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
R_{thJC}	Thermal resistance junction-case	81	°C/W
R_{thJA}	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	255	°C/W

5 Electrical characteristics

$T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5\text{ V}$; $V_{OUT} = 1.6\text{ V}$; $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 100\text{ nF}$; $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$; $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$.

Table 5. Electrical characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_{IN}	Operating input voltage range		1.8		5.5	V
$V_{OUT}^{(1)}$	Output voltage accuracy	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-2.0		2.0	%
		$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_J < 125^\circ\text{C}$	-3.0		3.0	
V_{REF}	Reference voltage for adjustable version			0.8		V
	Reference accuracy for adjustable version	$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_J < 125^\circ\text{C}$	-3.0		3.0	%
	Adj. current	$0 < V_{ADJ} < 5.5\text{ V}$	-1		1	μA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}\%}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	Static line regulation	$V_{OUT} + 0.5\text{ V} < V_{IN} < 5.5\text{ V}$; $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.05		%/V
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}\%}{\Delta I_{OUT}}$	Static load regulation	$1\text{ mA} < I_{OUT} < 150\text{ mA}$; $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.003		%/mA
V_{DROP}	Dropout voltage ⁽²⁾	$V_{OUT} = 1.6\text{ V}$; $I_{OUT} = 100\text{ mA}$; $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_J < 125^\circ\text{C}$		50	100	mV
eN	Output noise voltage 10 Hz to 100k Hz; $I_O = 10\text{ mA}$	$V_{OUT} = 1\text{ V}$		40		μV_{RMS}
SVR	Supply voltage rejection	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1\text{ V} + V_{RIPPLE}$ $V_{RIPPLE-PP} = 0.5\text{ V}$ Freq.=1kHz; $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$		52		dB
		$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1\text{ V} + V_{RIPPLE}$ $V_{RIPPLE-PP} = 0.5\text{ V}$ Freq.=10kHz; $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$		51		
I_Q	Quiescent current ⁽²⁾	$0 < I_{OUT} < 150\text{ mA}$; $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_J < 125^\circ\text{C}$		120	160	μA
		Shutdown Mode			1	
I_{SC}	Short-circuit current ⁽²⁾	$V_{OUT} = 0\text{ V}$	220			mA
V_{EN}	Enable Input logic low	$1.8\text{ V} < V_{IN} < 5.5\text{ V}$, $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_J < 125^\circ\text{C}$			0.3	V
	Enable input logic high		1.0			
I_{EN}	Enable pin input current	$V_{EN} = V_{IN}$; $1.8\text{ V} < V_{IN} < 5.5\text{ V}$		0.1	100	nA
T_{ON}	Turn-on time ⁽³⁾	$V_{OUT} = 0.8\text{ V}$		300		μs
T_{SHDN}	Thermal shutdown			170		$^\circ\text{C}$
	Hysteresis			150		

1. Minimum $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + V_{DROP}$ or 1.8 V, whichever is greater.
2. Dropout voltage is the input-to-output voltage difference at which the output voltage is 100 mV below its nominal value; this specification does not apply for nominal output voltages below 1.6 V.
3. Turn-on time is the time measured between the enable input just exceeding V_{EN} high value and the output voltage just reaching 95% of its nominal value.

6 Typical performance characteristics

Figure 5. Output voltage vs. temperature
($V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$)

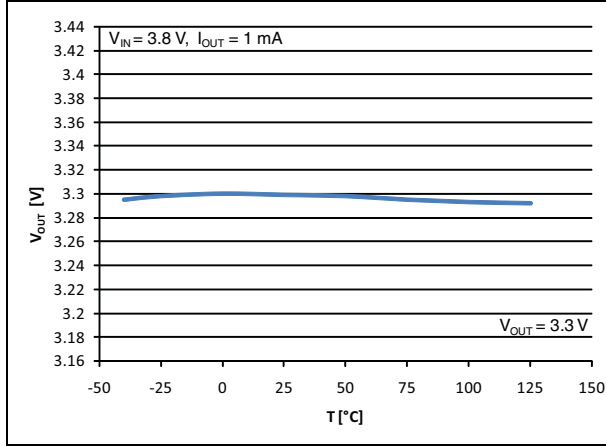


Figure 6. Output voltage vs. temperature
($V_{OUT} = 0.8\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$)

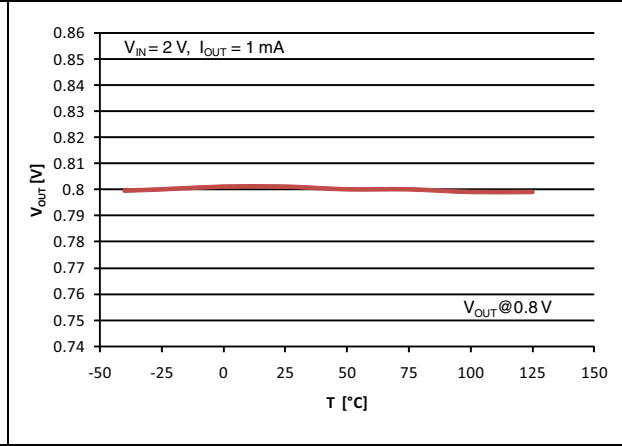


Figure 7. Output voltage vs. temperature
($V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 150\text{ mA}$)

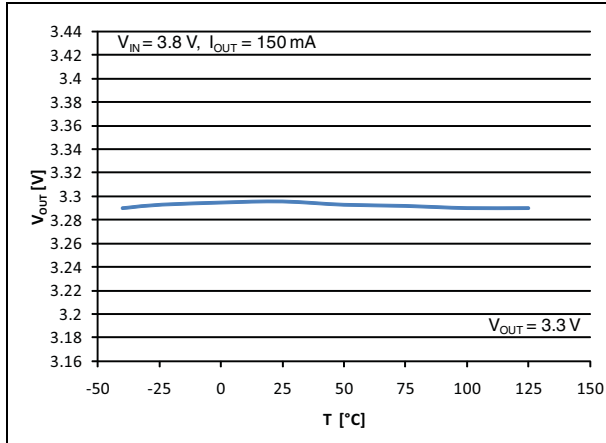


Figure 8. Output voltage vs. temperature
($V_{OUT} = 0.8\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 150\text{ mA}$)

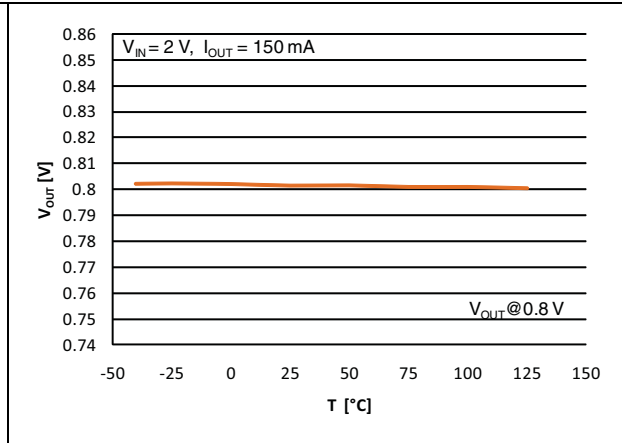


Figure 9. Output voltage vs. input voltage
($V_{OUT} = 0.8\text{ V}$)

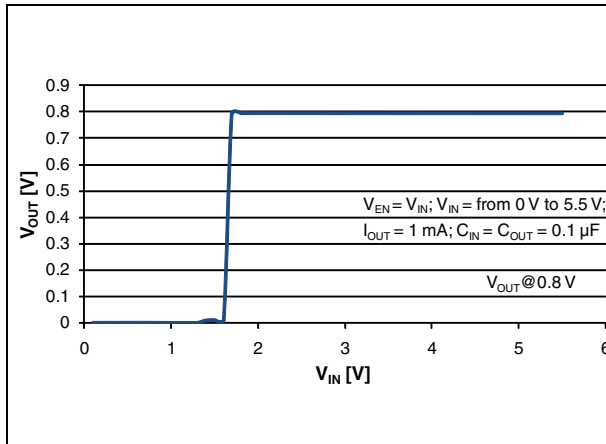


Figure 10. Output voltage vs. input voltage
($V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$)

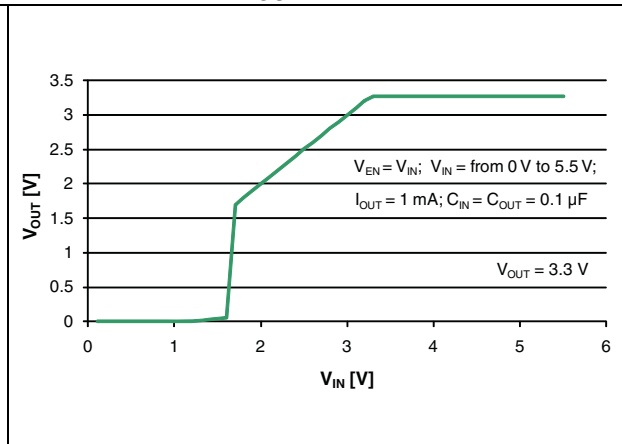


Figure 11. Dropout voltage vs. temperature

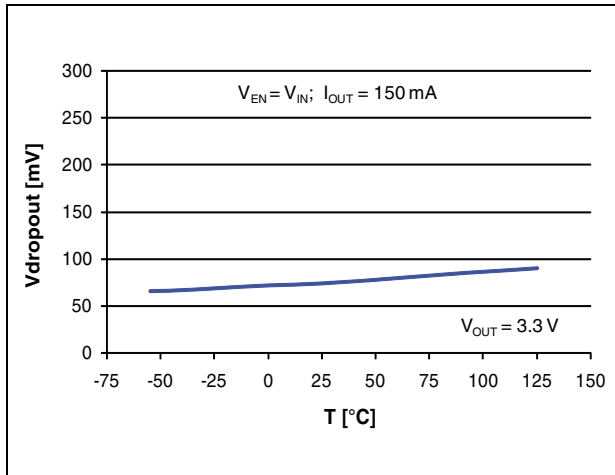


Figure 12. SVR vs. frequency ($C_{OUT} = 0.1 \mu F$)

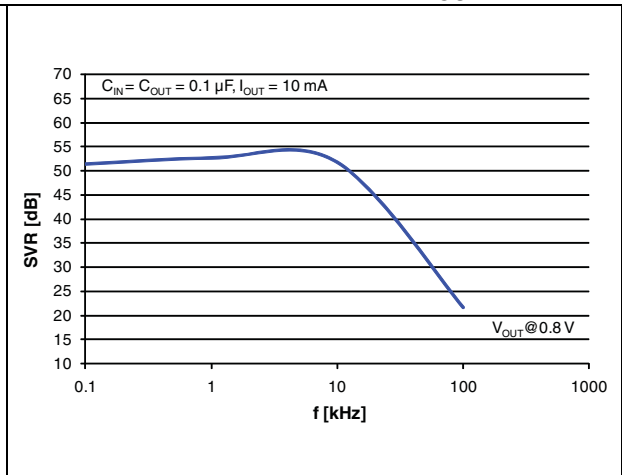


Figure 13. SVR vs. frequency, no C_{OUT}

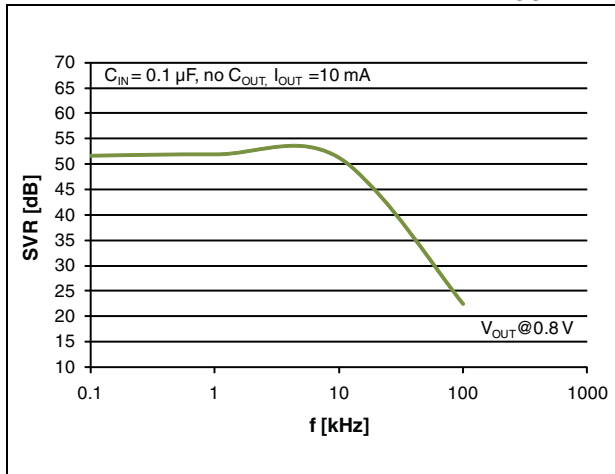


Figure 14. Noise voltage vs. C_{OUT}

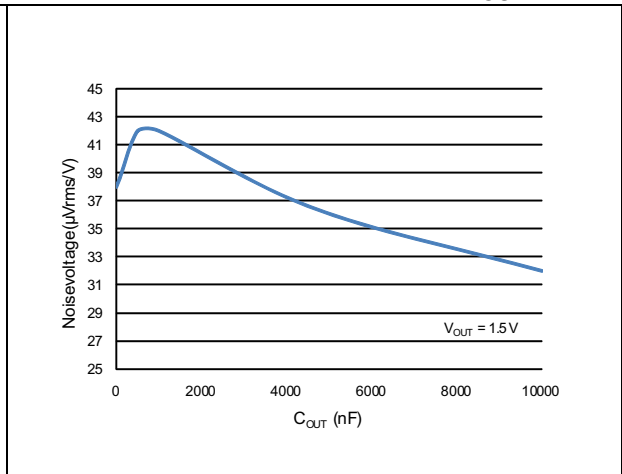
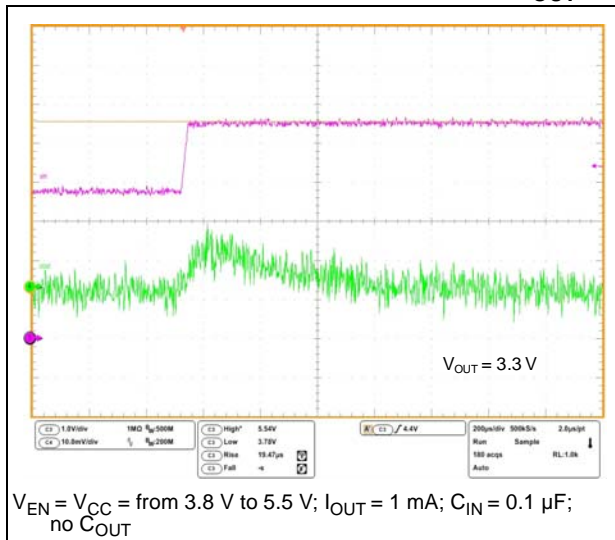
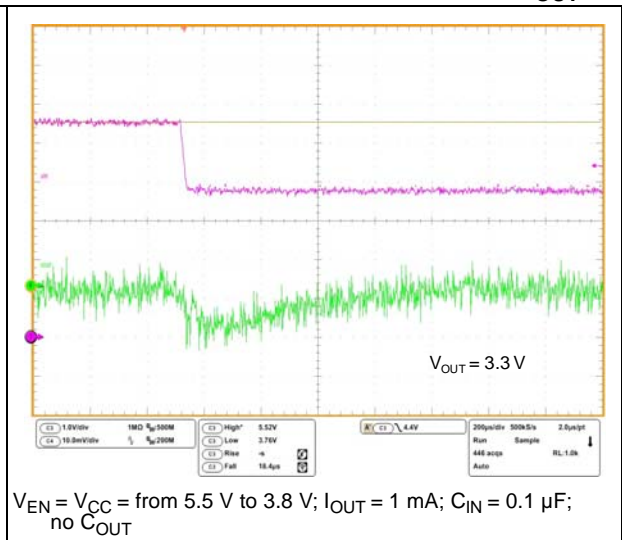


Figure 15. Line transient (rising), no C_{OUT}



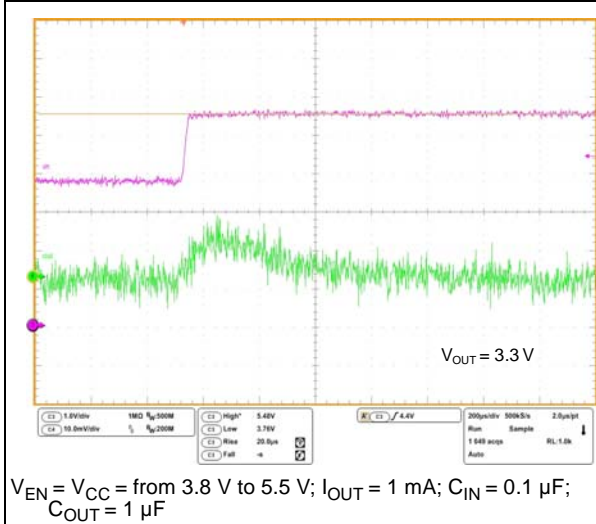
$V_{EN} = V_{CC} =$ from 3.8 V to 5.5 V; $I_{OUT} = 1$ mA; $C_{IN} = 0.1 \mu F$; no C_{OUT}

Figure 16. Line transient (falling), no C_{OUT}



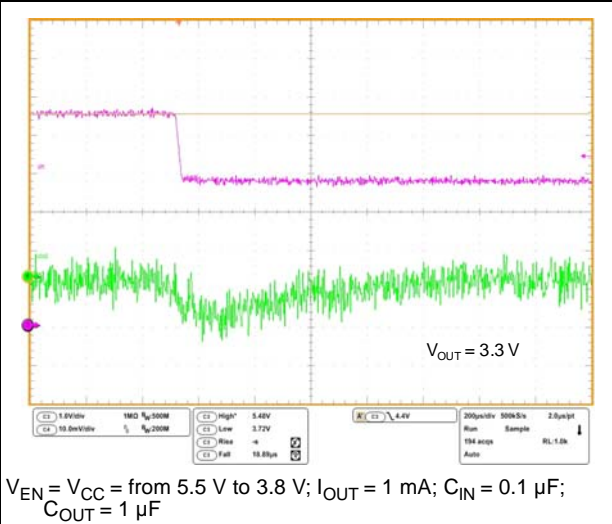
$V_{EN} = V_{CC} =$ from 5.5 V to 3.8 V; $I_{OUT} = 1$ mA; $C_{IN} = 0.1 \mu F$; no C_{OUT}

Figure 17. Line transient (rising), $C_{OUT} = 1 \mu F$



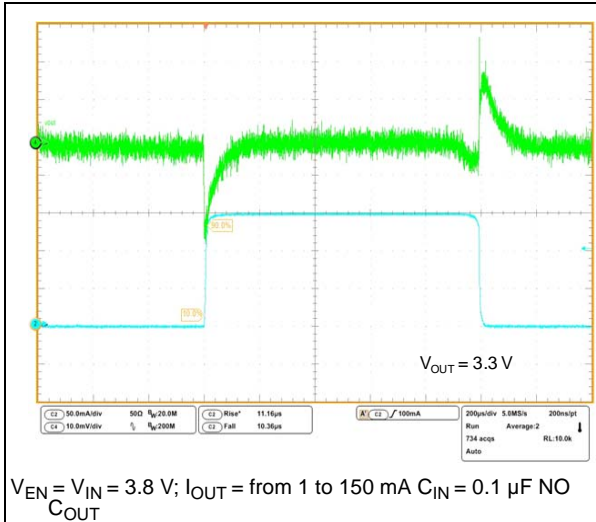
$V_{EN} = V_{CC} =$ from 3.8 V to 5.5 V; $I_{OUT} = 1$ mA; $C_{IN} = 0.1 \mu F$; $C_{OUT} = 1 \mu F$

Figure 18. Line transient (falling), $C_{OUT} = 1 \mu F$



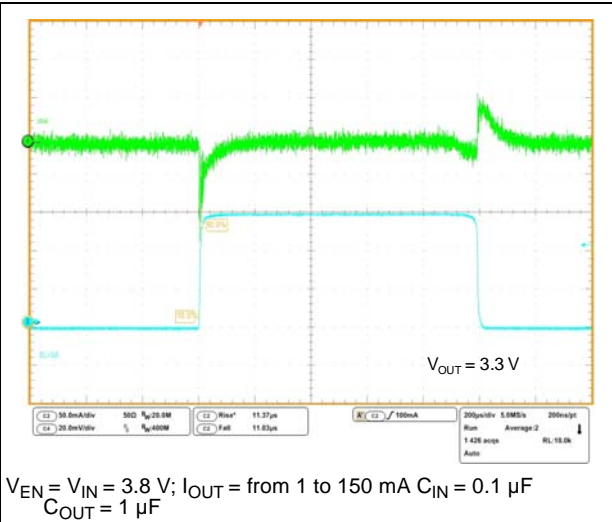
$V_{EN} = V_{CC} =$ from 5.5 V to 3.8 V; $I_{OUT} = 1$ mA; $C_{IN} = 0.1 \mu F$; $C_{OUT} = 1 \mu F$

Figure 19. Load transient, no C_{OUT}



$V_{EN} = V_{IN} = 3.8$ V; $I_{OUT} =$ from 1 to 150 mA $C_{IN} = 0.1 \mu F$ NO C_{OUT}

Figure 20. Load transient $C_{OUT} = 1 \mu F$



$V_{EN} = V_{IN} = 3.8$ V; $I_{OUT} =$ from 1 to 150 mA $C_{IN} = 0.1 \mu F$ $C_{OUT} = 1 \mu F$

7 Application information

7.1 General operation

The main feature of the LDCL015 is its capability to operate with or without input and output capacitors. To achieve this goal, the LDO architecture is based on a robust operational amplifier which has sufficient phase margin over all positions of the output capacitor pole.

The LDCL015 can operate with a 100 nF output capacitor, but also without an output capacitor, showing in both configurations good supply voltage rejection, stability and dynamic performance.

7.2 Thermal and short-circuit protection

The LDCL015 is self-protected from short-circuit condition and overtemperature. When the output load is higher than that supported by the device, the output current is increased until the limit of 220 mA (typ) is reached, at which point the current is kept constant even when the load impedance is zero.

Thermal protection acts when the junction temperature reaches 170 °C. At this point the IC is completely shut down. As soon as the junction temperature falls back below 150 °C, the device begins operating again.

To calculate the maximum power that the device can dissipate while keeping the junction temperature below the T_{J-OP} , the following formula is used:

Equation 1

$$P_{DMAX} = (125 - T_{AMB}) / R_{thJA}$$

7.3 Output voltage setting for ADJ version

In the adjustable version, the output voltage can be set from 0.8 V up to the input voltage, minus the voltage drop across the pass transistor (dropout voltage), by connecting a resistor divider between the ADJ pin and the output, thus allowing remote voltage sensing.

The resistor divider should be selected using the following equation:

Equation 2

$$V_{OUT} = V_{ADJ} (1 + R1 / R2), \text{ with } V_{ADJ} = 0.8 \text{ V (typ.)}$$

It is recommended to use resistors with values in the range of 10 kΩ to 50 kΩ. Lower values can also be suitable, but will increase current consumption.

7.4 Enable pin

The LDCL015 features an enable function. When the EN voltage is higher than 2 V, the device is ON; if it is lower than 0.8 V, the device is OFF.

In shutdown mode, the current consumption is lower than 1 μA.

The EN pin does not have an internal pull-up, which means that it cannot be left floating if it is not used.

8 Package mechanical data

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK[®] packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK[®] specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com. ECOPACK[®] is an ST trademark.

Figure 21. SOT23-5L mechanical drawing

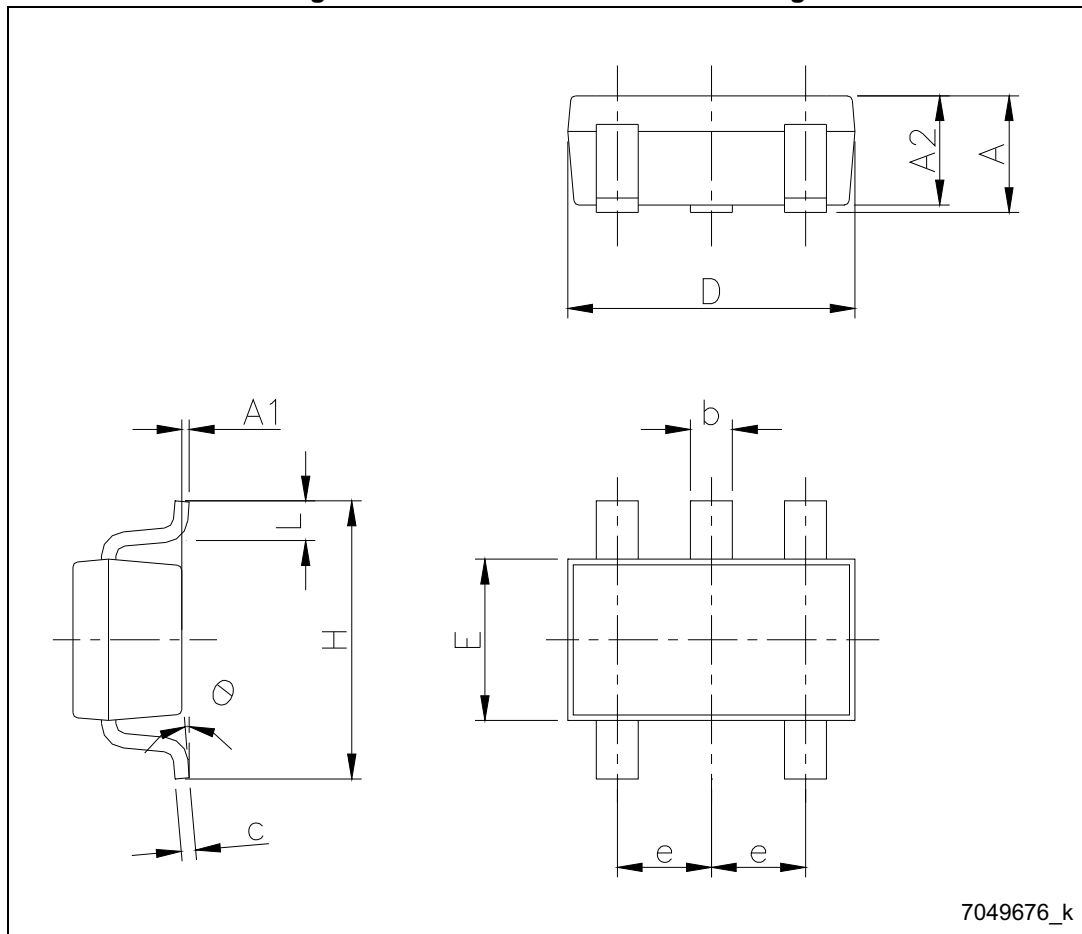
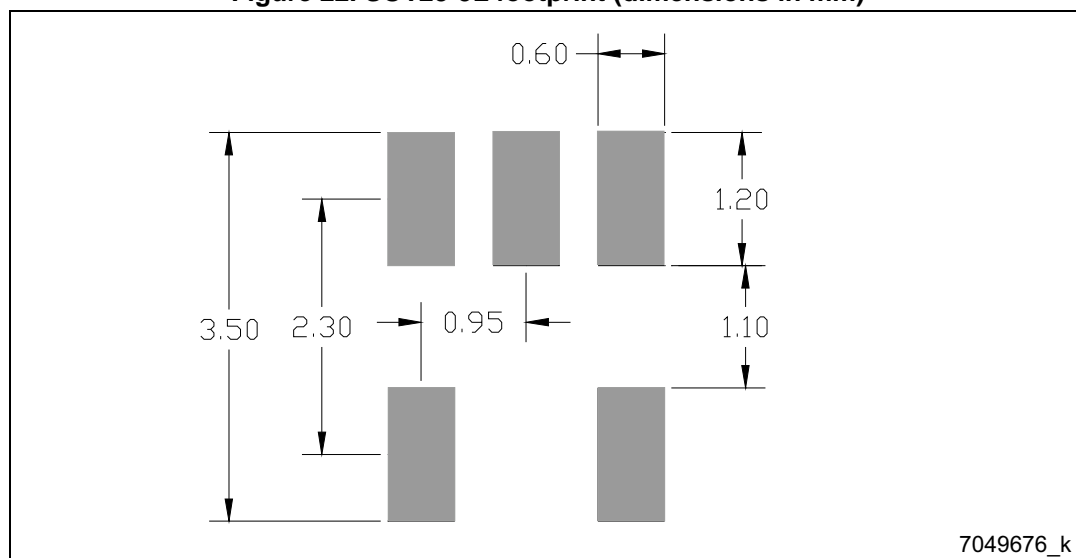


Table 6. SOT23-5L mechanical data

Dim.	mm		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	0.90		1.45
A1	0		0.15
A2	0.90		1.30
b	0.30		0.50
c	2.09		0.20
D		2.95	
E		1.60	
e		0.95	
H		2.80	
L	0.30		0.60
θ	0		8

Figure 22. SOT23-5L footprint (dimensions in mm)



9 Packaging mechanical data

Figure 23. SOT23-5L tape and reel drawing

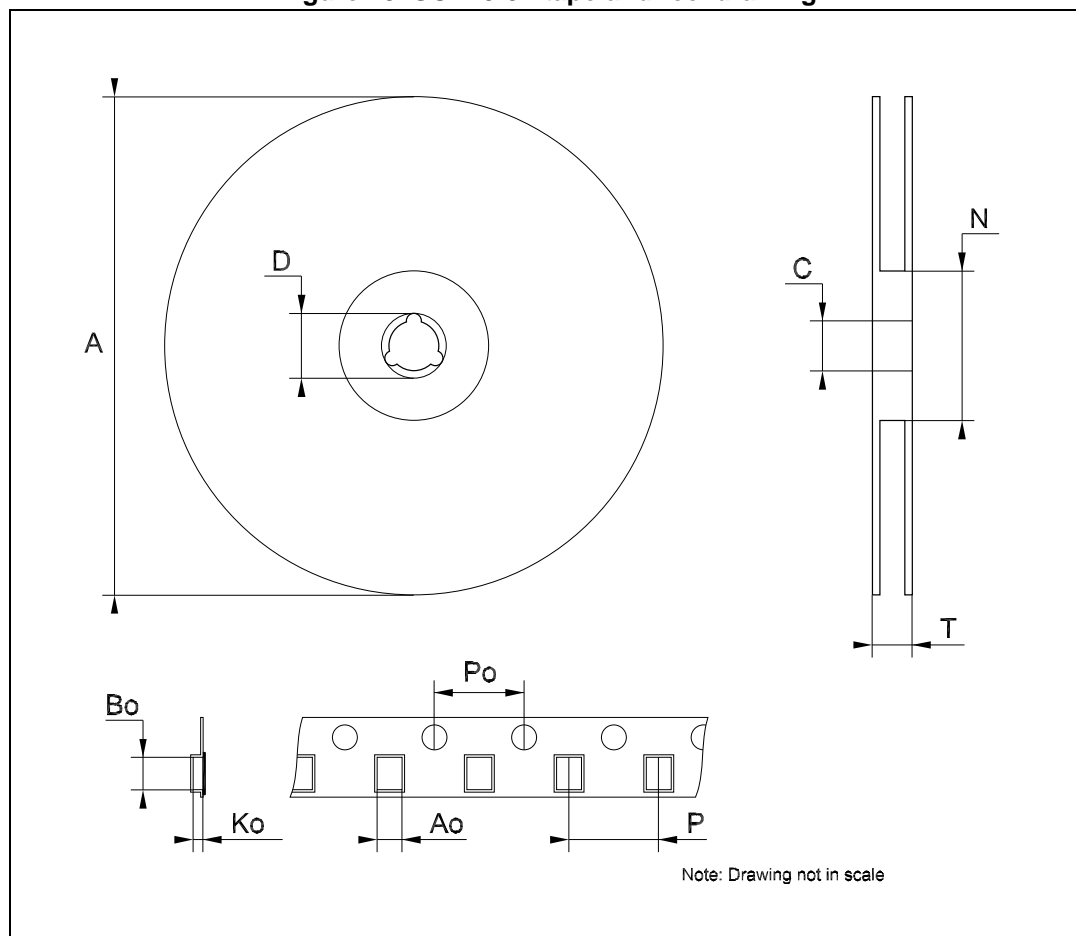


Table 7. SOT23-5L tape and reel mechanical data

Dim.	mm		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A			180
C	12.8	13.0	13.2
D	20.2		
N	60		
T			14.4
Ao	3.13	3.23	3.33
Bo	3.07	3.17	3.27
Ko	1.27	1.37	1.47
Po	3.9	4.0	4.1
P	3.9	4.0	4.1

10 Revision history

Table 8. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
05-Sep-2011	1	First release.
15-Sep-2011	2	Added part number LDCL015XX to document heading and Table 1 . Modified document title. Removed Section 8: Other output voltage versions of the LDCL015 available on request.
09-May-2014	3	Part numbers LDCL015XX and LDCL015XX33 changed to LDCL015. Updated Section 6: Typical performance characteristics and Section 8: Package mechanical data . Added Section 9: Packaging mechanical data . Minor text changes.

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