

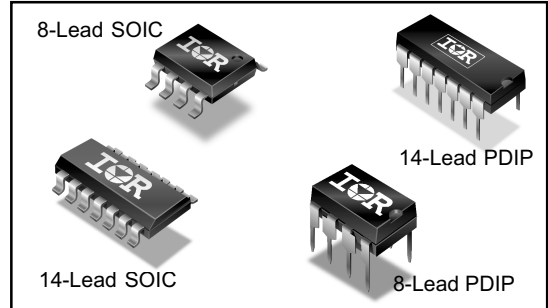
# IRS2106/IRS21064(S)PbF

## HIGH AND LOW SIDE DRIVER

### Features

- Floating channel designed for bootstrap operation
- Fully operational to +600 V
- Tolerant to negative transient voltage, dV/dt immune
- Gate drive supply range from 10 V to 20 V
- Undervoltage lockout for both channels
- 3.3 V, 5 V, and 15 V input logic compatible
- Matched propagation delay for both channels
- Logic and power ground +/- 5 V offset.
- Lower di/dt gate driver for better noise immunity
- Outputs in phase with inputs (IRS2106)

### Packages



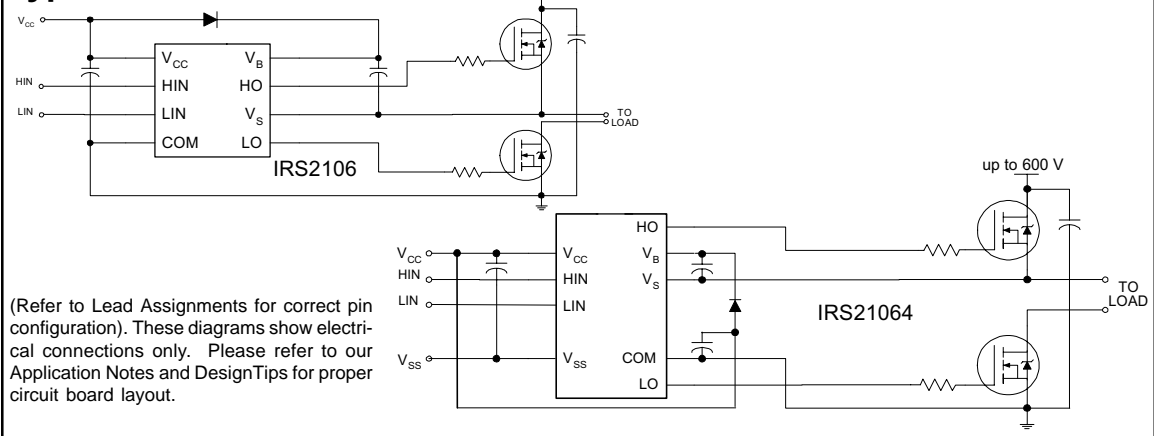
### Description

The IRS2106/IRS21064 are high voltage, high speed power MOSFET and IGBT drivers with independent high and low side referenced output channels. Proprietary HVIC and latch immune CMOS technologies enable ruggedized monolithic construction. The logic input is compatible with standard CMOS or LSTTL output, down to 3.3 V logic. The output drivers feature a high pulse current buffer stage designed for minimum driver cross-conduction. The floating channel can be used to drive an N-channel power MOSFET or IGBT in the high side configuration which operates up to 600 V.

### Feature Comparison

Part	Input logic	Cross-conduction prevention logic	Dead-Time	Ground Pins	Ton/Toff
2106/2301	HIN/LIN	no	none	COM	220/200
21064				VSS/COM	
2108	HIN/LIN	yes	Internal 540ns	COM	220/200
21084			Programmable 0.54~5µs	VSS/COM	
2109/2302	IN/SD	yes	Internal 540ns	COM	750/200
21094			Programmable 0.54~5µs	VSS/COM	
2304	HIN/LIN	yes	Internal 100ns	COM	160/140

### Typical Connection



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum ratings indicate sustained limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. All voltage parameters are absolute voltages referenced to COM. The thermal resistance and power dissipation ratings are measured under board mounted and still air conditions.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Max.	Units	
V <sub>B</sub>	High side floating absolute voltage	-0.3	625	V	
V <sub>S</sub>	High side floating supply offset voltage	V <sub>B</sub> - 25	V <sub>B</sub> + 0.3		
V <sub>HO</sub>	High side floating output voltage	V <sub>S</sub> - 0.3	V <sub>B</sub> + 0.3		
V <sub>CC</sub>	Low side and logic fixed supply voltage	-0.3	25		
V <sub>LO</sub>	Low side output voltage	-0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3		
V <sub>IN</sub>	Logic input voltage	V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3		
V <sub>SS</sub>	Logic ground (IRS21064 only)	V <sub>CC</sub> - 25	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3		
dV <sub>S</sub> /dt	Allowable offset supply voltage transient	—	50	V/ns	
P <sub>D</sub>	Package power dissipation @ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +25 °C	(8 lead PDIP)	—	1.0	W
		(8 lead SOIC)	—	0.625	
		(14 lead PDIP)	—	1.6	
		(14 lead SOIC)	—	1.0	
R <sub>thJA</sub>	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient	(8 lead PDIP)	—	125	°C/W
		(8 lead SOIC)	—	200	
		(14 lead PDIP)	—	75	
		(14 lead SOIC)	—	120	
T <sub>J</sub>	Junction temperature	—	150	°C	
T <sub>S</sub>	Storage temperature	-50	150		
T <sub>L</sub>	Lead temperature (soldering, 10 seconds)	—	300		

## Recommended Operating Conditions

The input/output logic timing diagram is shown in Fig. 1. For proper operation the device should be used within the recommended conditions. The  $V_S$  and  $V_{SS}$  offset rating are tested with all supplies biased at a 15 V differential.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Max.	Units
$V_B$	High side floating supply absolute voltage	$V_S + 10$	$V_S + 20$	V
$V_S$	High side floating supply offset voltage	Note 1	600	
$V_{HO}$	High side floating output voltage	$V_S$	$V_B$	
$V_{CC}$	Low side and logic fixed supply voltage	10	20	
$V_{LO}$	Low side output voltage	0	$V_{CC}$	
$V_{IN}$	Logic input voltage	$V_{SS}$	$V_{CC}$	
$V_{SS}$	Logic ground (IRS21064 only)	-5	5	
$T_A$	Ambient temperature	-40	125	°C

Note 1: Logic operational for  $V_S$  of -5 V to +600 V. Logic state held for  $V_S$  of -5 V to  $-V_{BS}$ . (Please refer to the Design Tip DT97-3 for more details).

## Dynamic Electrical Characteristics

$V_{BIAS} (V_{CC}, V_{BS}) = 15 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = \text{COM}$ ,  $C_L = 1000 \text{ pF}$ ,  $T_A = 25 \text{ °C}$ .

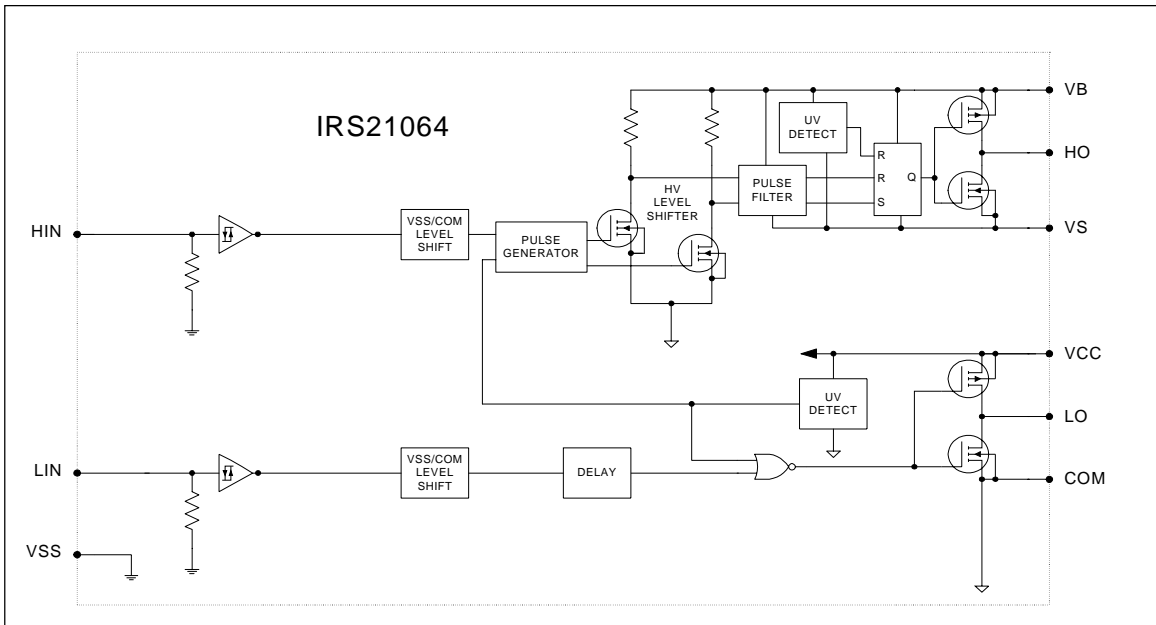
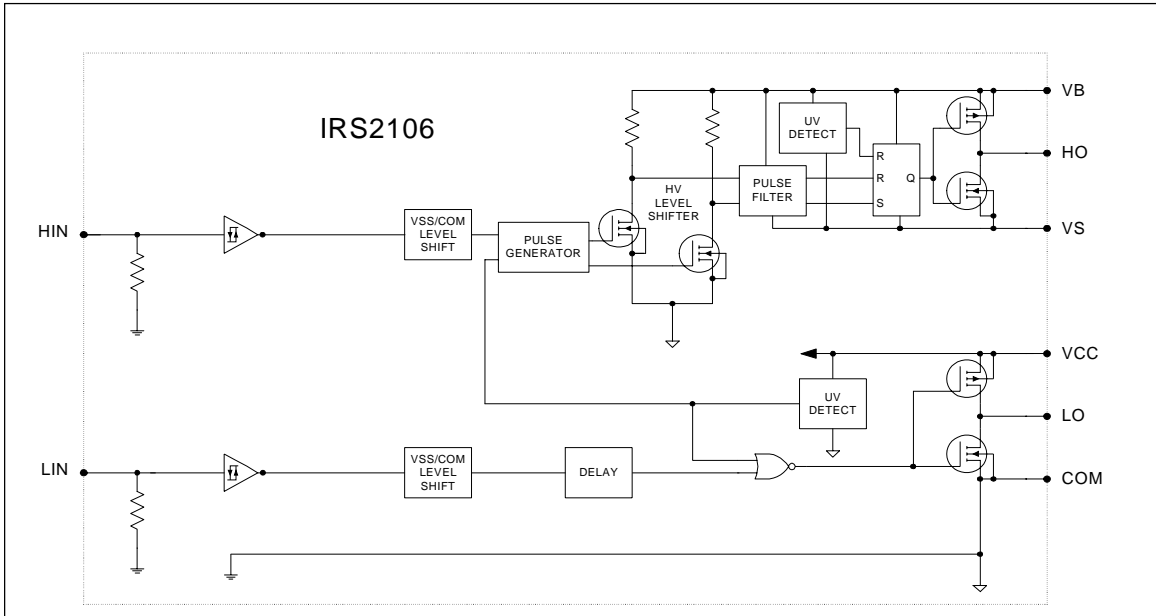
Symbol	Definition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$t_{on}$	Turn-on propagation delay	—	220	300	ns	$V_S = 0 \text{ V}$
$t_{off}$	Turn-off propagation delay	—	200	280		$V_S = 0 \text{ V}$ or $600 \text{ V}$
MT	Delay matching, HS & LS turn-on/off	—	0	30		
$t_r$	Turn-on rise time	—	100	220		$V_S = 0 \text{ V}$
$t_f$	Turn-off fall time	—	35	80		

### Static Electrical Characteristics

$V_{BIAS}$  ( $V_{CC}$ ,  $V_{BS}$ ) = 15 V,  $V_{SS}$  = COM and  $T_A$  = 25 °C unless otherwise specified. The  $V_{IL}$ ,  $V_{IH}$ , and  $I_{IN}$  parameters are referenced to  $V_{SS}/COM$  and are applicable to the respective input leads. The  $V_O$ ,  $I_O$ , and  $R_{ON}$  parameters are referenced to COM and are applicable to the respective output leads: HO and LO.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$V_{IH}$	Logic "1" input voltage	2.5	—	—	V	$V_{CC} = 10\text{ V to }20\text{ V}$
$V_{IL}$	Logic "0" input voltage	—	—	0.8		
$V_{OH}$	High level output voltage, $V_{BIAS} - V_O$	—	0.05	0.2		$I_O = 2\text{ mA}$
$V_{OL}$	Low level output voltage, $V_O$	—	0.02	0.1		
$I_{LK}$	Offset supply leakage current	—	—	50	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_B = V_S = 600\text{ V}$
$I_{QBS}$	Quiescent $V_{BS}$ supply current	20	75	130		$V_{IN} = 0\text{ V or }5\text{ V}$
$I_{QCC}$	Quiescent $V_{CC}$ supply current	60	120	180		
$I_{IN+}$	Logic "1" input bias current $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$	—	5	20		
$I_{IN-}$	Logic "0" input bias current $V_{IN} = 0\text{ V}$	—	—	2		
$V_{CCUV+}$ $V_{BSUV+}$	$V_{CC}$ and $V_{BS}$ supply undervoltage positive going threshold	8.0	8.9	9.8	V	
$V_{CCUV-}$ $V_{BSUV-}$	$V_{CC}$ and $V_{BS}$ supply undervoltage negative going threshold	7.4	8.2	9.0		
$V_{CCUVH}$ $V_{BSUVH}$	Hysteresis	0.3	0.7	—		
$I_{O+}$	Output high short circuit pulsed current	130	290	—	mA	$V_O = 0\text{ V},$ $PW \leq 10\ \mu\text{s}$
$I_{O-}$	Output low short circuit pulsed current	270	600	—		$V_O = 15\text{ V},$ $PW \leq 10\ \mu\text{s}$

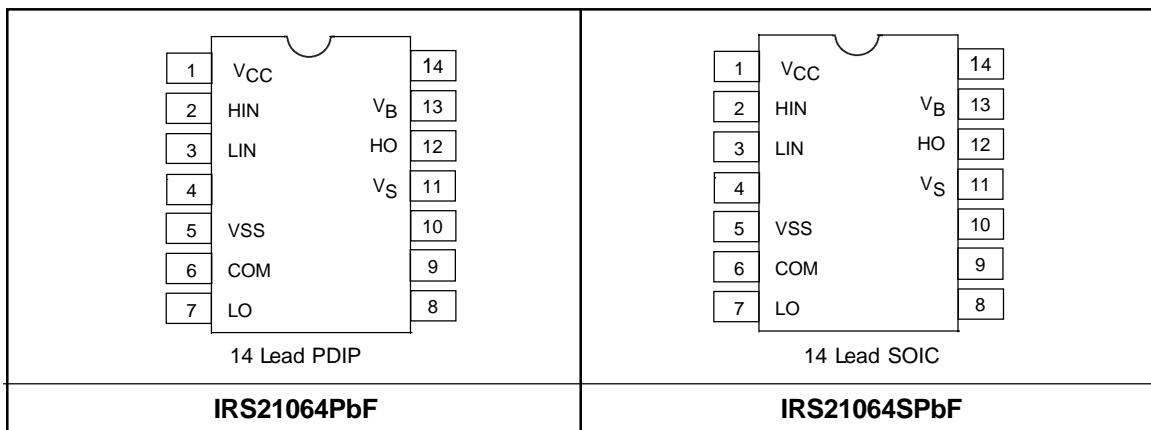
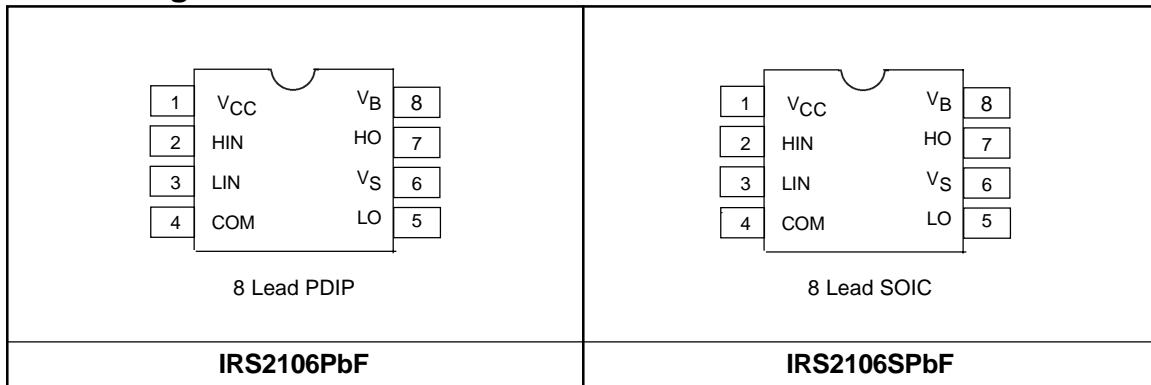
**Functional Block Diagrams**

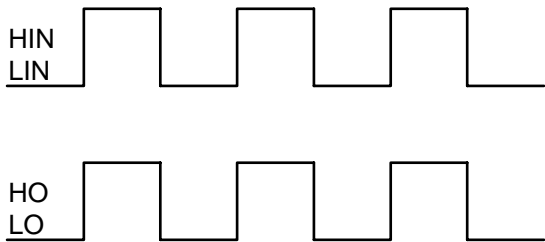


### Lead Definitions

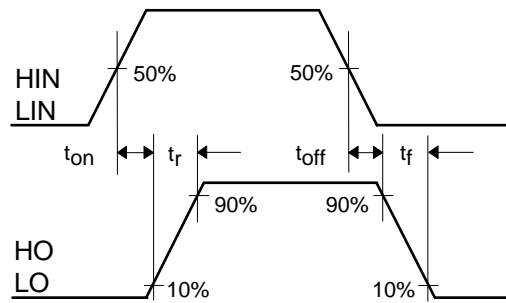
Symbol	Description
HIN	Logic input for high side gate driver output (HO), in phase
LIN	Logic input for low side gate driver output (LO), in phase
VSS	Logic ground (IRS21064 only)
V <sub>B</sub>	High side floating supply
HO	High side gate drive output
V <sub>S</sub>	High side floating supply return
V <sub>CC</sub>	Low side and logic fixed supply
LO	Low side gate drive output
COM	Low side return

### Lead Assignments

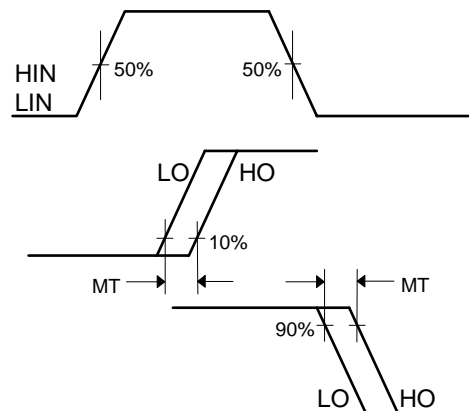




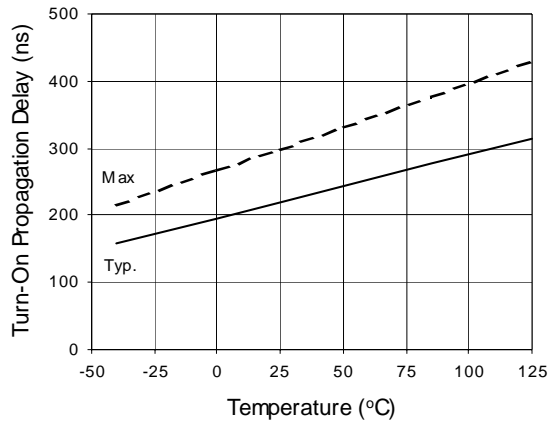
**Figure 1. Input/Output Timing Diagram**



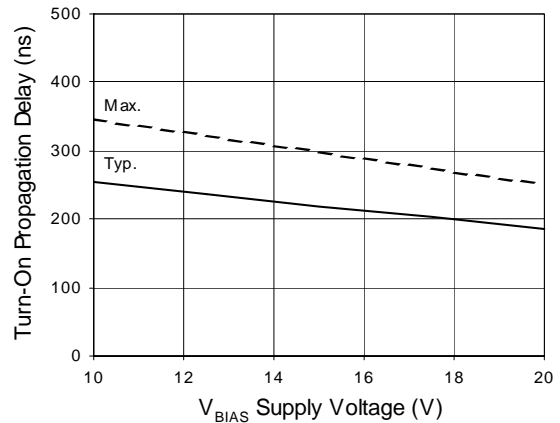
**Figure 2. Switching Time Waveform Definitions**



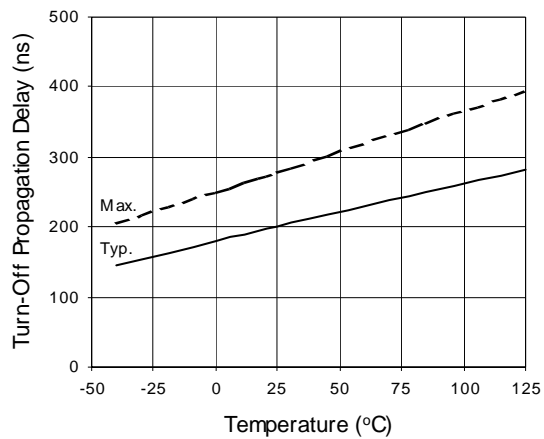
**Figure 3. Delay Matching Waveform Definitions**



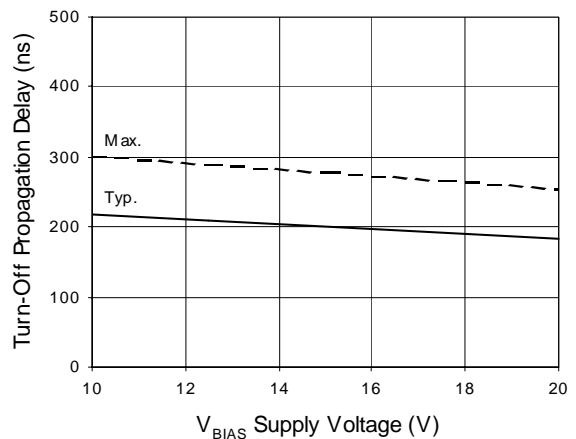
**Figure 4A. Turn-On Propagation Delay vs. Temperature**



**Figure 4B. Turn-On Propagation Delay vs. Supply Voltage**

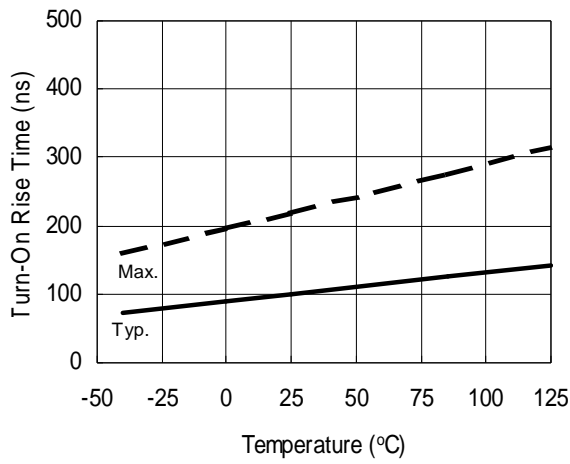


**Figure 5A. Turn-Off Propagation Delay vs. Temperature**

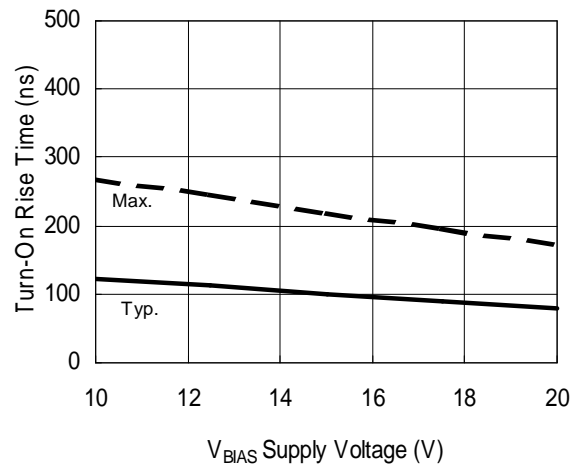


**Figure 5B. Turn-Off Propagation Delay vs. Supply Voltage**

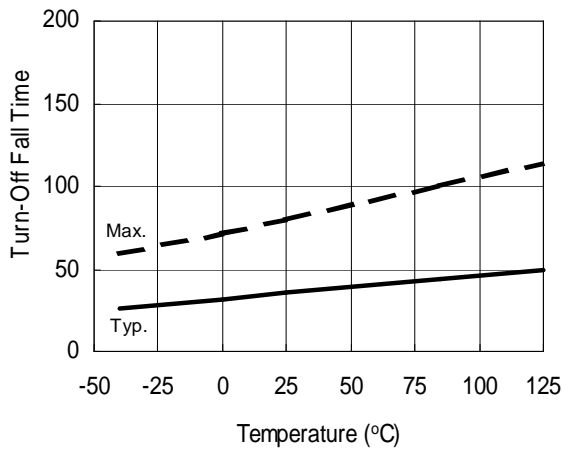




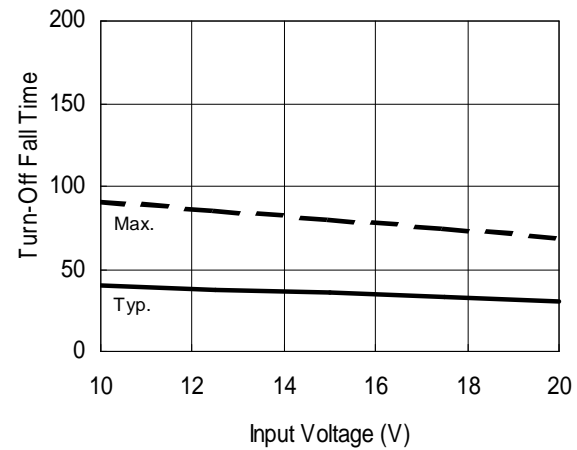
**Figure 6A. Turn-On Rise Time vs. Temperature**



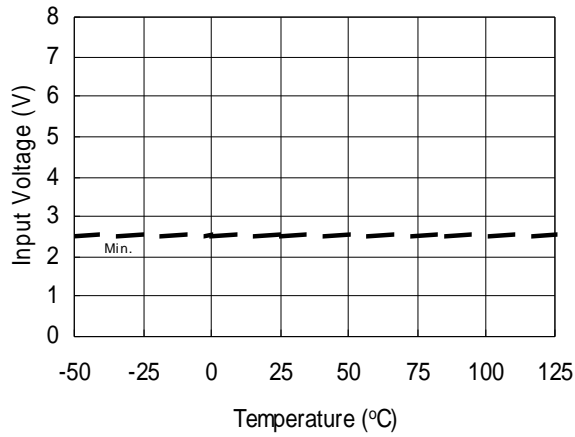
**Figure 6B. Turn-On Rise Time vs. Supply Voltage**



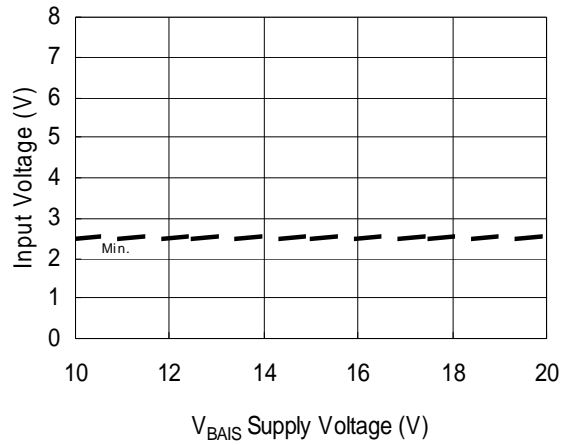
**Figure 7A. Turn-Off Fall Time vs. Temperature**



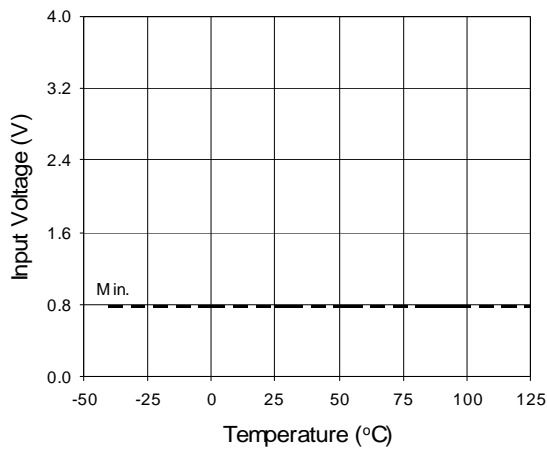
**Figure 7B. Turn-Off Fall Time vs. Supply Voltage**



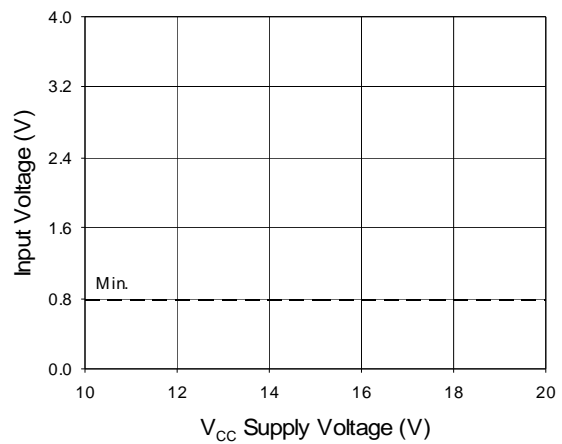
**Figure 8A. Logic "1" Input Voltage vs. Temperature**



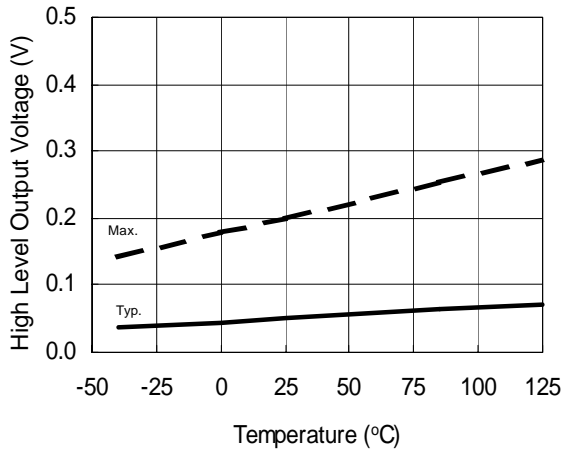
**Figure 8B. Logic "1" Input Voltage vs. Supply Voltage**



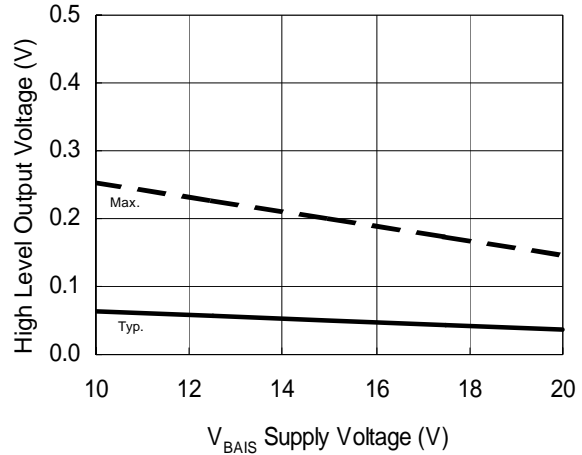
**Figure 9A. Logic "0" Input Voltage vs. Temperature**



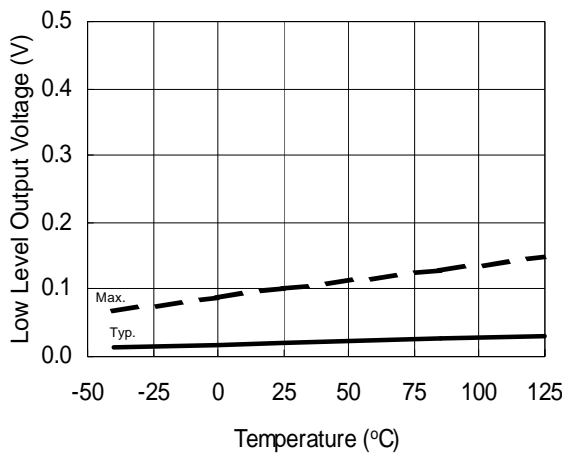
**Figure 9B. Logic "0" Input Voltage vs. Supply Voltage**



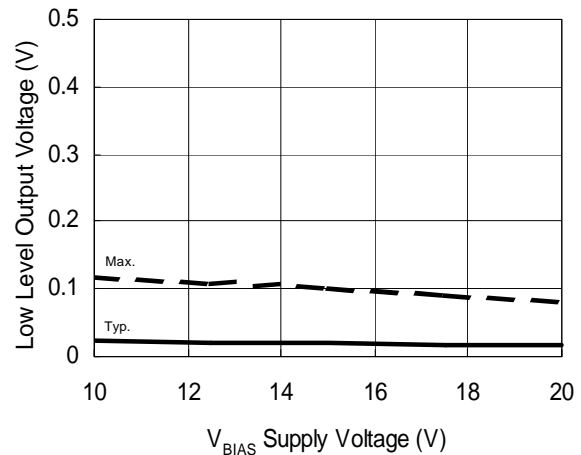
**Figure 10A. High Level Output Voltage vs. Temperature**



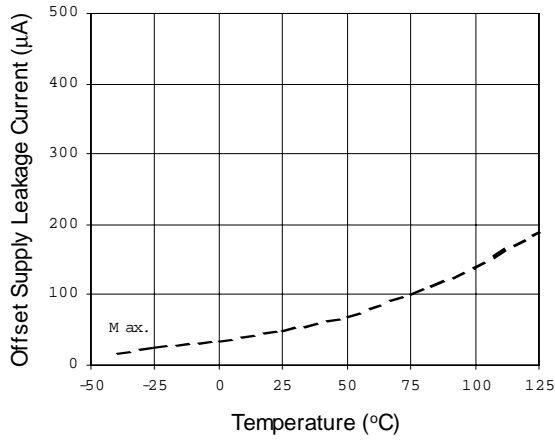
**Figure 10B. High Level Output Voltage vs. Supply Voltage**



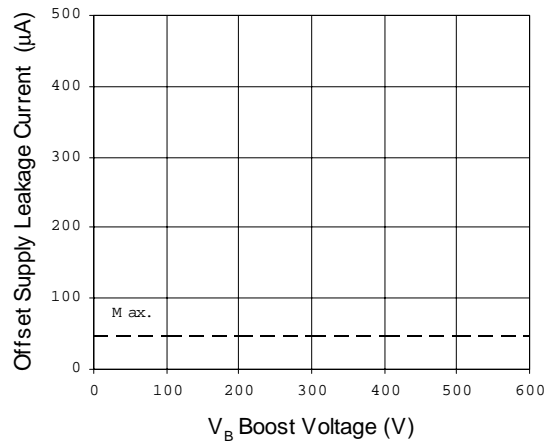
**Figure 11A. Low Level Output Voltage vs. Temperature**



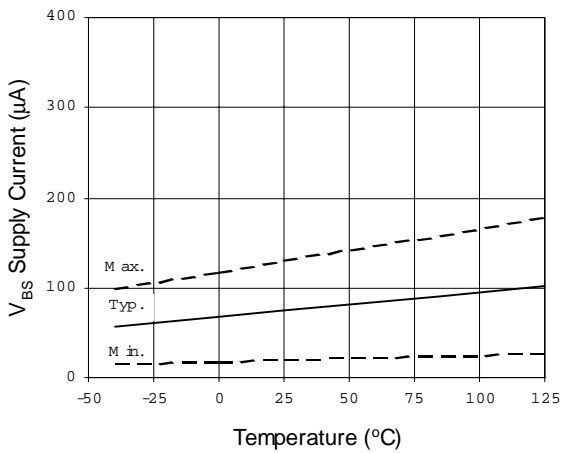
**Figure 11B. Low Level Output Voltage vs. Supply Voltage**



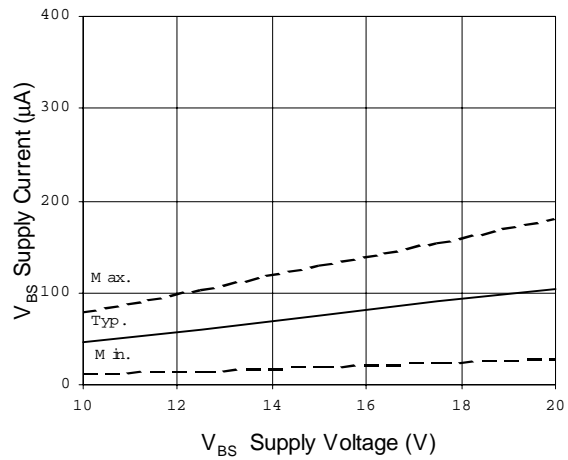
**Figure 12A. Offset Supply Leakage Current vs. Temperature**



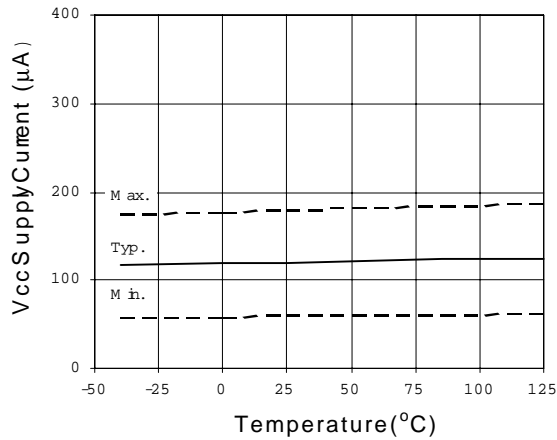
**Figure 12B. Offset Supply Leakage Current vs. Supply Voltage**



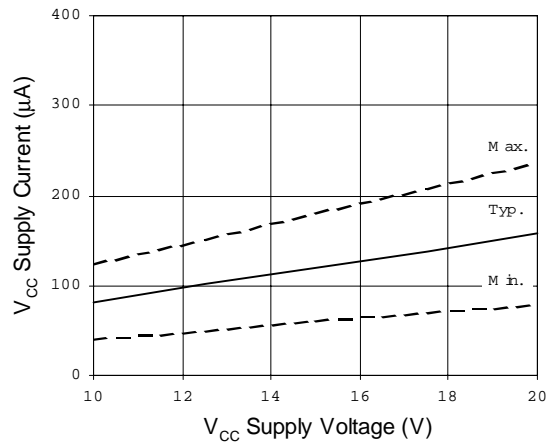
**Figure 13A. V<sub>BS</sub> Supply Current vs. Temperature**



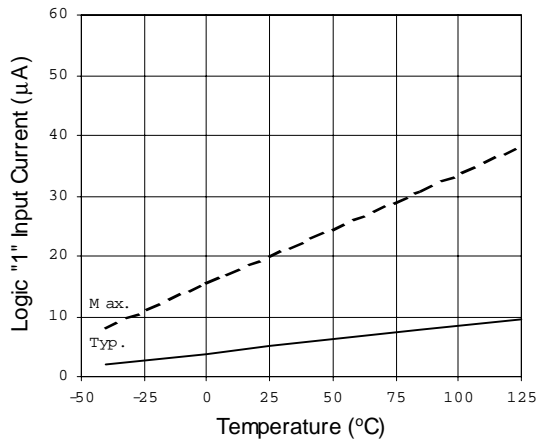
**Figure 13B. V<sub>BS</sub> Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage**



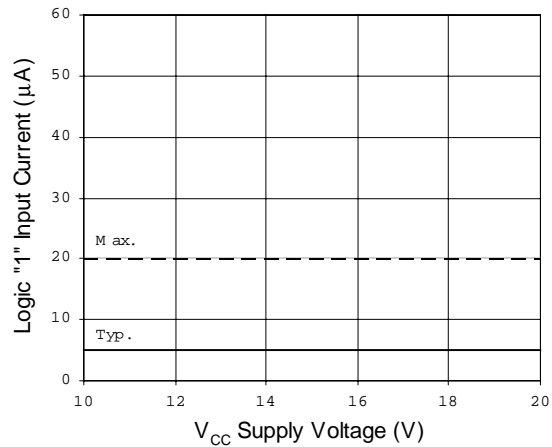
**Figure 14A. Quiescent VCC Supply Current vs. Temperature**



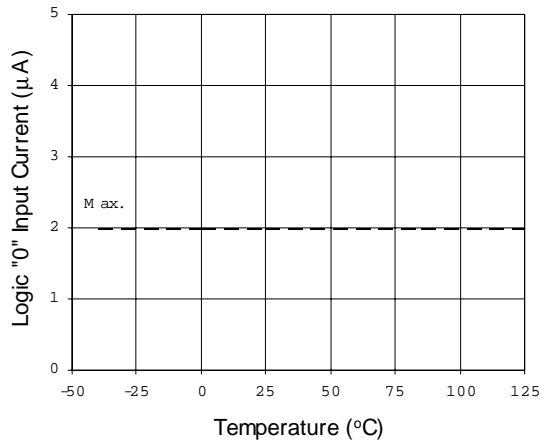
**Figure 14B. Quiescent VCC Supply Current vs. VCC Supply Voltage**



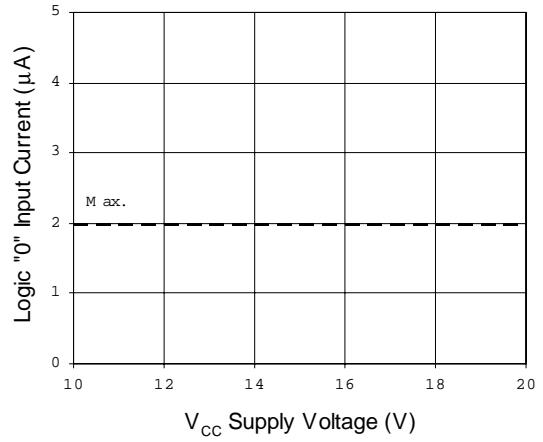
**Figure 15A. Logic "1" Input Current vs. Temperature**



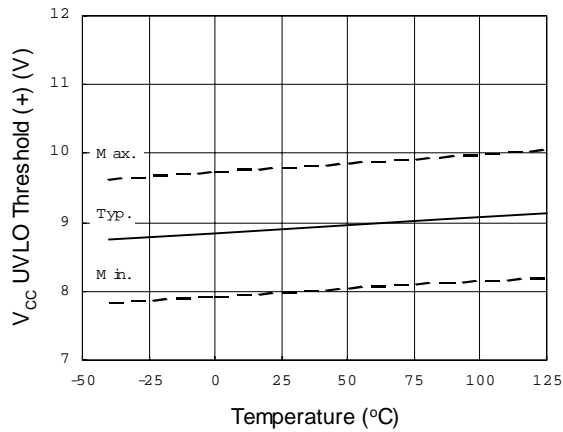
**Figure 15B. Logic "1" Bias Current vs. Supply Voltage**



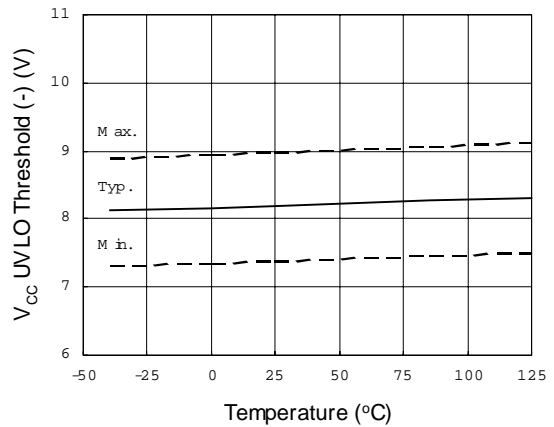
**Figure 16A. Logic "0" Input Current vs. Temperature**



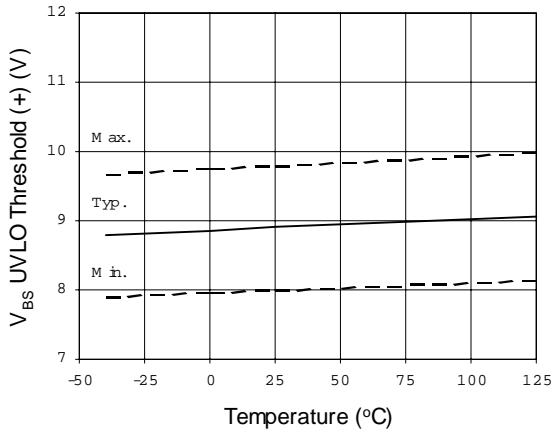
**Figure 16B. Logic "0" Input Current vs. Supply Voltage**



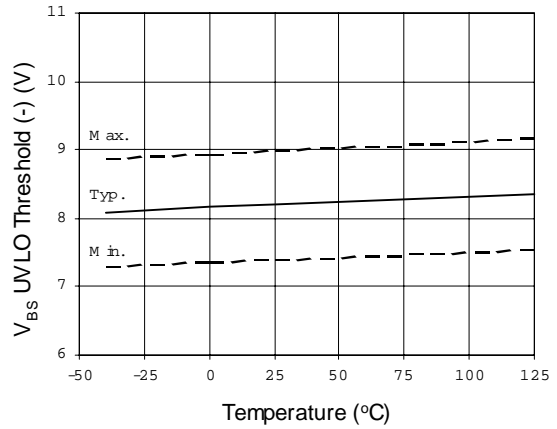
**Figure 17. V<sub>CC</sub> Undervoltage Threshold (+) vs. Temperature**



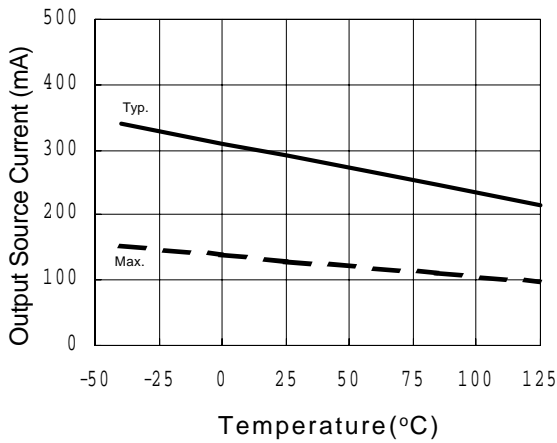
**Figure 18. V<sub>CC</sub> Undervoltage Threshold (-) vs. Temperature**



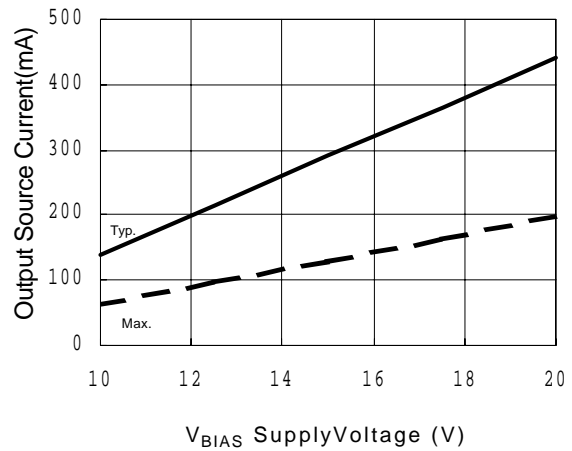
**Figure 19.  $V_{BS}$  Undervoltage Threshold (+) vs. Temperature**



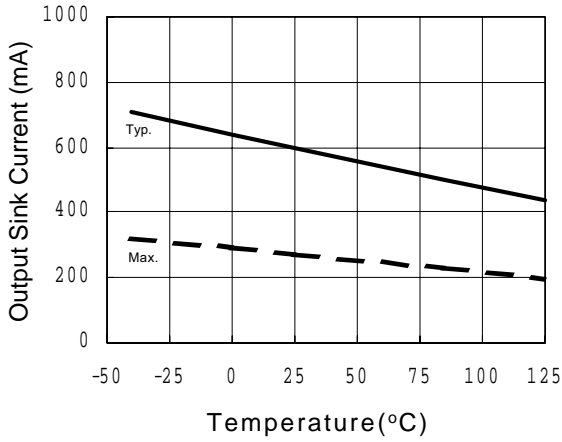
**Figure 20.  $V_{BS}$  Undervoltage Threshold (-) vs. Temperature**



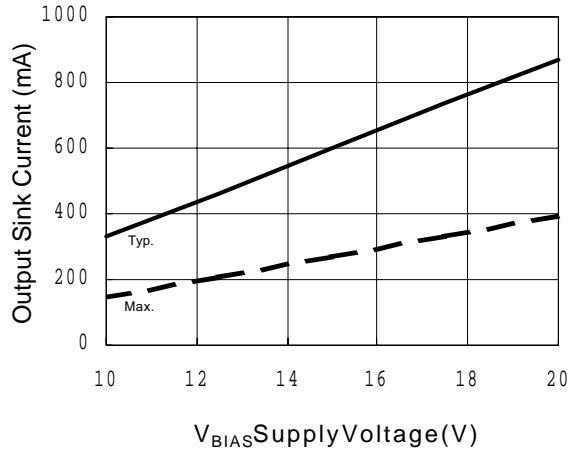
**Figure 21A. Output Source Current vs. Temperature**



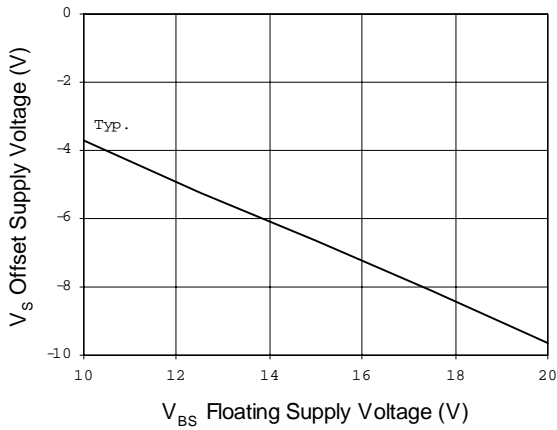
**Figure 21B. Output Source Current vs. Supply Voltage**



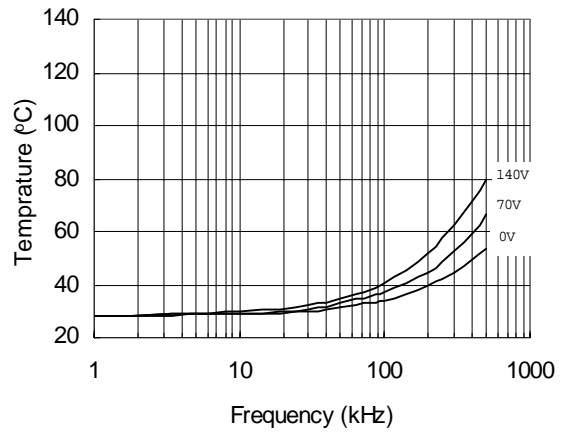
**Figure 22A. Output Sink Current vs. Temperature**



**Figure 22B. Output Sink Current vs. Supply Voltage**

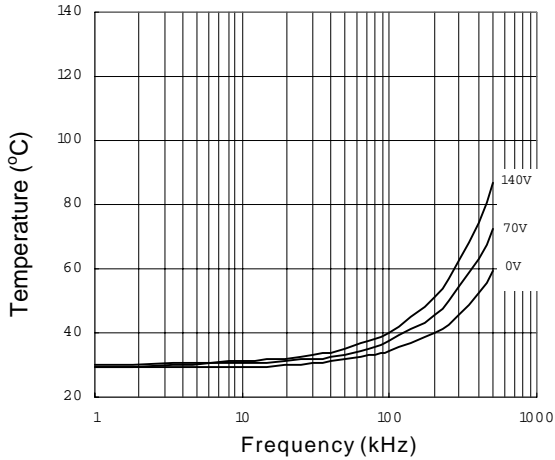


**Figure 23. Maximum V<sub>S</sub> Negative Offset vs. Supply Voltage**

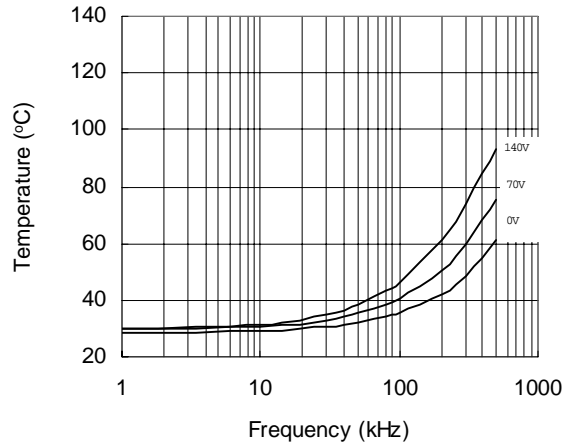


**Figure 24. IRS2106 vs. Frequency (IRFBC20), R<sub>gate</sub>=33 Ω, V<sub>CC</sub>=15 V**

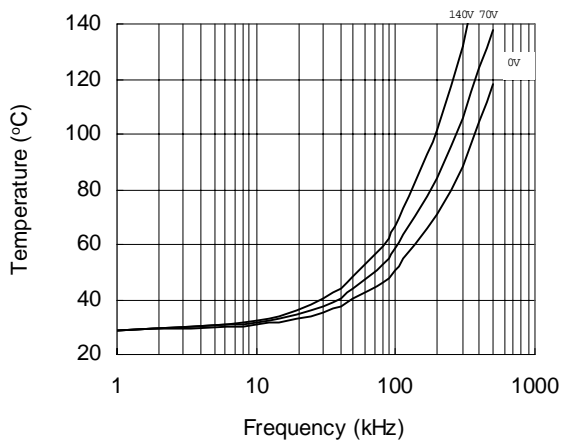




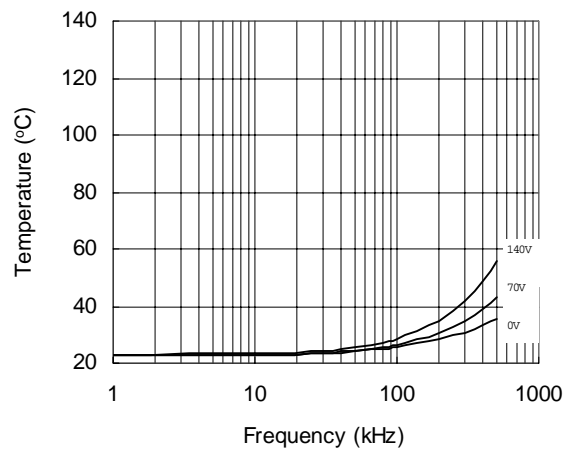
**Figure 25. IRS2106 vs. Frequency (IRFBC30),  
 $R_{gate}=22 \Omega$ ,  $V_{CC}=15 V$**



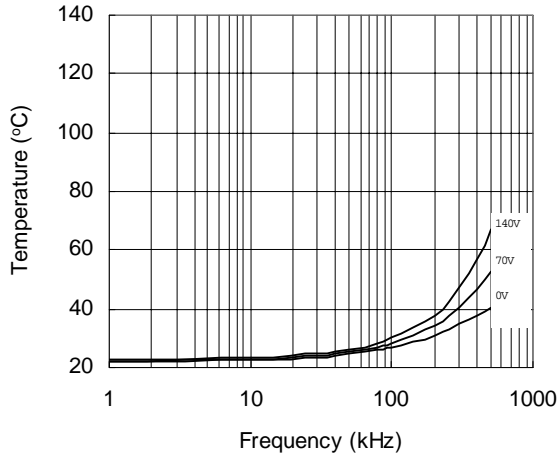
**Figure 26. IRS2106 vs. Frequency (IRFBC40),  
 $R_{gate}=15 \Omega$ ,  $V_{CC}=15 V$**



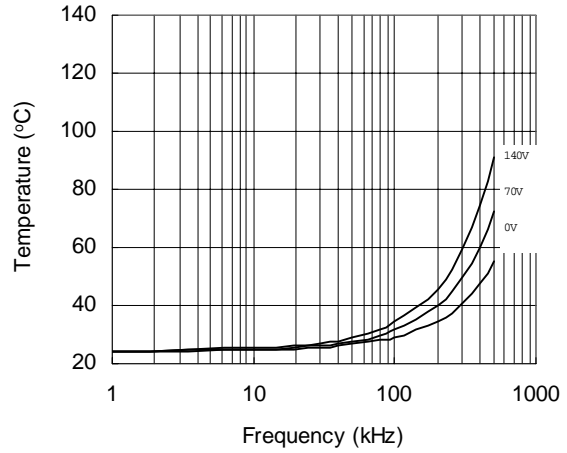
**Figure 27. IRS2106 vs. Frequency (IRFPE50),  
 $R_{gate}=10 \Omega$ ,  $V_{CC}=15 V$**



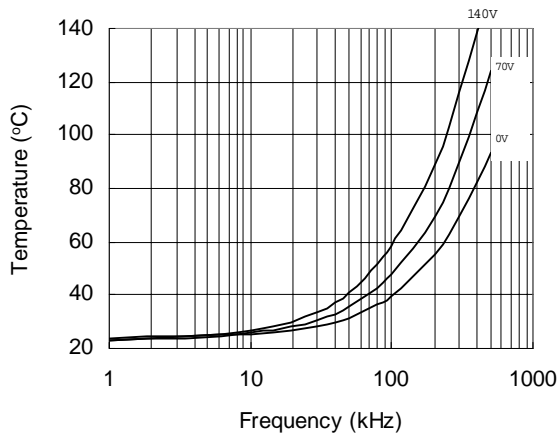
**Figure 28. IRS21064 vs. Frequency (IRFBC20),  
 $R_{gate}=33 \Omega$ ,  $V_{CC}=15 V$**



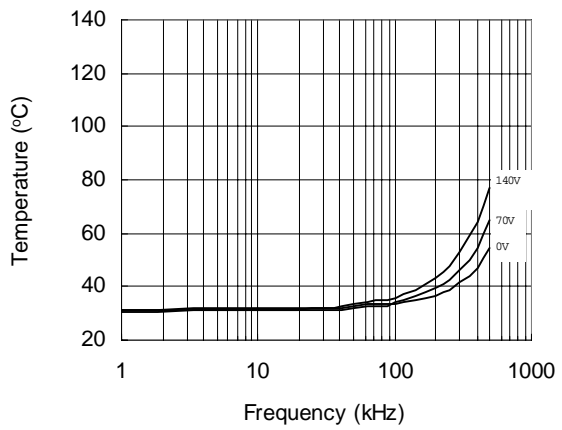
**Figure 29. IRS21064 vs. Frequency (IRFBC30),  
 $R_{gate}=22 \Omega$ ,  $V_{CC}=15 V$**



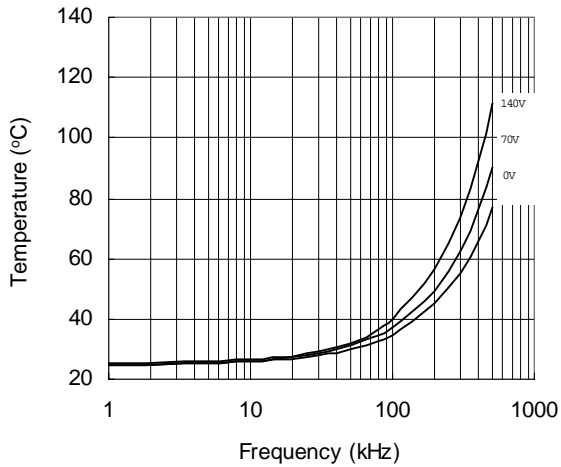
**Figure 30. IRS21064 vs. Frequency (IRFBC40),  
 $R_{gate}=15 \Omega$ ,  $V_{CC}=15 V$**



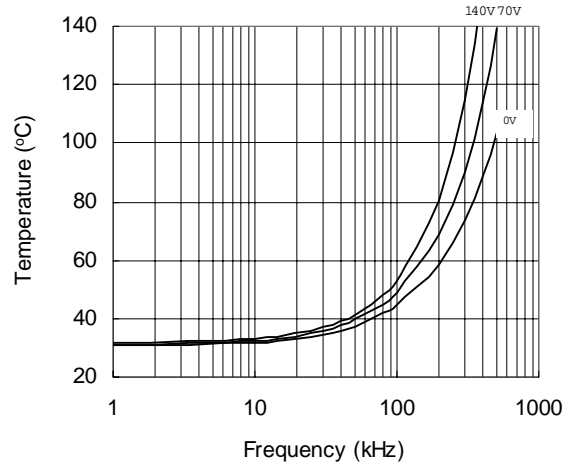
**Figure 31. IRS21064 vs. Frequency (IRFPE50),  
 $R_{gate}=10 \Omega$ ,  $V_{CC}=15 V$**



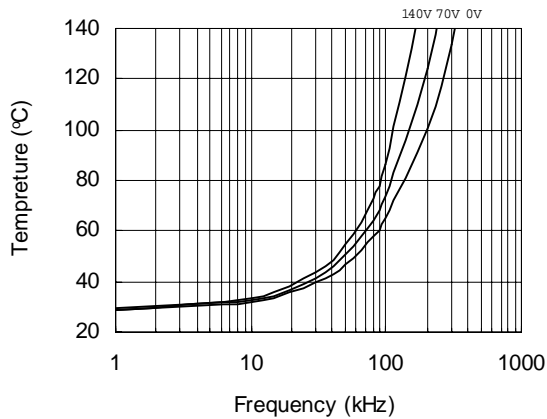
**Figure 32. IRS2106S vs. Frequency (IRFBC20),  
 $R_{gate}=33 \Omega$ ,  $V_{CC}=15 V$**



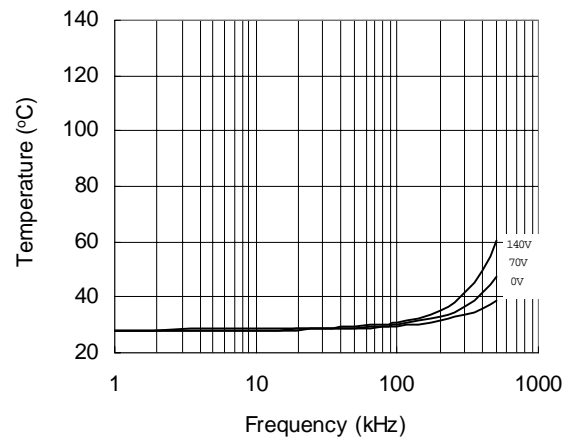
**Figure 33. IRS2106S vs. Frequency (IRFBC30),**  
 $R_{gate}=22 \Omega, V_{CC}=15 V$



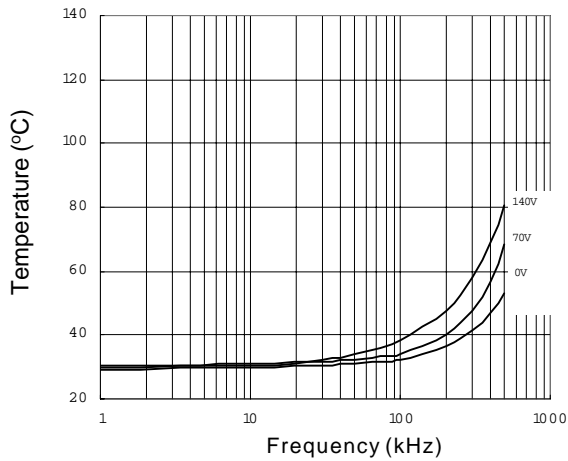
**Figure 34. IRS2106S vs. Frequency (IRFBC40),**  
 $R_{gate}=15 \Omega, V_{CC}=15 V$



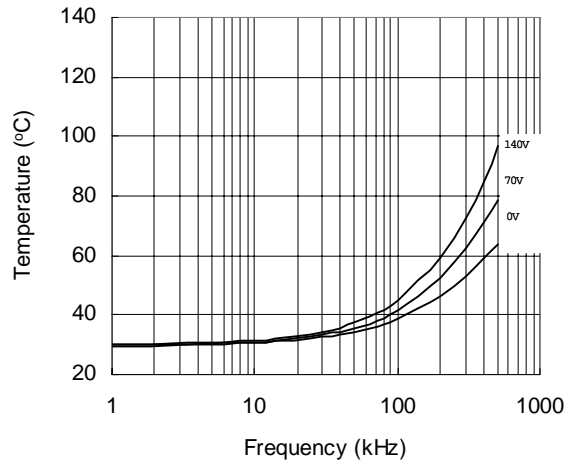
**Figure 35. IRS2106S vs. Frequency (IRFPE50),**  
 $R_{gate}=10 \Omega, V_{CC}=15 V$



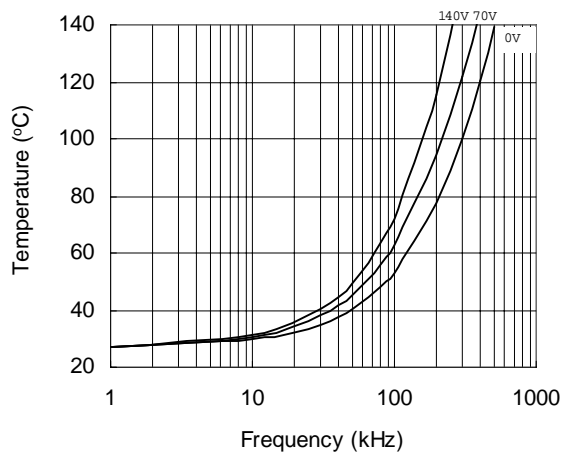
**Figure 36. IRS21064S vs. Frequency (IRFBC20),**  
 $R_{gate}=33 \Omega, V_{CC}=15 V$



**Figure 37. IRS21064S vs. Frequency (IRFBC30),  
 $R_{gate}=22 \Omega$ ,  $V_{CC}=15 V$**

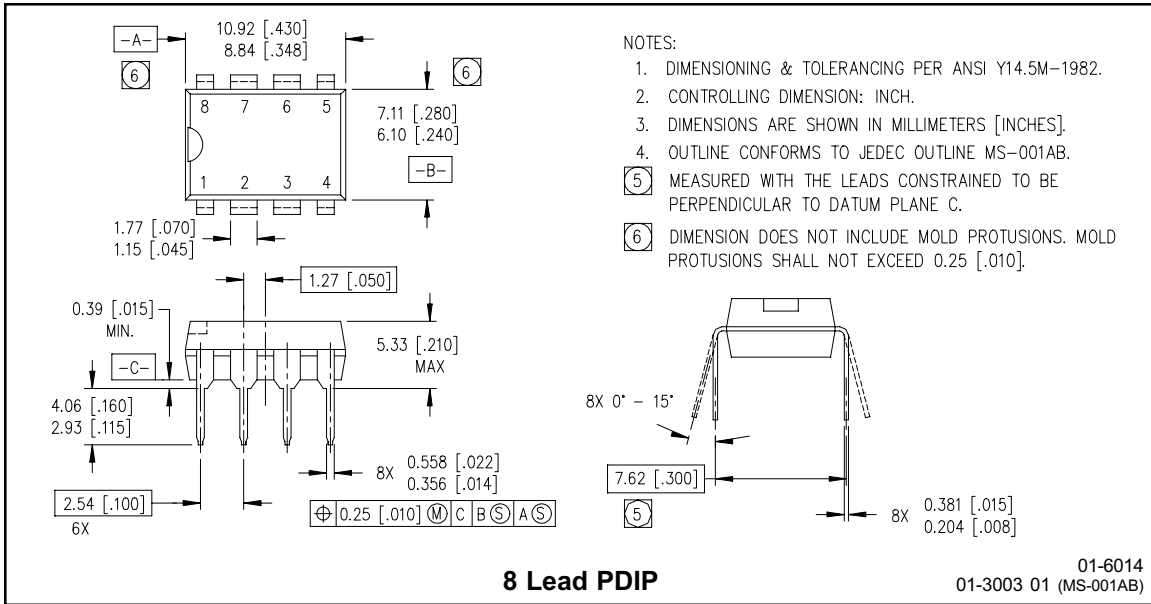


**Figure 38. IRS21064S vs. Frequency (IRFBC40),  
 $R_{gate}=15 \Omega$ ,  $V_{CC}=15 V$**

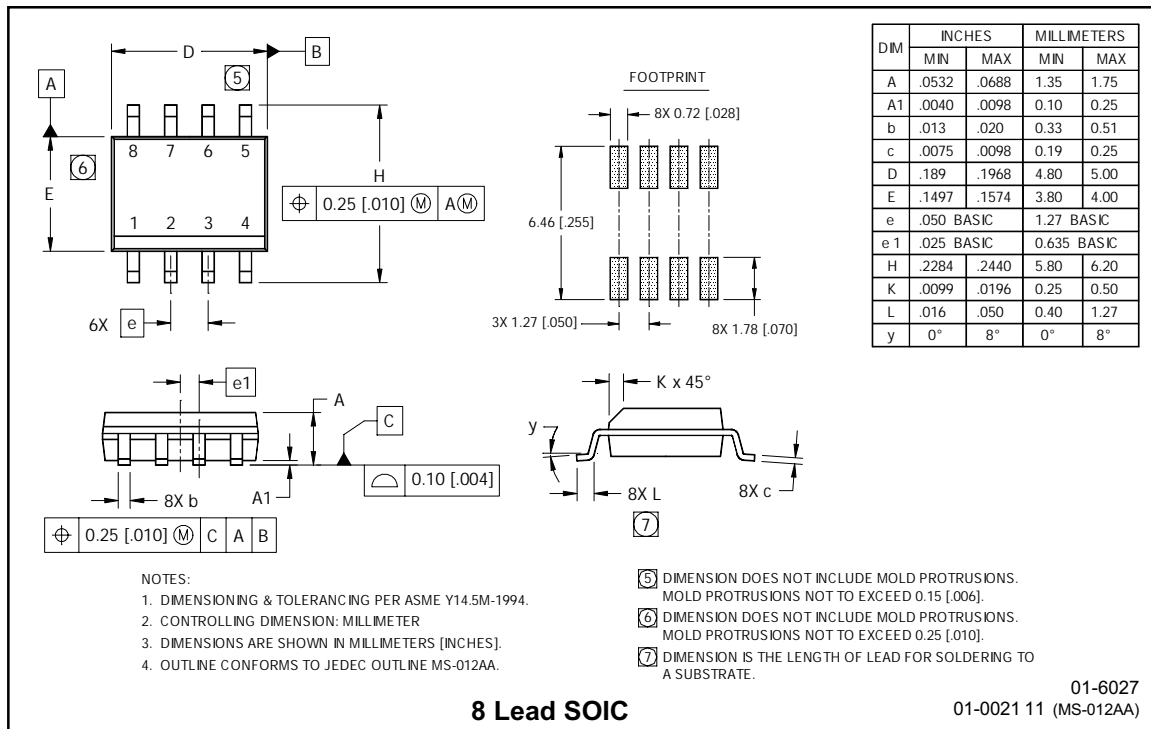


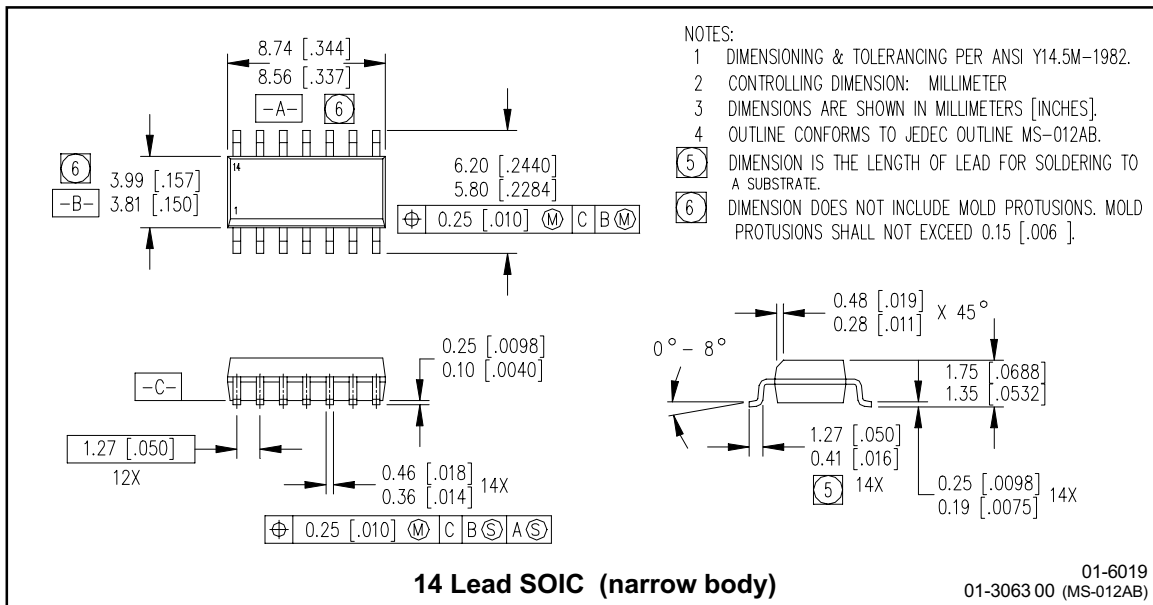
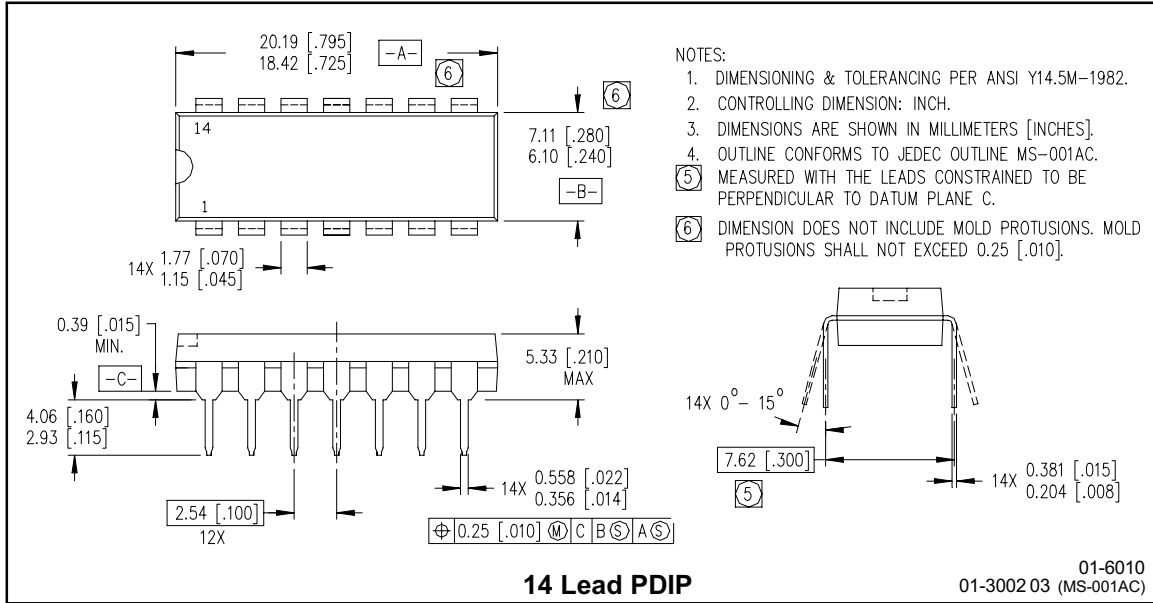
**Figure 39. IRS21064S vs. Frequency (IRFPE50),  
 $R_{gate}=10 \Omega$ ,  $V_{CC}=15 V$**

**Case Outlines**

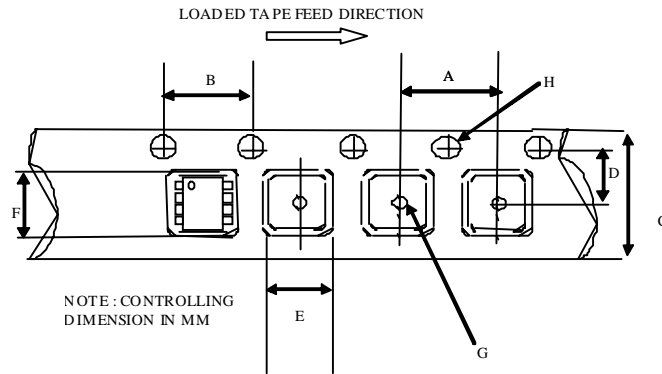


- NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
  2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
  3. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
  4. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE MS-001AB.
  - 5 MEASURED WITH THE LEADS CONSTRAINED TO BE PERPENDICULAR TO DATUM PLANE C.
  - 6 DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTUSIONS. MOLD PROTUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.25 [.010].



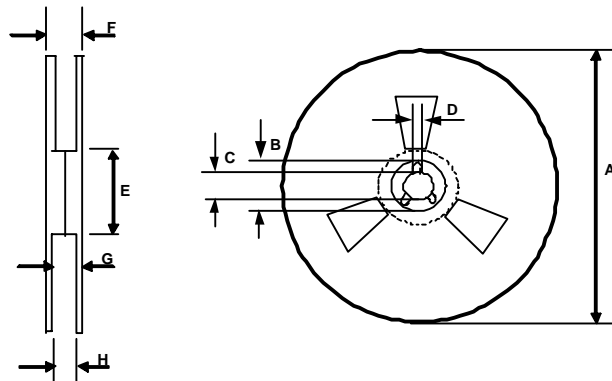


Tape & Reel  
8-lead SOIC



CARRIER TAPE DIMENSION FOR 8SOICN

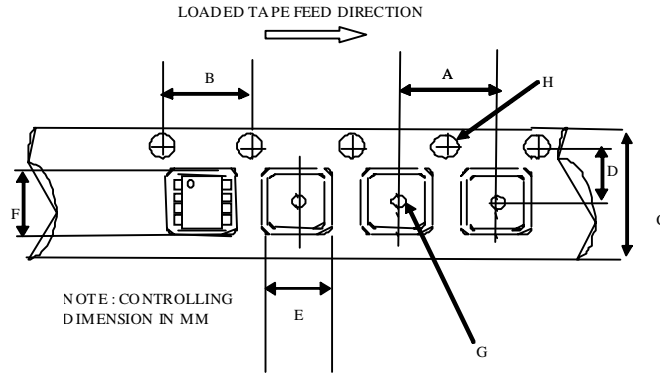
Code	Metric		Imperial	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	7.90	8.10	0.311	0.318
B	3.90	4.10	0.153	0.161
C	11.70	12.30	0.46	0.484
D	5.45	5.55	0.214	0.218
E	6.30	6.50	0.248	0.255
F	5.10	5.30	0.200	0.208
G	1.50	n/a	0.059	n/a
H	1.50	1.60	0.059	0.062



REEL DIMENSIONS FOR 8SOICN

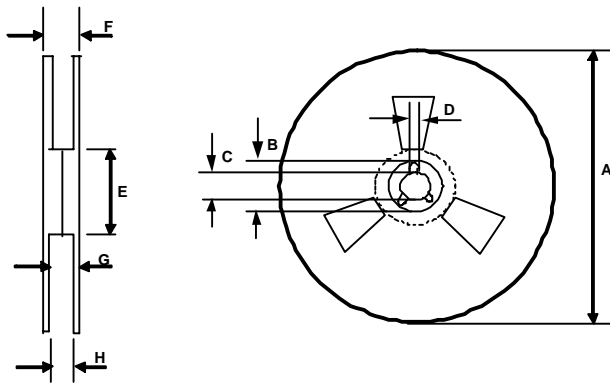
Code	Metric		Imperial	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	329.60	330.25	12.976	13.001
B	20.95	21.45	0.824	0.844
C	12.80	13.20	0.503	0.519
D	1.95	2.45	0.767	0.096
E	98.00	102.00	3.858	4.015
F	n/a	18.40	n/a	0.724
G	14.50	17.10	0.570	0.673
H	12.40	14.40	0.488	0.566

**Tape & Reel**  
**14-lead SOIC**



CARRIER TAPE DIMENSION FOR 14SOICN

Code	Metric		Imperial	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	7.90	8.10	0.311	0.318
B	3.90	4.10	0.153	0.161
C	15.70	16.30	0.618	0.641
D	7.40	7.60	0.291	0.299
E	6.40	6.60	0.252	0.260
F	9.40	9.60	0.370	0.378
G	1.50	n/a	0.059	n/a
H	1.50	1.60	0.059	0.062

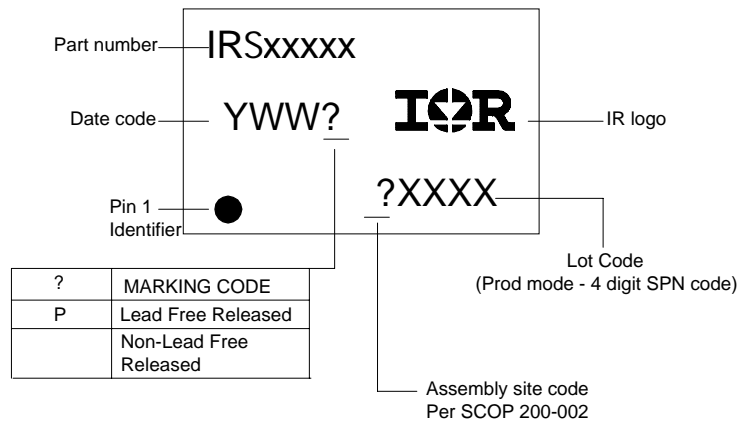


REEL DIMENSIONS FOR 14SOICN

Code	Metric		Imperial	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	329.60	330.25	12.976	13.001
B	20.95	21.45	0.824	0.844
C	12.80	13.20	0.503	0.519
D	1.95	2.45	0.767	0.096
E	98.00	102.00	3.858	4.015
F	n/a	22.40	n/a	0.881
G	18.50	21.10	0.728	0.830
H	16.40	18.40	0.645	0.724



**LEADFREE PART MARKING INFORMATION**



**ORDER INFORMATION**

- |                                       |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| 8-Lead PDIP IRS2106PbF                | 14-Lead PDIP IRS21064PbF                |
| 8-Lead SOIC IRS2106SPbF               | 14-Lead SOIC IRS21064SPbF               |
| 8-Lead SOIC Tape & Reel IRS2106STRPbF | 14-Lead SOIC Tape & Reel IRS21064STRPbF |