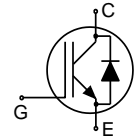


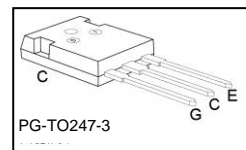
Low Loss DuoPack : IGBT in TRENCHSTOP™ and Fieldstop technology with soft, fast recovery anti-parallel Emitter Controlled HE diode



Green



- Automotive AEC Q101 qualified
- Designed for DC/AC converters for Automotive Application
- Very low  $V_{CE(sat)}$  1.5V (typ.)
- Maximum Junction Temperature 175°C
- Short circuit withstand time 5 $\mu$ s
- TRENCHSTOP™ and Fieldstop technology for 600V applications offers :
  - very tight parameter distribution
  - high ruggedness, temperature stable behavior
  - very high switching speed
- Positive temperature coefficient in  $V_{CE(sat)}$
- Low EMI
- Low Gate Charge
- Green Package
- Very soft, fast recovery anti-parallel Emitter Controlled HE diode



Type	$V_{CE}$	$I_C$	$V_{CE(sat), T_J=25^\circ C}$	$T_{j,max}$	Marking	Package
IKW75N60TA	600V	75A	1.5V	175°C	K75T60A	PG-TO247-3

### Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage, $T_j \geq 25^\circ C$	$V_{CE}$	600	V
DC collector current, limited by $T_{j,max}$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	80 <sup>1)</sup>	A
	$T_C = 105^\circ C$	75	
Pulsed collector current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{j,max}$	$I_{C,puls}$	225	
Turn off safe operating area, $V_{CE} \leq 600V$ , $T_j \leq 175^\circ C$ , $t_p \leq 1\mu s$	-	225	
Diode forward current, limited by $T_{j,max}$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	80 <sup>1)</sup>	
	$T_C = 100^\circ C$	75	
Diode pulsed current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{j,max}$	$I_{F,puls}$	225	
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GE}$	$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit withstand time <sup>2)</sup> $V_{GE} = 15V$ , $V_{CC} \leq 400V$ , $T_j \leq 150^\circ C$	$t_{SC}$	5	$\mu s$
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^\circ C$	$P_{tot}$	428	W
Operating junction temperature	$T_j$	-40...+175	°C
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55...+150	
Soldering temperature (wavesoldering only allowed at leads, 1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s)	$T_{sold}$	260	

<sup>1)</sup> Value limited by bondwire

<sup>2)</sup> Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

### Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
<b>Characteristic</b>				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case	$R_{thJC}$		0.35	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction – case	$R_{thJCD}$		0.6	
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	$R_{thJA}$		40	

### Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	Typ.	max.	
<b>Static Characteristic</b>						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE}=0V, I_C=0.2mA$	600	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{GE} = 15V, I_C=75A$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.5	2.0	
Diode forward voltage	$V_F$	$V_{GE}=0V, I_F=75A$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.65	2.0	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C=1.2mA, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$	4.1	4.9	5.7	
Zero gate voltage collector current	$I_{CES}$	$V_{CE}=600V,$ $V_{GE}=0V$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	40	$\mu\text{A}$
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$	$V_{CE}=0V, V_{GE}=20V$	-	-	100	
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{CE}=20V, I_C=75A$	-	41	-	S
Integrated gate resistor	$R_{Gint}$			-		$\Omega$

### Dynamic Characteristic

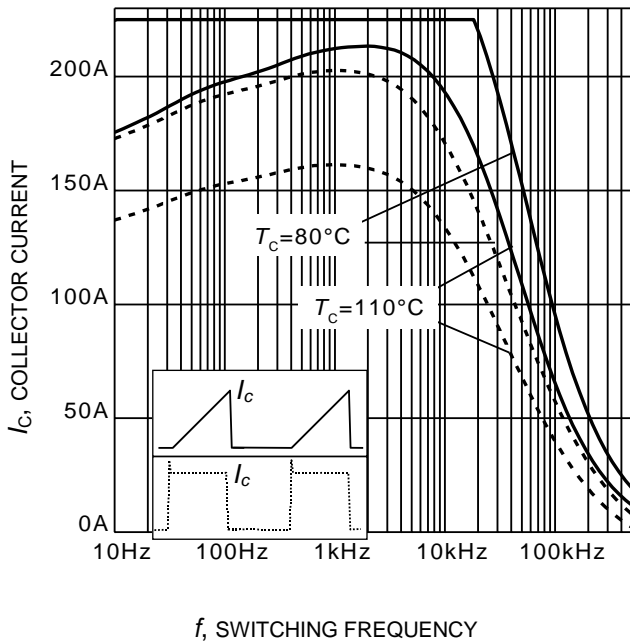
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$	$V_{CE}=25V,$ $V_{GE}=0V,$ $f=1\text{MHz}$	-	4620	-	$\text{pF}$
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$		-	288	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$		-	137	-	
Gate charge	$Q_{Gate}$	$V_{CC}=480V, I_C=75A$ $V_{GE}=15V$	-	470	-	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	$L_E$		-	13	-	nH
Short circuit collector current Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.	$I_{C(SC)}$	$V_{GE}=15V, t_{SC}\leq 5\mu\text{s}$ $V_{CC} = 400V,$ $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	690	-	A

**Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at  $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$** 

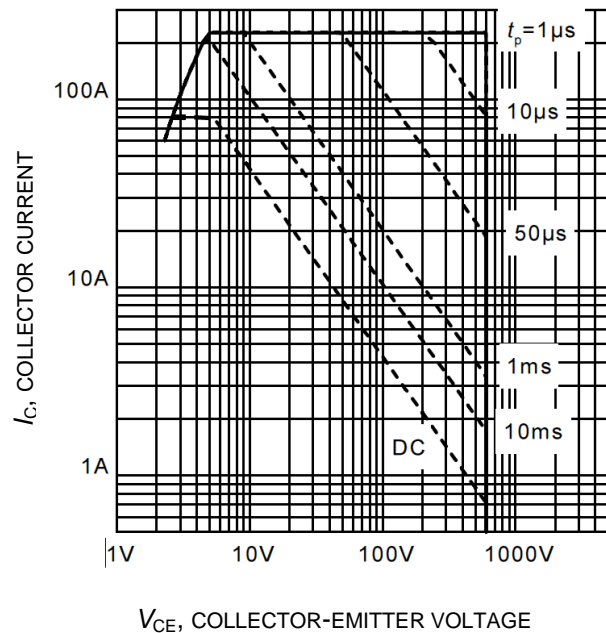
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>IGBT Characteristic</b>						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$ , $I_C=75\text{A}$ , $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ , $R_G=5\Omega$ , $L_\sigma=100\text{nH}$ , $C_\sigma=39\text{pF}$ $L_\sigma$ , $C_\sigma$ from Fig. E Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	33	-	ns
Rise time	$t_r$		-	36	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	330	-	
Fall time	$t_f$		-	35	-	
Turn-on energy	$E_{on}$		-	2.0	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$		-	2.5	-	
Total switching energy	$E_{ts}$		-	4.5	-	
<b>Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic</b>						
Diode reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_R=400\text{V}$ , $I_F=75\text{A}$ , $di_F/dt=1460\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	121	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$		-	2.4	-	$\mu\text{C}$
Diode peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rrm}$		-	39	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_b$	$di_{rr}/dt$		-	-920	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

**Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at  $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$** 

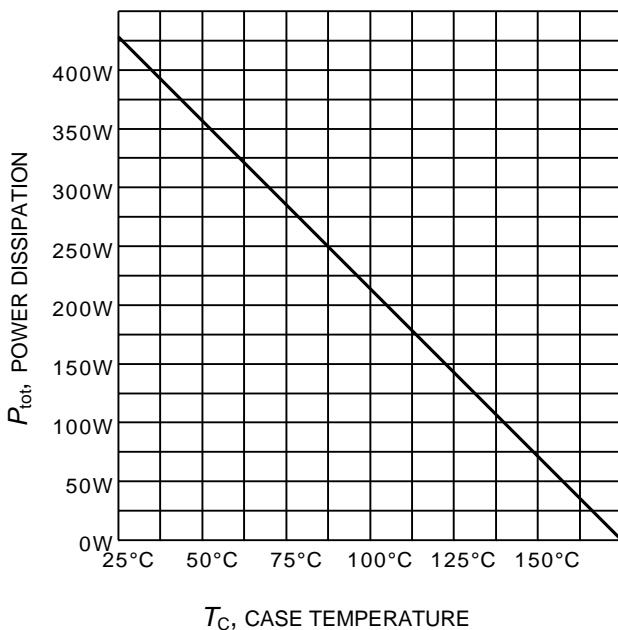
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>IGBT Characteristic</b>						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$ , $I_C=75\text{A}$ , $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ , $R_G=5\Omega$ , $L_\sigma=100\text{nH}$ , $C_\sigma=39\text{pF}$ $L_\sigma$ , $C_\sigma$ from Fig. E Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	32	-	ns
Rise time	$t_r$		-	37	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	363	-	
Fall time	$t_f$		-	38	-	
Turn-on energy	$E_{on}$		-	2.9	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$		-	2.9	-	
Total switching energy	$E_{ts}$		-	5.8	-	
<b>Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic</b>						
Diode reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R=400\text{V}$ , $I_F=75\text{A}$ , $di_F/dt=1460\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	182	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$		-	5.8	-	$\mu\text{C}$
Diode peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rrm}$		-	56	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_b$	$di_{rr}/dt$		-	-1000	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$



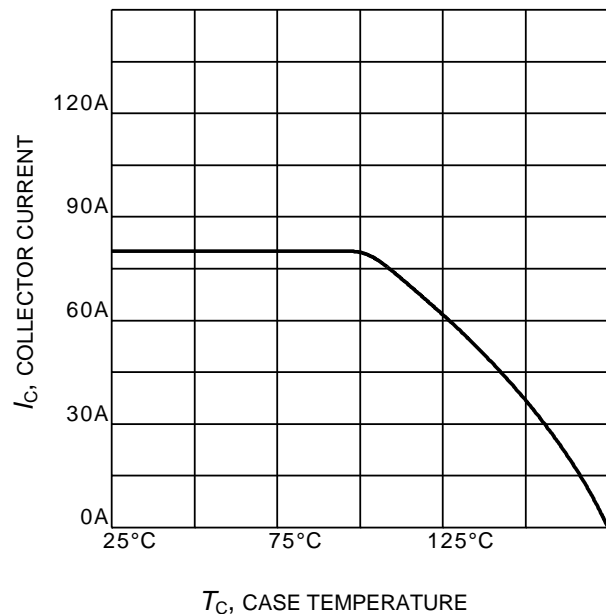
**Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency**  
 ( $T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $D = 0.5$ ,  $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$ ,  $R_G = 5\Omega$ )



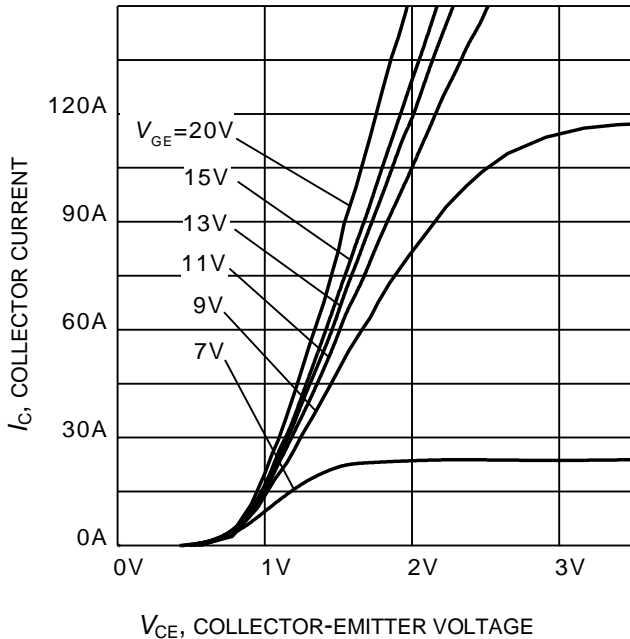
**Figure 2. Safe operating area**  
 ( $D = 0$ ,  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$ )



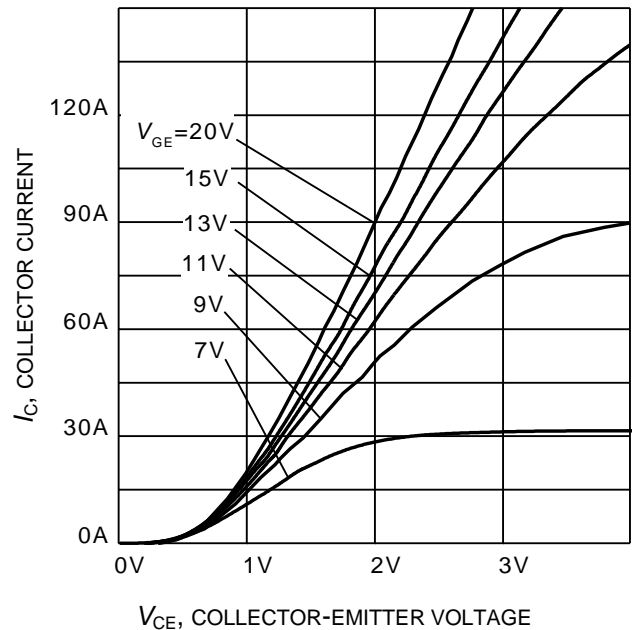
**Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature**  
 ( $T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ )



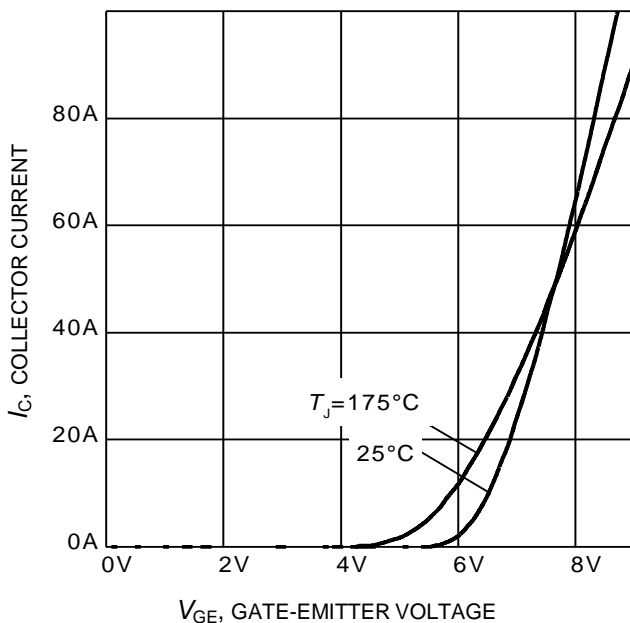
**Figure 4. DC Collector current as a function of case temperature**  
 ( $V_{GE} \geq 15\text{V}$ ,  $T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ )



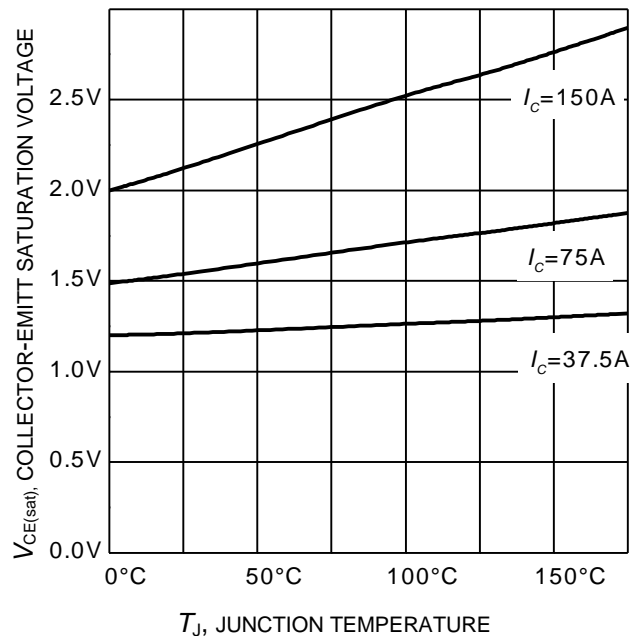
**Figure 5. Typical output characteristic**  
( $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )



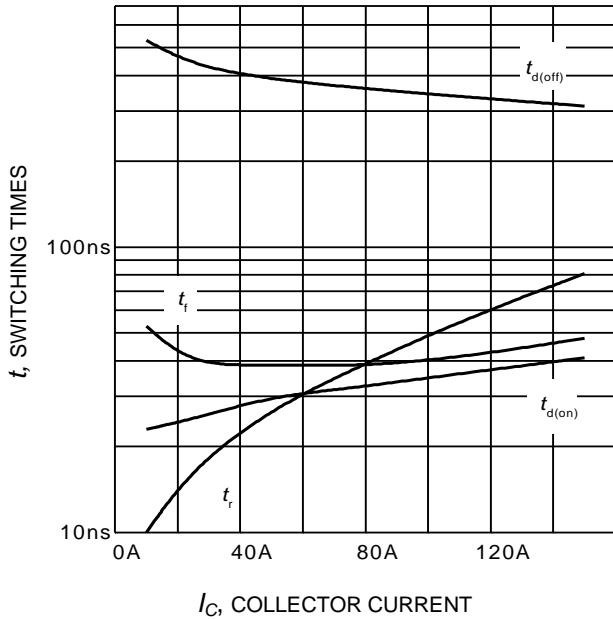
**Figure 6. Typical output characteristic**  
( $T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$ )



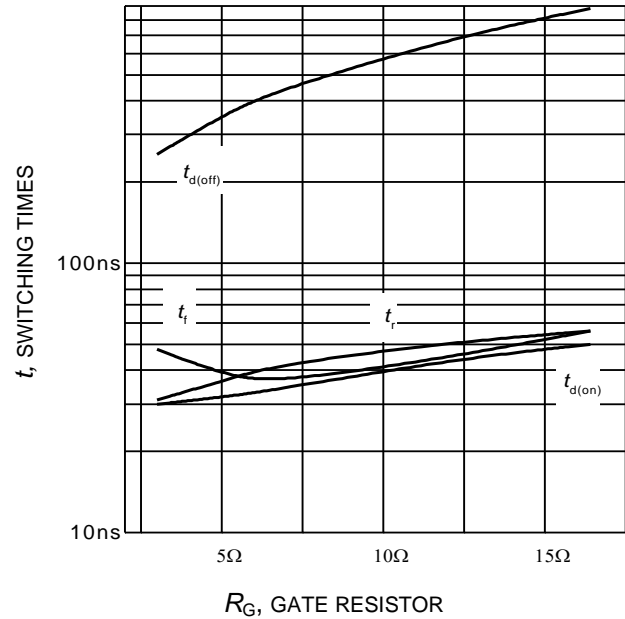
**Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristic**  
( $V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$ )



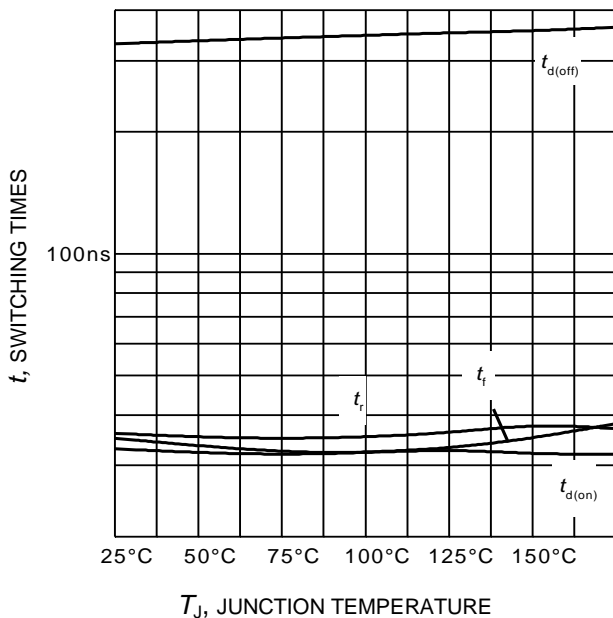
**Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature**  
( $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ )



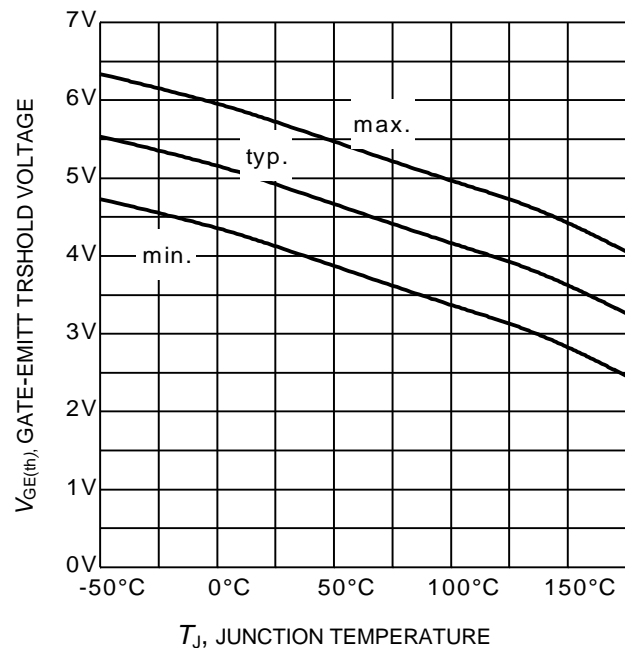
**Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current**  
 (inductive load,  $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$ ,  $R_G = 5\Omega$ ,  
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



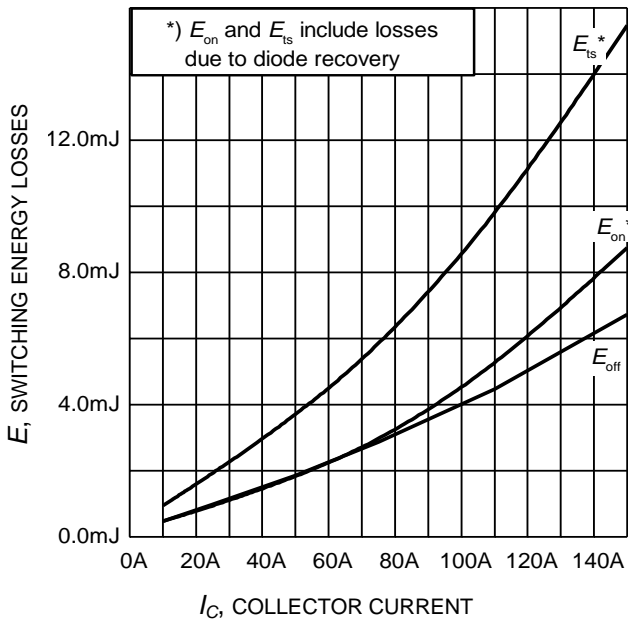
**Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor**  
 (inductive load,  $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C = 75\text{A}$ ,  
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



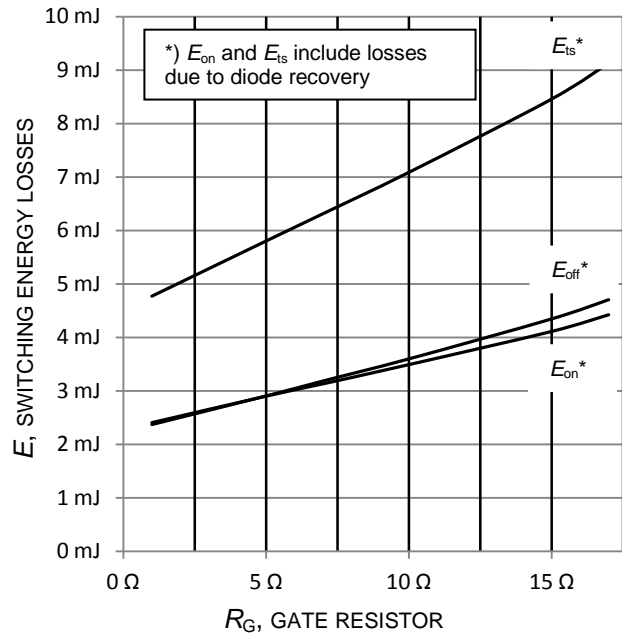
**Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature**  
 (inductive load,  $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$ ,  
 $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C = 75\text{A}$ ,  $R_G = 5\Omega$ ,  
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



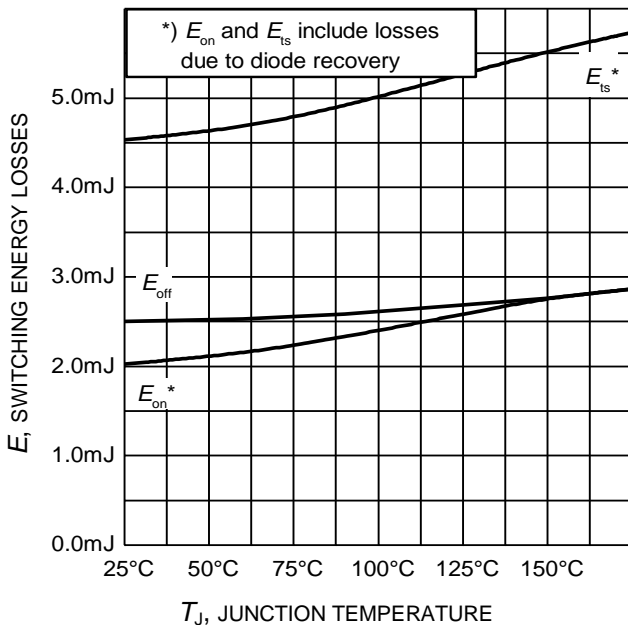
**Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature**  
 ( $I_C = 1.2\text{mA}$ )



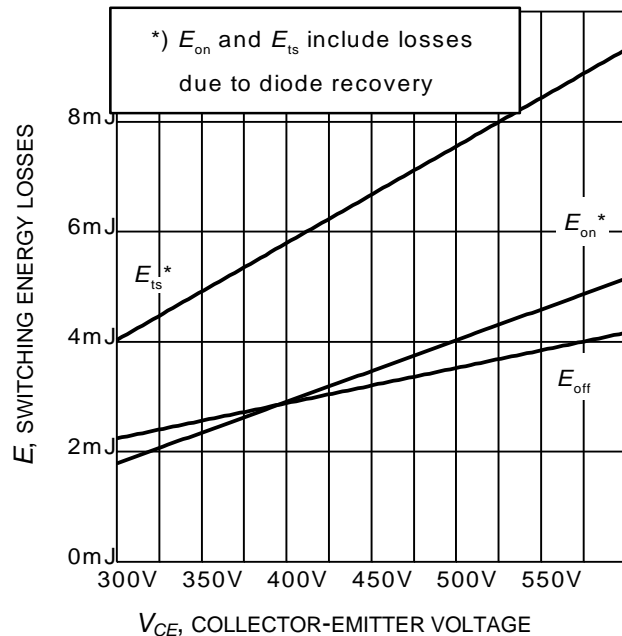
**Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current**  
 (inductive load,  $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$ ,  $R_G = 5\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



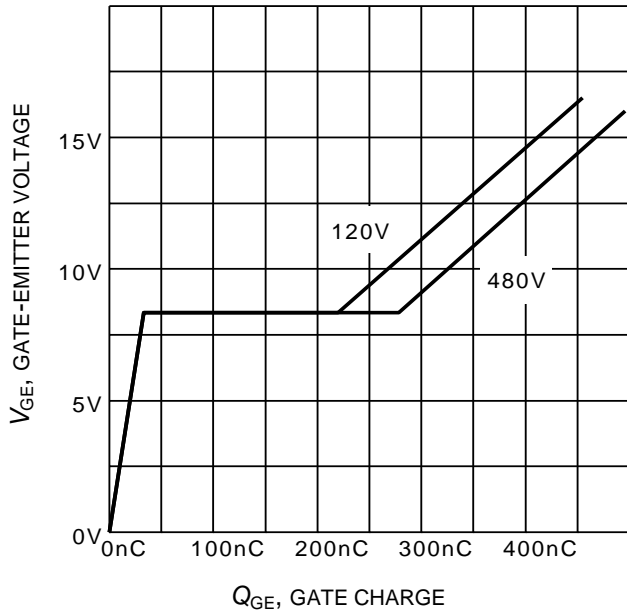
**Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor**  
 (inductive load,  $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C = 75\text{A}$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



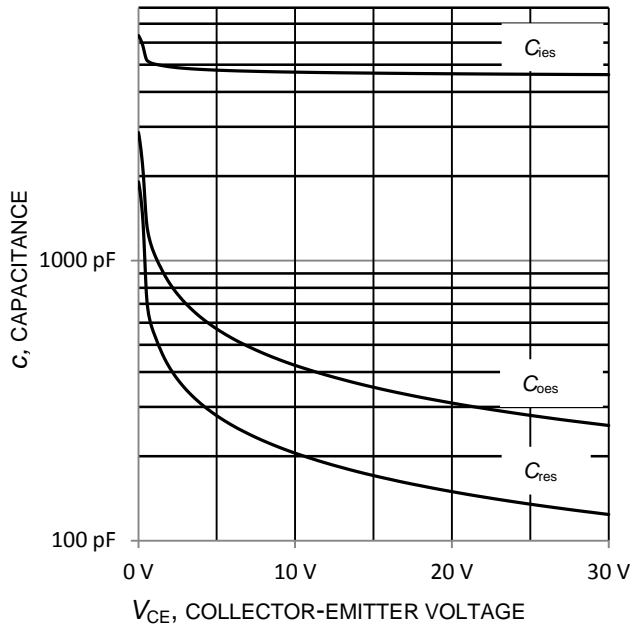
**Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature**  
 (inductive load,  $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C = 75\text{A}$ ,  $R_G = 5\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



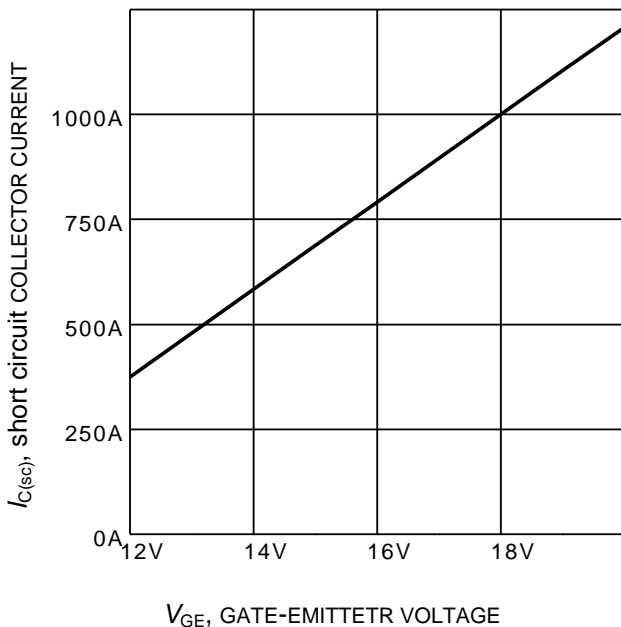
**Figure 16. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector emitter voltage**  
 (inductive load,  $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C = 75\text{A}$ ,  $R_G = 5\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



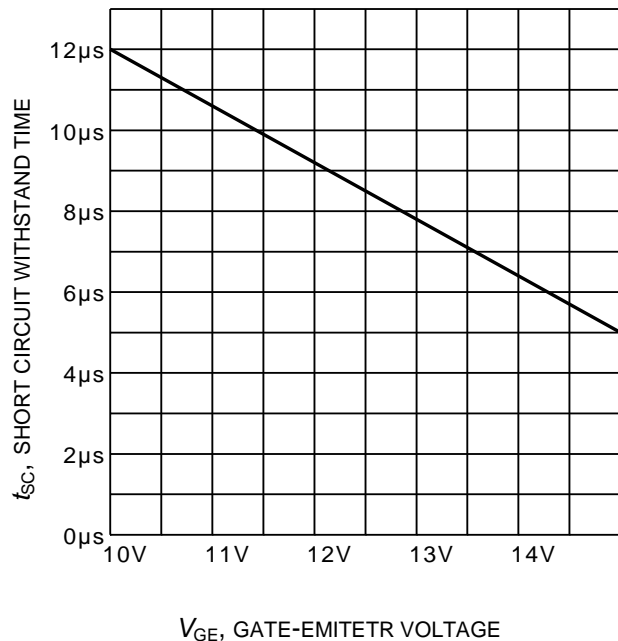
**Figure 17. Typical gate charge**  
( $I_C=75\text{ A}$ )



**Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage**  
( $V_{GE}=0\text{V}$ ,  $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ )

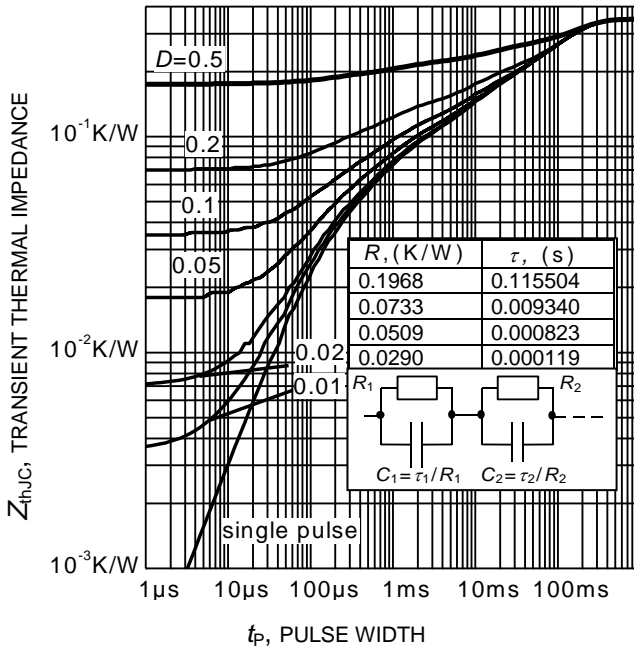


**Figure 19. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage**  
( $V_{CE} \leq 400\text{V}$ ,  $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ )

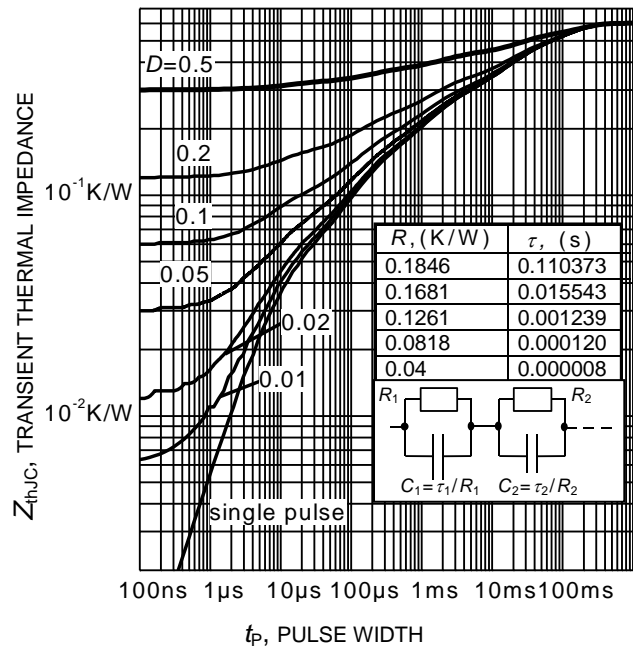


**Figure 20. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage**  
( $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ , start at  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $T_{Jmax}<150^\circ\text{C}$ )

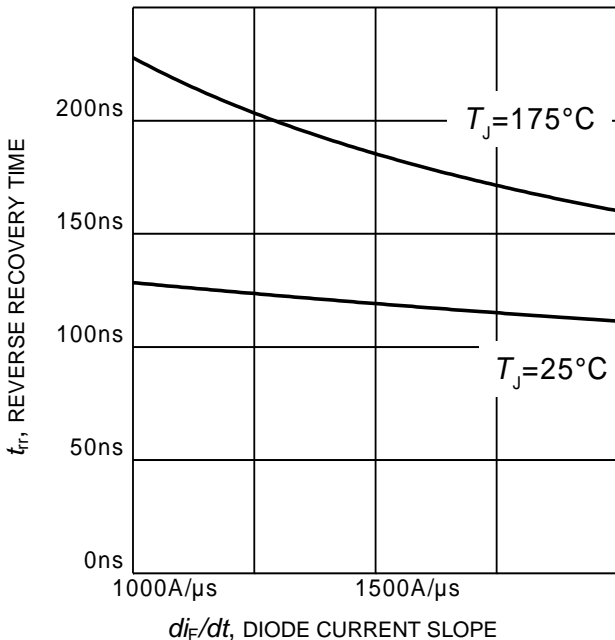




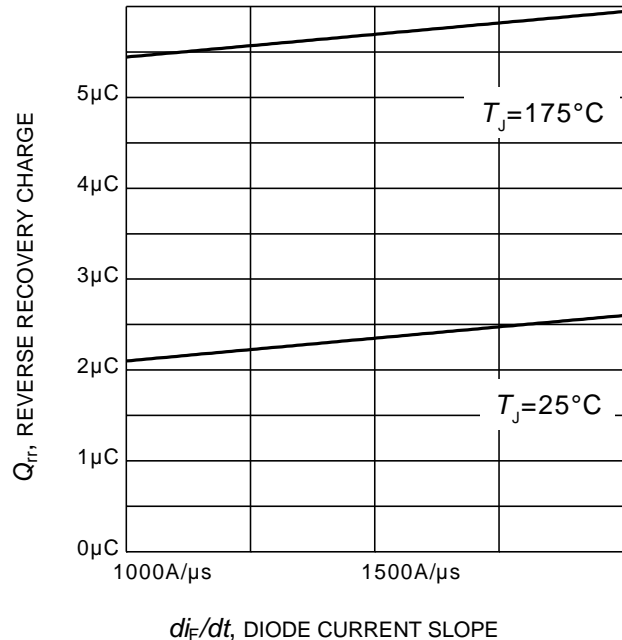
**Figure 21. IGBT transient thermal impedance**  
( $D = t_p / T$ )



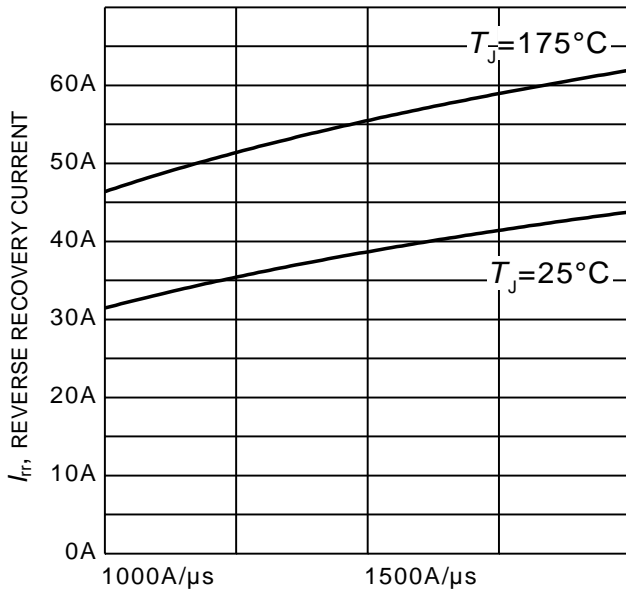
**Figure 22. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**  
( $D = t_p / T$ )



**Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope**  
( $V_R = 400V$ ,  $I_F = 75A$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



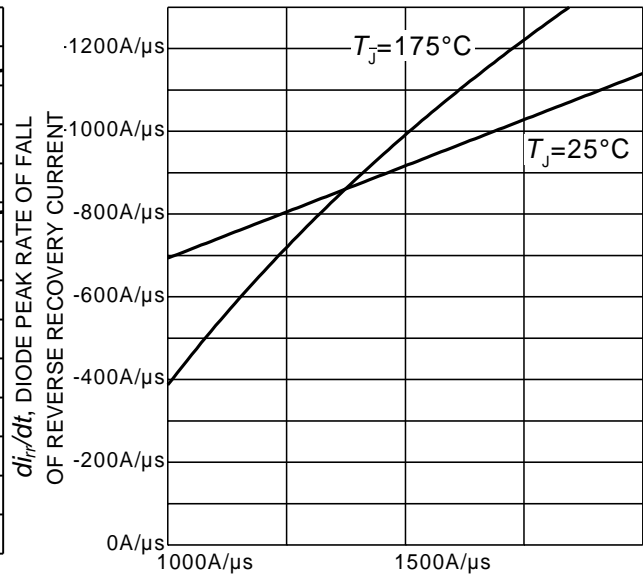
**Figure 24. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope**  
( $V_R = 400V$ ,  $I_F = 75A$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



$di_F/dt$ , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE

**Figure 25. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope**

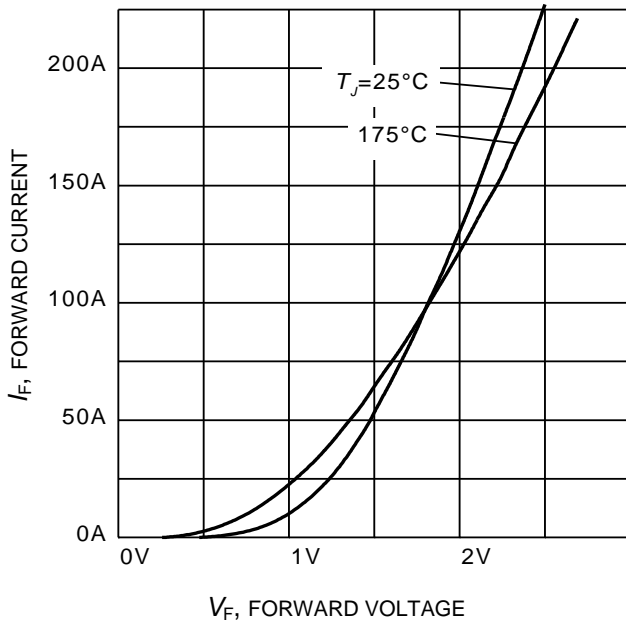
( $V_R = 400V$ ,  $I_F = 75A$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



$di_F/dt$ , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE

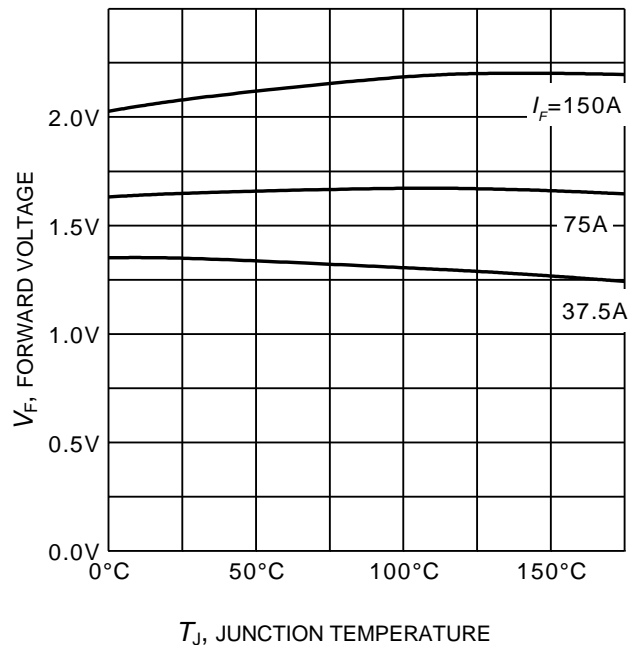
**Figure 26. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope**

( $V_R = 400V$ ,  $I_F = 75A$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



$V_F$ , FORWARD VOLTAGE

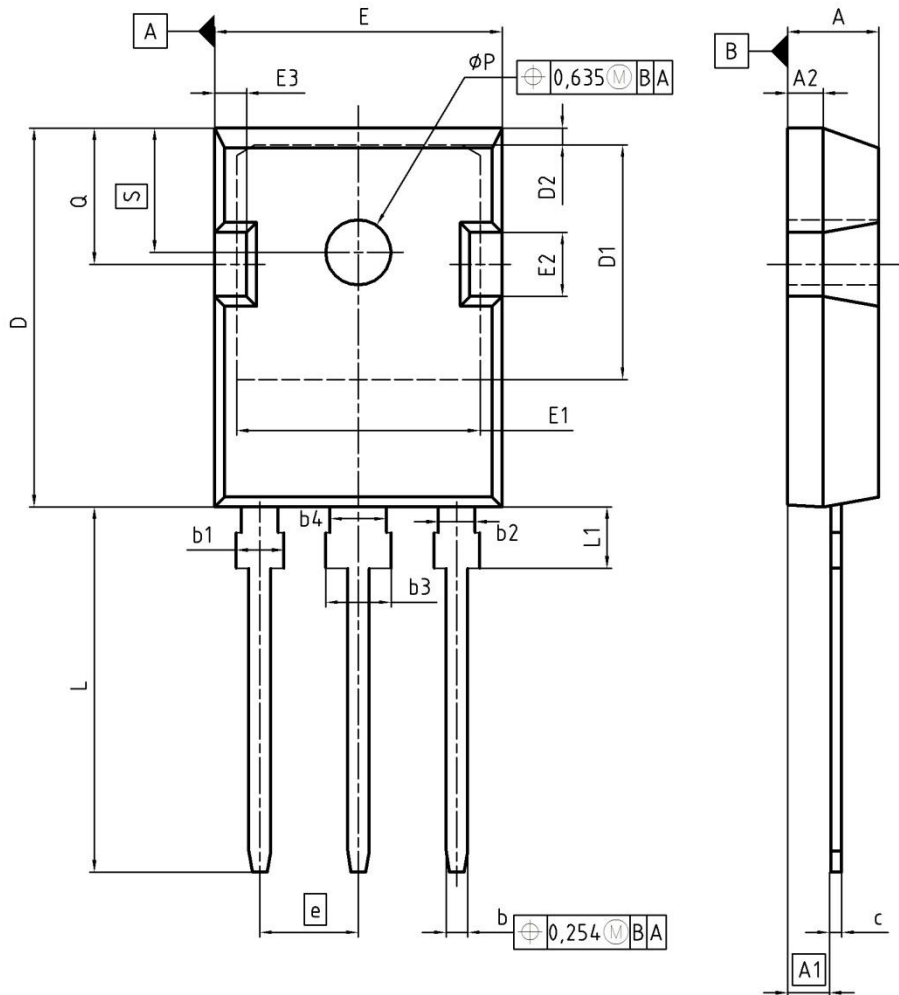
**Figure 27. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage**



$T_J$ , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

**Figure 28. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature**

### PG-TO247-3



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.90	5.16	0.193	0.203
A1	2.27	2.53	0.089	0.099
A2	1.85	2.11	0.073	0.083
b	1.07	1.33	0.042	0.052
b1	1.90	2.41	0.075	0.095
b2	1.90	2.16	0.075	0.085
b3	2.87	3.38	0.113	0.133
b4	2.87	3.13	0.113	0.123
c	0.55	0.68	0.022	0.027
D	20.82	21.10	0.820	0.831
D1	16.25	17.65	0.640	0.695
D2	1.05	1.35	0.041	0.053
E	15.70	16.03	0.618	0.631
E1	13.10	14.15	0.516	0.557
E2	3.68	5.10	0.145	0.201
E3	1.68	2.60	0.066	0.102
e	5.44		0.214	
N	3		3	
L	19.80	20.31	0.780	0.799
L1	4.17	4.47	0.164	0.176
$\phi P$	3.50	3.70	0.138	0.146
Q	5.49	6.00	0.216	0.236
S	6.04	6.30	0.238	0.248

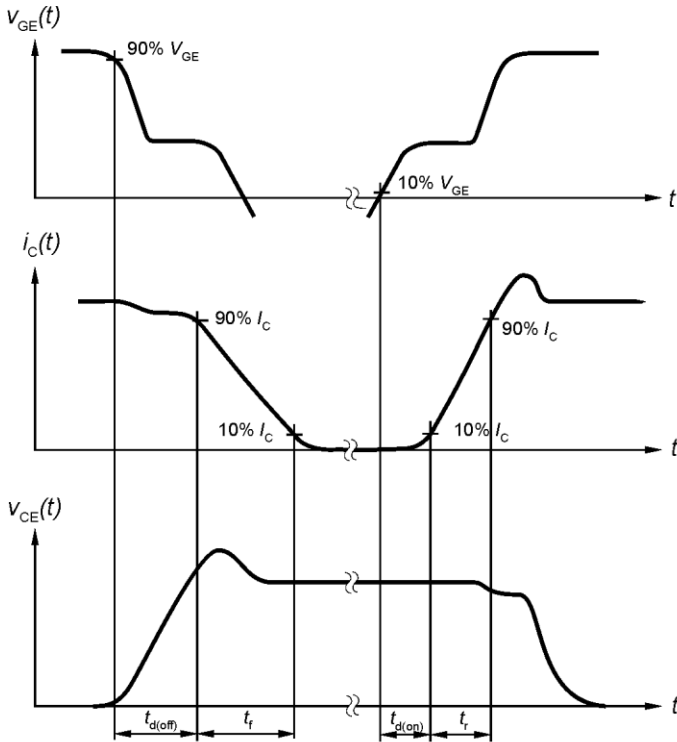
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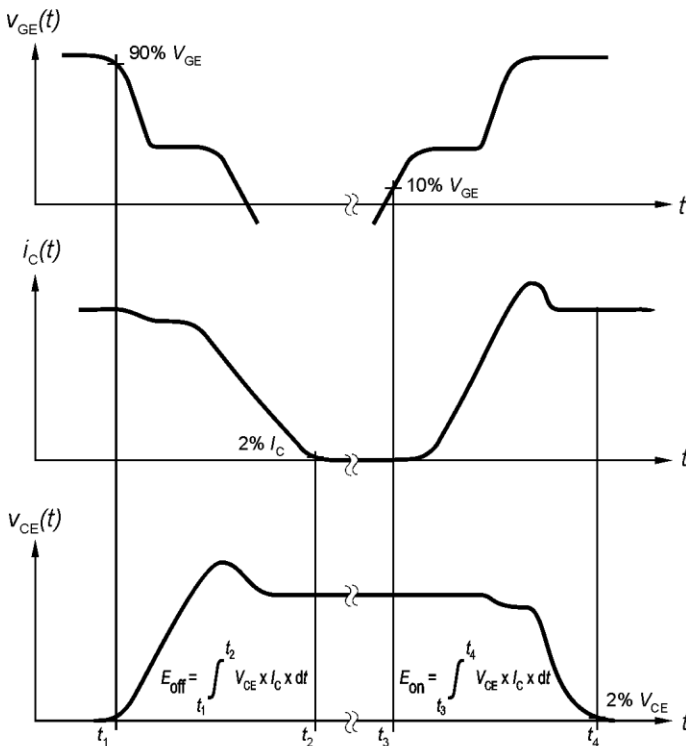
EUROPEAN PROJECTION

ISSUE DATE  
17-12-2007

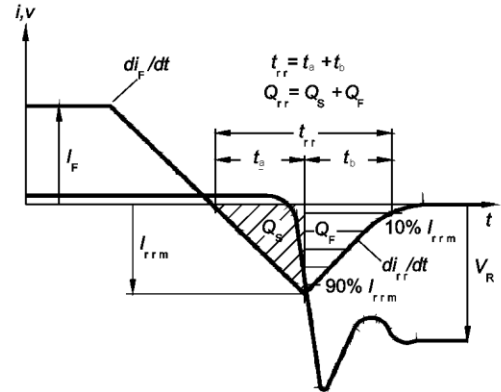
REVISION  
03



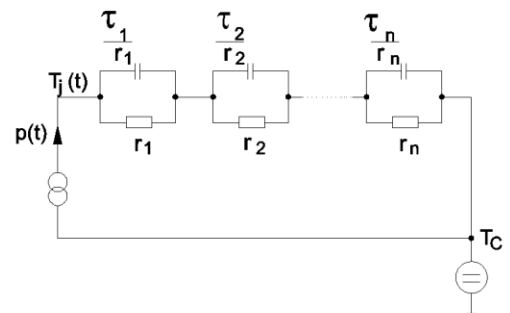
**Figure A. Definition of switching times**



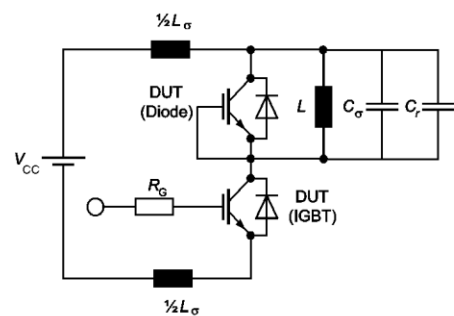
**Figure B. Definition of switching losses**



**Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics**



**Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit**



**Figure E. Dynamic test circuit**  
 Parasitic inductance  $L_\sigma$ ,  
 Parasitic capacitor  $C_\sigma$ ,  
 Relief capacitor  $C_r$   
 (only for ZVT switching)

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**Revision History**

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IKW75N60TA

**Revision: 2014-07-14, Rev. 2.3**

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Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
1.1	2012-06-04	Preliminary datasheet
2.1	2012-06-29	Release of final datasheet
2.2	2013-08-14	Update minor changes
2.2a	2014-01-28	Parameters and Package Drawing according to Rev. 2.1
2.3		Correction of Fig14 and Fig18

**Published by**  
**Infineon Technologies AG**  
**81726 Munich, Germany**  
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**Information**

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office ([www.infineon.com](http://www.infineon.com)).

**Warnings**

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

The Infineon Technologies component described in this Data Sheet may be used in life-support devices or systems and/or automotive, aviation and aerospace applications or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support, automotive, aviation and aerospace device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.