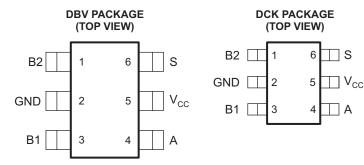
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# SINGLE-POLE DOUBLE-THROW ANALOG SWITCH

### **FEATURES**

- Qualified for Automotive Applications
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model (C = 200 pF, R = 0)
- 1.65-V to 5.5-V V<sub>CC</sub> Operation
- Useful for Both Analog and Digital Applications
- Specified Break-Before-Make Switching

- Rail-to-Rail Signal Handling
- . High Degree of Linearity
- High Speed, Typically 0.5 ns (V<sub>CC</sub> = 3 V, C<sub>L</sub> = 50 pF)
- Low On-State Resistance, Typically  $\approx$ 6  $\Omega$  (V<sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V)
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II



See mechanical drawings for dimensions.

#### DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION

This single-pole double-throw (SPDT) analog switch is designed for 1.65-V to 5.5-V  $V_{CC}$  operation.

The SN74LVC1G3157 can handle both analog and digital signals. The device permits signals with amplitudes of up to V<sub>CC</sub> (peak) to be transmitted in either direction.

Applications include signal gating, chopping, modulation or demodulation (modem), and signal multiplexing for analog-to-digital and digital-to-analog conversion systems.

#### ORDERING INFORMATION<sup>(1)</sup>

T <sub>A</sub>	PACKAGE	(2)	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
–40°C to 125°C	SOT (SOT-23) – DBV	Reel of 3000	1P1G3157QDBVRQ1	CC50
-40 C to 125 C	SOT (SC-70) - DCK	Reel of 3000	1P1G3157QDCKRQ1	C50

<sup>(1)</sup> For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at www.ti.com.

#### **FUNCTION TABLE**

CONTROL INPUTS	ON CHANNEL				
L	B1				
Н	B2				

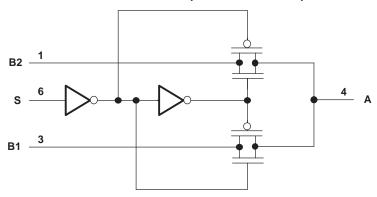


Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

<sup>(2)</sup> Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging.



## **LOGIC DIAGRAM (POSITIVE LOGIC)**



## Absolute Maximum Ratings(1)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT	
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage range (2)		-0.5	6.5	V	
V <sub>IN</sub>	Control input voltage range (2)(3)	-0.5	6.5	V		
V <sub>I/O</sub>	Switch I/O voltage range (2)(3)(4)(5)					
I <sub>IK</sub>	Control input clamp current	V <sub>IN</sub> < 0		-50	mA	
$I_{IOK}$	I/O port diode current	V <sub>I/O</sub> < 0		-50	mA	
I <sub>I/O</sub>	On-state switch current	$V_{I/O} = 0 \text{ to } V_{CC}^{(6)}$		±128	mA	
	Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		±100	mA		
0	Deckage thermal impedance (7)	DBV package		165	°C/W	
$\theta_{JA}$	Package thermal impedance <sup>(7)</sup>	DCK package		258	C/VV	
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C	

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.

The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

This value is limited to 5.5 V maximum.

 $V_{I},\,V_{O},\,V_{A},\,$  and  $V_{Bn}$  are used to denote specific conditions for  $V_{I/O}.$ (<del>5</del>)

 $I_{\parallel}$ ,  $I_{\odot}$ ,  $I_{A}$ , and  $I_{Bn}$  are used to denote specific conditions for  $I_{\parallel/\odot}$ . The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.



# Recommended Operating Conditions<sup>(1)</sup>

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>			1.65	5.5	V
V <sub>I/O</sub>		0	$V_{CC}$	V	
V <sub>IN</sub>			0	5.5	V
V	High level input voltage, control input	$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	$V_{CC} \times 0.75$		V
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage, control input	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	$V_{CC} \times 0.7$		V
V	Low level input voltage, control input	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		$V_{\text{CC}} \times 0.25$	V
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage, control input	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$		$V_{\text{CC}}\times 0.3$	V
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$		20	
Δt/Δν	Input transition via a /fall time	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		20	0.4
ΔυΔν	Input transition rise/fall time	$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		10	ns/V
			10		
T <sub>A</sub>			-40	125	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> All unused inputs of the device must be held at  $V_{CC}$  or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.



### **Electrical Characteristics**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TES	T CONDITIONS		V <sub>CC</sub>	MIN TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	UNIT		
				V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V,	$I_O = 4 \text{ mA}$	1.65 V	11	20			
				$V_I = 1.65 V$ ,	$I_O = -4 \text{ mA}$	1.05 V	15	50			
				$V_I = 0 V$ ,	$I_O = 8 \text{ mA}$	2.3 V	8	12			
				$V_{I} = 2.3 V$ ,	$I_O = -8 \text{ mA}$	2.3 V	11	30			
r <sub>on</sub>	On-state switch resistance	e <sup>(2)</sup>	See Figure 1 and Figure 2	$V_I = 0 V$ ,	$I_O = 24 \text{ mA}$	3 V	7	9.5	Ω		
			Januari igana L	$V_I = 3 V$ ,	$I_O = -24 \text{ mA}$	3 V	9	20			
				$V_I = 0 V$ ,	$I_O = 30 \text{ mA}$		6	7.5			
				$V_1 = 2.4 V$ ,	$I_O = -30 \text{ mA}$	4.5 V	7	12			
				$V_1 = 4.5$ ,	$I_O = -30 \text{ mA}$		7	15			
					$I_A = -4 \text{ mA}$	1.65 V		140			
_	On-state switch resistance	e	$0 \le V_{Bn} \le V_{CC}$		$I_A = -8 \text{ mA}$	2.3 V		45	0		
r <sub>range</sub>	over signal range (2)(3)		(see Figure 1 and Figure 2) $I_A = -24$			3 V		18	Ω		
					$I_A = -30 \text{ mA}$	4.5 V		10			
				V <sub>Bn</sub> = 1.15 V,	$I_A = -4 \text{ mA}$	1.65 V	0.5				
۸۰	Difference in on-state resistance between		See Figure 1	V <sub>Bn</sub> = 1.6 V,	$I_A = -8 \text{ mA}$	2.3 V	0.1		Ω		
Δr <sub>on</sub>	switches (2)(4)(5)		See Figure 1	$V_{Bn} = 2.1 V$ ,	$I_A = -24 \text{ mA}$	3 V	0.1		32		
				$V_{Bn} = 3.15 \text{ V},$	$I_A = -30 \text{ mA}$	4.5 V	0.1				
				$I_A = -4 \text{ mA}$	1.65 V	110					
_	On-state resistance		0 < 1/ < 1/	$I_A = -8 \text{ mA}$	2.3 V	26		Ω			
r <sub>on(flat)</sub>	flatness (2)(4)(6)		$0 \le V_{Bn} \le V_{CC}$ $I_{A} = -24 \text{ r}$			3 V	9		\$2		
				4.5 V	4						
I <sub>off</sub> <sup>(7)</sup>	Off state quitab leakage	ou we ont	0 < \/ \/ < \/ \/ \( \)	o Figure 2)		1.65 V		±1	^		
loff` ′	Off-state switch leakage	current	$0 \le V_I, V_O \le V_{CC}$ (se	ee rigure 3)		to 5.5 V	±0.05	±1 <sup>(1)</sup>	μΑ		
	On state quitab leakage	ourront	V – V – or CND V	_ Open (eee [	iguro 4)	5.5 V		±1	^		
I <sub>S(on)</sub>	On-state switch leakage	current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND, $V_I$	o = Open (see r	rigure 4)	5.5 V		±0.1 <sup>(1)</sup>	μΑ		
	Control input ourrent		061/61/			0 V		±1	^		
I <sub>IN</sub>	Control input current		$0 \le V_{IN} \le V_{CC}$			to 5.5 V	±0.05	±1 <sup>(1)</sup>	μΑ		
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply current		$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND			5.5 V	1	10	μΑ		
$\Delta I_{CC}$	Supply-current change		$V_{IN} = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}$	5.5 V	_	500	μΑ				
C <sub>in</sub>	Control input capacitance	s				5 V	2.7		pF		
C <sub>io(off)</sub>	Switch input/output capacitance	Bn				5 V	5.2		pF		
C	Switch input/output	Bn				5 V	17.3		nE		
C <sub>io(on)</sub>	capacitance	Α				5 V	17.3		pF		

<sup>(1)</sup>  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 

<sup>(2)</sup> Measured by the voltage drop between I/O pins at the indicated current through the switch. On-state resistance is determined by the lower of the voltages on the two (A or B) ports.

Specified by design

 <sup>(4)</sup> Δr<sub>on</sub> = r<sub>on(max)</sub> - r<sub>on(min)</sub> measured at identical V<sub>CC</sub>, temperature, and voltage levels
 (5) This parameter is characterized, but not tested in production.

Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum values of on-state resistance over the specified range of (6)

<sup>(7)</sup>  $I_{\text{off}}$  is the same as  $I_{\text{S(off)}}$  (off-state switch leakage current).



## **Analog Switch Characteristics**

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub>	TYP	UNIT
				1.65 V	300	
Frequency response	A = " D=	D A	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ ,	2.3 V	300	MHz
(switch on) <sup>(1)</sup>	A or Bn	Bn or A	f <sub>in</sub> = sine wave (see Figure 6)	3 V	300	IVIHZ
			,	4.5 V	300	
				1.65 V	-54	dB
Crosstalk (between switches) <sup>(2)</sup>	B1 or B2	B2 or B1	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ ,	2.3 V	-54	
	B1 Of B2		f <sub>in</sub> = 10 MHz (sine wave) (see Figure 7)	3 V	-54	
				4.5 V	-54	
				1.65 V	-57	dB
Feedthrough attenuation		Bn or A	$C_L = 5 \text{ pF}, R_L = 50 \Omega,$	2.3 V	-57	
(switch off) (2)	A or Bn		f <sub>in</sub> = 10 MHz (sine wave) (see Figure 8)	3 V	-57	
				4.5 V	-57	
Charac inication (3)		^	$C_1 = 0.1 \text{ nF}, R_1 = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$	3.3 V	3	-0
Charge injection (3)	S	Α	(see Figure 9)	5 V	7	рC
			V 0.5.Vn n D 600.O	1.65 V	0.1	%
Total harmania diatartias	A or Do	Do or A	$V_I = 0.5 \text{ Vp-p}, R_L = 600 \Omega,$ $f_{in} = 600 \text{ Hz to } 20 \text{ kHz}$	2.3 V	0.025	
Total harmonic distortion	A or Bn	Bn or A	(sine wave)	3 V	0.015	
			(see Figure 10)	4.5 V	0.01	

<sup>(1)</sup> Adjust  $f_{in}$  voltage to obtain 0 dBm at output. Increase  $f_{in}$  frequency until dB meter reads -3 dB.

## **Switching Characteristics**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 5 and Figure 11)

PARAMETER	FROM	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CC</sub> = ± 0.1	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V 3 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V		UNIT
	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>pd</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	A or Bn	Bn or A		2		1.2		0.8		0.3	ns
t <sub>en</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	S	Do	7	24	3.5	14	2.5	7.6	1.7	5.7	
t <sub>dis</sub> (3)	3	Bn	3	13	2	7.5	1.5	5.3	0.8	3.8	ns
t <sub>B-M</sub> (4)			0.5		0.5		0.5		0.5		ns

<sup>(1)</sup> t<sub>pd</sub> is the slower of t<sub>PLH</sub> or t<sub>PHL</sub>. Propagation delay is the calculated RC time constant of the typical on-state resistance of the switch and the specified load capacitance when driven by an ideal voltage source (zero output impedance).

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<sup>(2)</sup> Adjust fin voltage to obtain 0 dBm at input.

<sup>(3)</sup> Specified by design

<sup>(2)</sup> t<sub>en</sub> is the slower of t<sub>PZL</sub> or t<sub>PZH</sub>.

<sup>(3)</sup>  $t_{dis}$  is the slower of  $t_{PLZ}$  or  $t_{PHZ}$ .

<sup>(4)</sup> Specified by design



## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

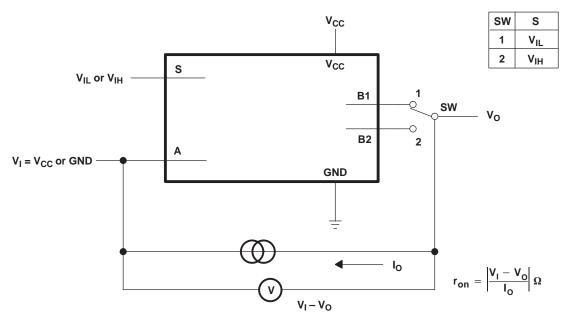


Figure 1. On-State Resistance Test Circuit

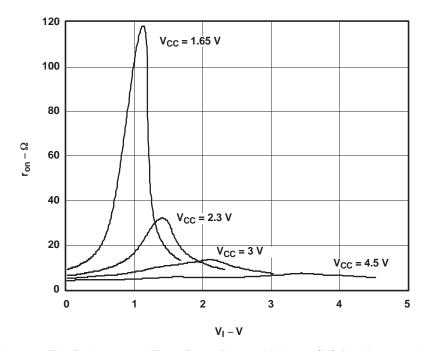
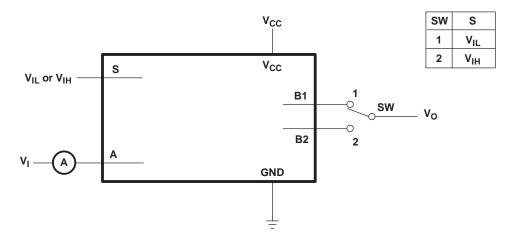


Figure 2. Typical  $r_{on}$  as a Function of Input Voltage (V<sub>I</sub>) for  $V_{I} = 0$  to  $V_{CC}$ 





Condition 1:  $V_I = GND$ ,  $V_O = V_{CC}$ Condition 2:  $V_I = V_{CC}$ ,  $V_O = GND$ 

Figure 3. Off-State Switch Leakage-Current Test Circuit

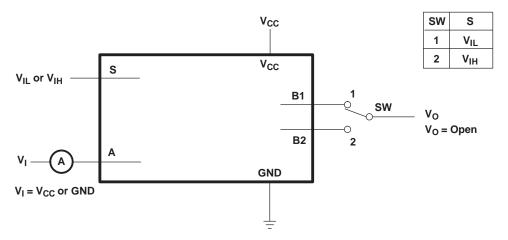
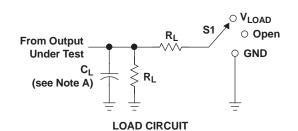


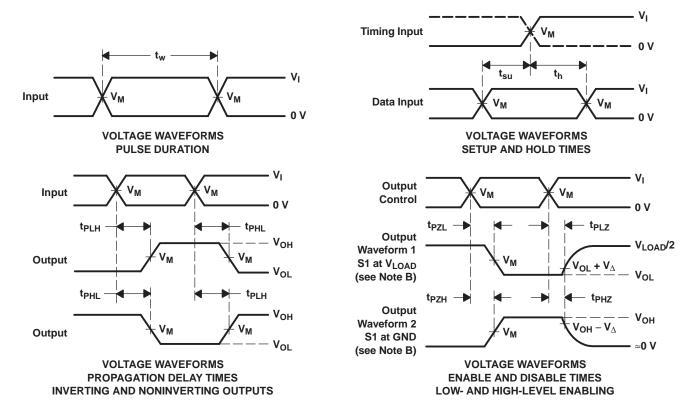
Figure 4. On-State Switch Leakage-Current Test Circuit





TEST	S1
t <sub>PLH</sub> /t <sub>PHL</sub>	Open
t <sub>PLZ</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub>	$V_{LOAD}$
t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PZH</sub>	GND

V	INI	PUTS	V	V		Б	V
V <sub>CC</sub>	VI	t <sub>r</sub> /t <sub>f</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>LOAD</sub>	CL	R <sub>L</sub>	$V_{\Delta}$
1.8 V $\pm$ 0.15 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤2 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2×V <sub>CC</sub>	50 pF	500 Ω	0.3 V
2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤2 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2×V <sub>CC</sub>	50 pF	500 Ω	0.3 V
3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤2.5 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2×V <sub>CC</sub>	50 pF	500 Ω	0.3 V
5 V $\pm$ 0.5 V	$v_{cc}$	≤2.5 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2×V <sub>CC</sub>	50 pF	500 Ω	0.3 V



NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ .
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
- F.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .
- G.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .
- H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 5. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



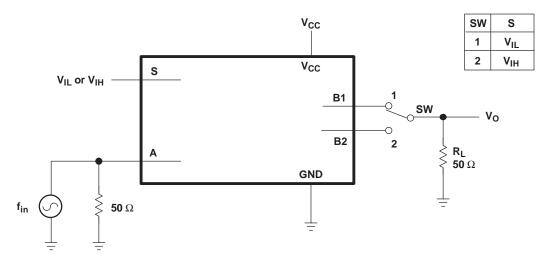


Figure 6. Frequency Response (Switch On)

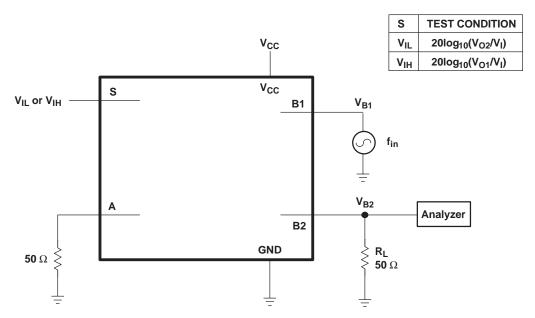


Figure 7. Crosstalk (Between Switches)



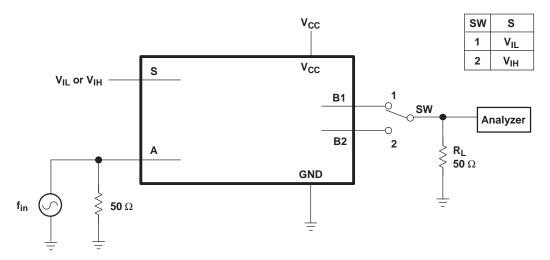


Figure 8. Feedthrough

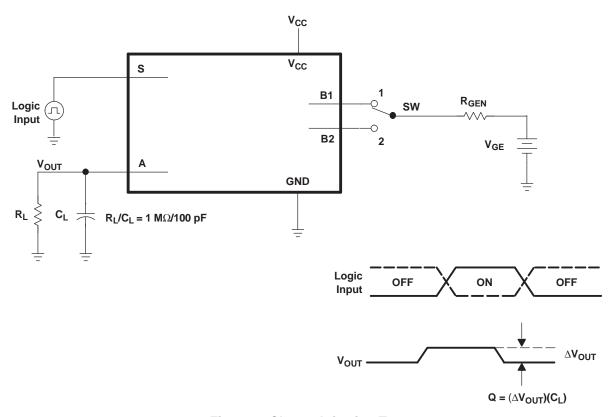


Figure 9. Charge-Injection Test



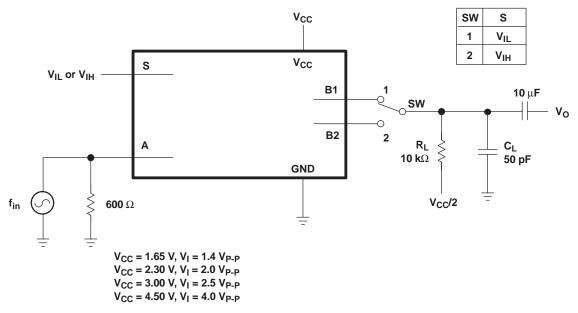


Figure 10. Total Harmonic Distortion

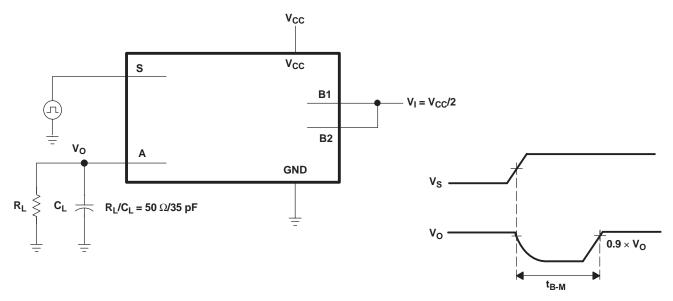


Figure 11. Break-Before-Make Internal Timing





11-Apr-2013

#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Top-Side Markings	Samples
1P1G3157QDBVRQ1	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	CC5O	Samples
1P1G3157QDCKRQ1	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	C5O	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free** (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) Multiple Top-Side Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Top-Side Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Top-Side Marking for that device.

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#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74LVC1G3157-Q1:



# **PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM**

11-Apr-2013

• Catalog: SN74LVC1G3157

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NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

• Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 14-Mar-2013

## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

## QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
1P1G3157QDBVRQ1	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
1P1G3157QDCKRQ1	SC70	DCK	6	3000	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3

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#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
1P1G3157QDBVRQ1	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	203.0	203.0	35.0
1P1G3157QDCKRQ1	SC70	DCK	6	3000	203.0	203.0	35.0

# DBV (R-PDSO-G6)

# PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. Leads 1,2,3 may be wider than leads 4,5,6 for package orientation.
- Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AB, except minimum lead width.



# DBV (R-PDSO-G6)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



# DCK (R-PDSO-G6)

# PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-203 variation AB.



# DCK (R-PDSO-G6)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



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